The New-York Times.

VOL. XIII.—NO. 4068. NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1864. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Desperate Speech by Jeff. Davis at Macon.

Two-thirds of the Rebel Army Absent Without Leave.

HE SAYS SHERMAN MUST BE CRUSHED.

HOOD'S ARMY RESUMING THE OFFENSIVE.

Rebel Accounts of Operations Around Richmond.

LEE TOO WEAK TO HOLD HIS LINES.

Piteous Call for Reinforcements.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Oct. 6.

The following speech, made by JEFFERSON DAVIS at Macon, Ga., Sept. 23, 1864, is extracted from the columns of the *Daily Macon Telegraph & Confederate* of Sept. 24:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, FRIENDS AND FELLOW-CITIZENS: It would have gladdened my heart to have met you in prosperity instead of adversity. But friends are drawn together in adversity. The son of a Georgian, who fought through the first Revolution, I would be untrue to myself if I should forget the State in her day of peril. What though misfortune has befallen our arms from Decatur to Jonesboro, our cause is not lost. SHERMAN cannot keep up his long line of communication and retreat. Sooner or later he must; and when that day comes the fate that befel the army of the French Empire in its retreat from Moscow will be reacted. Our cavalry and our people will harrass and destroy his army as did the Cossacks that of NAPOLEON; and the Yankee General, like him, will escape with only a body guard. How can this be the most speedily effected? By the absentees of HOOD's army returning to their posts; and will they not? Can they see the banished exiles; can they hear the wail of their suffering countrywomen and children and not come? By what influences they are made to stay away it is not necessary to speak. If there is one who will stay away at this hour he is unworthy of the name of Georgian. To the women no appeal is necessary. They are like the Spartan mothers of old. I know of one who has lost all her sons, except one of 8 years. She wrote that she wanted me to reserve a place for him in the ranks. The venerable Gen. POLK, to whom I read the letter, knew that woman well, and said it was characteristic of her; but I will not weary you by turning aside to relate the various incidents of giving up the last son to the cause of our country, known to me. Wherever we go we find the hearts and hands of our noble women enlisted. They are seen wherever the eye may fall or the step turn. They have one duty to perform; to buoy up the hearts of our people. I know the deep disgrace felt by Georgia at our army falling back from Dalton to the interior of the State. But I was not of those who considered Atlanta lost when our army crossed the Chattahoochee. I resolved that it should not, and I then put a man in command who I knew would strike a manly blow for the city, and many a Yankee's blood was made to nourish the soil before the prize was won. It does not become us to revert to disaster. Let the dead bury the dead. Let us, with one arm and one effort, endeavor to crush SHERMAN. I am going to the army to confer with our Generals. The end must be the defeat of our enemy. It has been said that I abandoned Georgia to her fate. Shame upon such falsehood. Where could the author have been when WALKER, when POLK, and when Gen. STEPHEN D. LEE was sent to her assistance. Miserable man. The man who uttered this was a scoundrel. He was not a man to save our country. If I knew that a General did not possess the right qualities to command, would I not be wrong if he was not removed? Why, when our army was falling back from Northern Georgia, I even heard that I had sent BRAGG with pontoons to cross it to Cuba. But we must be charitable. The man who can speculate ought to be made to take up his musket. When the war is over and our independence won,—and we will establish our independence—who will be our aristocracy? I hope the limping soldier. To the young ladies I would say that when choosing between an empty sleeve and the man who had remained at home and grown rich, always take the empty sleeve. Let the old men remain at home and make bread. But should they know of any young man keeping away from the service, who cannot be made to go any other way, let them write to the Executive. I read all letters sent me from the people, but have not the time to reply to them. You have not many men between eighteen and forty-five left. The boys, God bless the boys, are as rapidly as they become old enough going to the field. The City of Macon is filled with stores, sick and wounded. It must not be abandoned when threatened, but when the enemy come, instead of calling upon HOOD's army for defence, the old men must fight, and when the enemy is driven beyond Chattanooga, they too can join in the general rejoicing. Your prisoners are kept as a sort of Yankee capital. I have heard that one of their Generals said that their exchange would defeat SHERMAN. I have tried every means, conceded everything to effect an exchange, but to no purpose. BUTLER, the beast, with whom no Commissioner of Exchange would hold intercourse, had published in the newspapers that if we would consent to the exchange of negroes, all difficulties might be removed. This is reported as an effort of his to get himself whitewashed by holding intercourse with gentlemen. If an exchange could be effected, I don't know but that I might be induced to recognize BUTLER. But in the future every effort will be given, as far as possible, to effect the end. We want our soldiers in the field, and we want the sick and wounded to return home. It is not proper for me to speak of the number of men in the field, but this I will say, that two-thirds of our men are absent, some sick, some wounded, but most of them absent without leave. The man who repents and goes back to his commander voluntarily, appeals strongly to executive clemency. But suppose he stays away until the war is over, and his comrades return home, and when every man's history will be told, where will he shield himself. It is upon these reflections that I rely to make men return to their duty, but after conferring with our Generals at headquarters, if there be any other remedy it shall be applied. I love my friends, and I forgive my enemies. I have been asked to send reinforcements from Virginia to Georgia. In Virginia the disparity in numbers is just as great as it is in Georgia. Then I have been asked why the army sent to the Shenandoah Valley was not sent here. It was because an army of the enemy had penetrated that valley to the very gates of Lynchburgh, and Gen. EARLY was sent to drive them back. This he not only successfully did, but, crossing the Potomac, came well nigh capturing Washington itself, and forced GRANT to send two corps of his army to protect it. This the enemy denominated a raid. If so, SHERMAN's march into Georgia is a raid. What would prevent them now if EARLY was withdrawn from taking Lynchburgh, and putting a complete cordon of men around Richmond. I counselled with that great and grave soldier, Gen. LEE, upon all these points. My mind roamed over the whole field. With this we can succeed. If one-half the men now absent without leave, will return to duty, we can defeat the enemy. With that hope I am going to the front. I may not realize this hope, but I know there are men there who have looked death in the face too often to despond now. Let no one despond. Let no one distrust, and remember that if genius is the beau ideal, hope is the reality.

PRESIDENT DAVIS' SPEECH AT MACON.

From the Charleston Mercury.

We make no comments upon this speech; but we cannot refrain from expressing our profound regret that such a speech should have been said to have been delivered by the Chief Magistrate of the Confederate States, for we cannot make up our minds that he delivered it. We hope speedily to be able to deny its authenticity.

THE ATTACK ON RICHMOND.

From the Richmond Examiner, Oct. 4.

Though the late movement of the enemy on the northern side of the James was sudden, it had been long mysteriously intimated by the press of New-York that a plan was in preparation which would certainly result in the capture of Richmond. Never did mountain in labor bring forth such a mouse. It did not reach the dignity of absolute failure. Instead of Richmond, the enemy got Battery Harrison. This is a battery a mile beyond Chaffin's Farm, the outer or third line of the fortifications around Richmond. It is in no wise essential to the strength of any other battery. It was fortified chiefly because it was a strong and inviting position in the neighborhood. There is no doubt about its natural strength. Three or four hundred men with cannon could easily hold it against several thousand, provided always that they were LEE's veterans—men who were accustomed to battle—and not troops whose whole military education consisted in the evolutions of the parade-ground or the garrison. Even beyond Battery Harrison we learn there was a line of slight defences held by two hundred and fifty men, stretching across the country from Signal Hill to Newmarket. On Thursday morning the enemy having brought over some twenty-five or thirty thousand men, advanced on the line. It was impossible, and indeed it was not intended that this small number of men should withstand such an advance. They retreated on the neighboring fortifications. The enemy then charged rapidly up to Battery Harrison. Had the troops in that battery, even though they were only three hundred, done the duty which was expected of them, the battery would never have been lost, and many a gallant life thrown away in an unavailing attempt to retake it would have been saved. We regret that information obtained from a trustworthy source does not lead to the belief that the duty was performed. Some superior officers and thirty or forty men who had retreated to the battery from the outer works just mentioned, fought as well as they could when abandoned by the rest, but were compelled to retire after most of the officers had been wounded or had their horses shot. The men whose business it was to hold the place having disappeared, the battery and several cannon fell, with little or no bloodshed, into the hands of the enemy. The assaulting column did not halt. The next attack was made on a small redan, without name, between Fort Gilmer and Battery Harrison. This attack was easily repulsed. Perhaps it was not made with persistent intention. The grand assault was directed to a more important point—to Fort Gilmer—close on Chaffin's farm. It was delivered with energy, was met with firmness, and the result was a bloody repulse of the enemy. The loss on our side was little or nothing, as our men were well protected by the works, but the assaulting column left five hundred dead bodies on the field, after taking off their wounded. Twenty-five were killed in the moat or ditch of the fort. This repulse put a conclusion to the active operations of the enemy, with the exception of two attempts to turn our works on the east by columns of cavalry. Perhaps the Yankees had been persuaded that the guns of the fortifications were only Quaker. If so, he was abundantly furnished with proof of his mistake on Friday, by the shells which fell in his track wherever he moved. But important steps were not taken on our side. Battery Harrison, though not necessary to the defence of the neighboring lines, was a loss too mortifying to be left without a struggle to redeem it. The troops in the neighborhood were hastily concentrated, and on Friday two attempts were made to recover the post. The configuration of the soil enabled our column to advance within a hundred yards without much exposure, and strong hopes were entertained of success; but both assaults failed. The first is said to have been a baulk or blunder upon all sides, and was in fact no assault at all, as the men did not go under fire. The second attempt is also reported to have failed because of orders not delivered in time, and consequent want of concert between the column and its supports. But we suspect that the truth was, it failed simply because of the immense disproportion of numbers on the ground. Our loss was small, though larger than what was stated in the paper the next day. We suppose no further effort will be made to recover the place, as we hear that our lines have been straightened, so as to leave the salient point, of which this battery was the apex, beyond our works. Strong fortifications were thrown up in the night on new lines, and no sudden advance of the enemy from that direction is now believed possible. Meantime the enemy himself seems to be content with the worthless acquisition. It is even said that some part of the force which accomplished it have already returned to the south side. What must we think of these events? Is the movement from Dutch Gap or Battery Harrison only a repetition of the stale trick so often employed by GRANT, to weaken our lines around Petersburgh, when intending a fierce assault on the Confederate left? The affirmative view is supported by the fact that he did actually make an important movement on the west of the Weldon road, captured a fort which he still holds, and pushed forward a heavy column for more serious purposes, till he was whipped by HILL and HAMPTON. But we are inclined to think that the present lodgment and strenuous effort of GRANT on the northern side of the James has a far more serious import. From the lesson of four months' duration, which he has received at Petersburgh, he has probably learned that he can never take Richmond by that indirect and complicated plan which he has been pursuing, and it is reasonable that he should return to the shorter and more direct road on the Northern bank of the James. The road from Dutch Gap to this city by Chaffin's farm is the only road on which the enemy has ever met with defeat; it is the only road which they have left untried; it is the only road on which they have gained so considerable a success even as the capture of Battery Harrison; it is the shortest road to Richmond from their base—shorter even than that from York river. Sooner or later the enemy was sure to try it. There is the best reason to believe that he has commenced the trial now. The loss of Battery Harrison will be a blessing to us, if it has, as may be supposed, awakened the Government to the necessity of bringing reinforcements into Richmond without delay, and of strengthening the lines of Chaffin's Farm. Gen. EWELL is one of our most competent and energetic officers. He would have held Signal Hill and Harrison if it were possible; but a General, however able or active, cannot contend against 30,000 men with as many hundred. It is currently reported that he often warned his superiors of the insufficiency of force in that quarter—that his warnings were unheeded is proven by the events of the last few days. But no fatal wound has been inflicted on the defence of Richmond. Only the future is shown. We repeat it is a blessing, not a misfortune, if there is wisdom here. *Let troops be brought to Virginia without delay from anywhere, for Virginia is the pillar of the Confederacy.* At present the lines are secure. *But their safety cannot be fairly left to Lee's present army, which has too great a load on it already. An accession to our forces from some quarter is the sore need of the hour—the hour of final trial which is close at hand.* That some new divisions of good troops should instantly be brought to Richmond, *and that its vast population of negro women and children, who eat up everything, should be sent forthwith away, are the evident and pressing wants of the occasion.*

WAR NEWS.

From the Richmond Examiner, Oct. 4.

Attention is still concentrated on the lines near Chaffin's, but there is nothing of moment to report. It is believed that GRANT has carried a portion of his troops back to the south side, but a strong force remains in the neighborhood of Signal Hill and Fort Harrison. No fighting has occurred since our last issue. Both are working, and each throws occasional shells over the working parties. That was the cannonade heard in the city yesterday. The Yankees are strengthening Battery Harrison. The Confederates have strengthened their lines so as to leave Battery Harrison entirely out of their system of fortifications. It is the general opinion, that the Yankees are about to commence serious operations from the base, which will shortly be gained by the completion of their canal, and will endeavor to dig up to the city from that direction.

FROM PETERSBURG.

From the Richmond Examiner, Oct. 3.

Important events have come to pass on the other end of the long lines. While GRANT was sending a column of twenty-five thousand on Fort Harrison, he was making a similar movement to the west of the Weldon road. There, too, he took a small advanced out-work, and pushed forward his column. But here, as at Fort Gilmer, he was strenuously met and defeated with yet heavier loss. Besides his killed and wounded, which can be estimated only, Generals HILL and HAMPTON give the official information that they have secured nine hundred prisoners, including five colonels. Our loss was very slight. The corps of the enemy who made this dead failure was that of BURNSIDE. Gen. LEE furnishes the following bulletin of the affair:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY NORTHERN VIRGINIA, Oct. 1.

Hon. J. M. Seddon, Secretary of War:

Yesterday evening Gen. HETH attacked the enemy's infantry, who had broken through a portion of the line held by our artillery on the Squirrel Level road, and drove them back.

Gen. HILL reports that they were severely punished, and 400 prisoners captured.

Gen. HAMPTON, operating on Gen. HETH's right, also drove the enemy, capturing two stands of colors and about 500 prisoners, including five colonels and thirteen other officers. R. E. LEE.

The fighting was renewed Saturday with further success on our side, but up to a late hour last night no official report of the result had been received.

We regret to learn that Dr. JOHN FONTAINE, Medical Director of HAMPTON's cavalry is among the slain. Dr. FONTAINE was the son of Col. FONTAINE, President of the Virginia Central railroad Company.

It is reported that the number of prisoners captured Friday and Saturday will exceed fifteen hundred.

The Yankees lost 5,000, killed wounded and prisoners in the fighting of the 30th and 1st, near Petersburgh. Our loss was less than 600.

FROM THE VALLEY.

From the Richmond Examiner, Oct. 3.

Our latest reliable information from the Valley is contained in the following official despatch:

HEADQUARTERS, ARMY NORTHERN VIRGINIA, October 1st, 1864.

Gen. Early reports that all of the enemy's cavalry has retired towards Harrisonburg, and that there is now no enemy south of North river. R. E. LEE.

Whilst the Yankees were in Staunton they destroyed some five hundred setts of new harness and about three hundred packages of tobacco belonging to the Government.

The failure of SHERIDAN to advance beyond Staunton proves that his army was in no condition to follow up the success at Winchester and Fisher's Hill, though a more plausible explanation of his retrograde movement is his unwillingness to risk the laurels he had won, as HUNTER did when he rashly undertook to capture Lynchburgh. SHERIDAN has discovered that he is a hero in the estimation of Yankee editors, and until he has had a grand ovation—the acme of a Yankee General's ambition—he will forego, if possible, another passage of arms with EARLY's reinforced army. We will soon hear of SHERIDAN at Washington, ostensibly on official business, but really to be serenaded and cheered by a big crowd of loafers and "Union shriekers."

ATTEMPT TO RECAPTURE FORT HARRISON.

From the Richmond Examiner, Oct. 3.

We stated in the paper of Saturday that an attempt had been made to retake Fort Harrison, which had failed, but did not amount to a repulse. Later in the day an assault was actually delivered, which was repulsed.

We have since learned that the cause of the failure was a misconstruction of the order fixing the time of assault by one of the division commanders. He ordered his troops to charge the position twenty minutes before the appointed time, and, of course, received the concentrated fire of the enemy. The men displayed great intrepidity, and it is said came near carrying the fort, but were compelled to fall back before the heavy fire. By the time they returned to the cover of the works from which they started, the other column rushed forward at the precise minute prescribed in the order for the assault, and soon encountered the same destructive fire which had repelled the other column. The men seemed animated by a determination to recover the lost position at all hazards, and at one time it was believed that, unsupported as they were, they would succeed in expelling the enemy from the peak, but the fire poured into their ranks at length compelled them to recoil, and finally to fall back to their original line. There seems to be no doubt that the fort could have been re-taken had the forces assigned to the duty acted in concert, as it was designed they should.

The Yankees will, no doubt, greatly magnify the failure of this attempt to retake the fort; and we shall not be surprised at reading in their newspapers the announcement that "the rebels were repulsed with the loss of two thousand men;" but the fact is, that in both assaults we did not lose more than four hundred men, killed and wounded.

EAST TENNESSEE AND SOUTHWESTERN VIRGINIA.

The indication of approaching hostilities in this quarter, alluded to in our last issue, have already been fulfilled. The promise of effectual resistance by our own forces also appears in good way of fulfillment. The following bulletin of Gen. LEE gives all the facts:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY NORTHERN VIRGINIA, October 1, 1864.

Gen. ECHOLS reports that the passage of the Watauga by the enemy was resisted from noon of the 29th till dark on the 30th ultimo. On the Devault road he was routed by Gens. COSBY and DUKE, and driven in the direction of Jonesboro. At Carter's Station he was repulsed by Gen. VAUGHN. Col. DILTNER is operating against the body advancing up the Sandy River. R. E. LEE.

The Watauga is one of the tributaries of the Hoston. The East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad crosses this stream at Carter's Station, twenty miles from Bristol. At this point the enemy were repulsed by Gen. VAUGHN. Another body attempted to cross at the county road, about four miles east of the railroad, and were not only repulsed, but driven toward Jonesboro'. This town is 32 miles southeast of Bristol, on the railroad.

FROM GEORGIA.

It is no longer a secret that our army in Georgia has moved. Some say that it has only crossed the West Point Railroad. Others that it has crossed the Chattahoochee, and is about to strike SHERMAN's rear. We hope more from FORREST than from HOOD at the present time. The telegraph reports that BEAUREGARD is to replace HOOD in chief command; that HOOD is to take HARDEE's corps; that HARDEE is to go to Charleston; but this good news lacks confirmation. Meantime Gen. HOOD has lately made a speech to his troops, promising early battle. Mr. President DAVIS is also on a visit to that army, and is also making speeches to it. We have had no report of them, as we have had of his speech at Macon. How much it is to be regretted that the President does not take along with him, when he goes on these tours, Mr. BENJAMIN, that most excellent artist of words! We might then be proud to publish the President's speeches. There might be some resemblance between the President's speeches and the President's messages.

GEN. FORREST'S OPERATIONS.

Gen. NAPOLEON B. FORREST continues his effective operations upon SHERMAN's communications. Yesterday morning a dispatch was received at the War Department from Gen. TAYLOR, transmitting the following interesting telegraphic report from Gen. FORREST:

NEAR PULASKI, Tenn., Sept. 27.

Yesterday we captured four trestles, three blockhouses and the fort at Elk Ridge, with about fifty prisoners, without the loss of a man. We have entirely destroyed the railroad from Decatur to Pulaski, with five large railroad bridges, which will require sixty days to replace. This afternoon we drove the enemy, after fighting him all day, into his fortifications at Pulaski, where Gen. ROUSSEAU is commanding a heavy force, well fortified. Our loss to-day was about one hundred wounded. The enemy's loss was much heavier, as they contested the ground for several miles. The enemy is concentrating heavily against us. N. B. FORREST.

The track destroyed by Gen. FORREST is a portion of the Central Southern Railroad, which connects Nashville with Memphis and Charleston Railroad at Decatur, Alabama. From Decatur to Pulaski, Tennessee, the distance is about fifty miles. Elk Ridge is about fifteen miles north of Pulaski, and according to the Yankee accounts was evacuated at daylight on the morning of the 26th. The evacuation of the post explains the statement of Gen. FORREST, that he effected its capture "without the loss of a man." We presume that only a small portion of his force was sent to Elk Ridge, as he reports that on the evening of the 27th, after fighting the enemy (the main body) all day he drove them into their fortifications at Pulaski. Pulaski is a town of some twelve hundred inhabitants, and is 64 miles southwest of Nashville. It is nearly in the same latitude with Duchard, on the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad, and is distant from that place about 50 miles. We mention this fact because it is more probable that Gen. FORREST will proceed across the country to that point, so as to cut the remaining line of railroad communication between SHERMAN and Nashville, than risk an attack with ROUSSEAU in his strongly fortified position at Pulaski. He may strike the railroad at a point nearer Nashville. It is already reported that he has captured Shelbyville, Tenn.; but of course this is premature.

FROM WILMINGTON.

The steamer *Condor* was run in on Saturday and beached off Wilmington, to escape capture. Mrs. ROSE GREENHOW, who was a passenger, is said to have been drowned. The Hon J. P. HOLCOMBE was also a passenger, and escaped.

ARMY OF THE JAMES.

No News—Late Richmond Papers.

From Our Special Correspondent.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE JAMES, Wednesday, Oct. 5, 1864.

The army intelligence of the day on the north side of the James is of importance to the public only so far as it reflect credit upon the officers and soldiers toiling amid the mud and breastworks which here abound. There is no news, absolutely none. We are busy strengthening our works, under the fire of sharpshooters and mortars, and that is all.

Early yesterday morning there was considerable excitement at the right of our line from a rumor that the enemy were advancing in force down the Darbytown road, but after the troops had been under arms for an hour or two, the alarm was discovered to be false.

Several deserters came in to-day from the front of the Eighteenth Corps,—fifteen in the aggregate; they tell the usual story.

I was fortunate enough to obtain a Richmond paper of Monday—the *Examiner*—which resumed publication on that day. I send it because it contains their side of the story respecting the operations on Thursday last. Its estimate of our losses is very wide of the truth. I have copied some interesting extracts also from Tuesday's paper. H. J. W.

SHERMAN'S ARMY.

Large Rebel Forces in Sherman's Rear.

A SEVERE FIGHT AT ALLATOONA.

The Rebels Repulsed with a Heavy Loss.

Their Killed and Wounded Left in Our Hands.

Mysterious Movements of the Rebel Columns.

NASHVILLE, Thursday, Oct. 6.

On the 4th instant a large force appeared on the Chattanooga Railroad, near Ackworth Station, destroyed several pieces of the track and burned Big Shanty.

Two bridges across the Chattahoochie, at Centersville and Resaca, have been damaged by the heavy rains.

A rebel force near Dalton, on the 3d, moving in an easterly direction, had 250 wagons.

A severe fight occurred at Allatoona yesterday between the garrison and a body of rebel infantry. The Federal loss was considerable. Gen. CORSE and Col. TOURLETTE were wounded. The rebel loss is stated by the prisoners captured to have been heavy. It was expected that the battle would be resumed today.

A division of the rebel force was seen moving up the Etowah River, probably with the intention of crossing to this side.

The Tennessee River is seven feet deep on the shoals, and is still rising.

Further Particulars—The Rebels Severely Repulsed—Six Hundred of their Killed and Wounded Left in Our Hands.

CHATTANOOGA, Thursday, Oct. 6.

At 6 o'clock yesterday morning the enemy attacked Alatoona with artillery and infantry. The position was occupied by a portion of Gen. SMITH's corps. The fight continued at intervals during the latter part of the day, and every move of the enemy was handsomely repulsed with severe loss to the rebels. In the evening they hastily retreated toward Dalton and Dallas, leaving their dead and 400 to 600 wounded in our possession. Our loss was about 300 killed, wounded and missing. Gen. CORSE is reported wounded.

Firing has been heavy in the direction of Kenesaw during the day.

This is the first fair day, after a rain of ten days duration. All the streams are overflowing, and have washed away the bridge on Ringgold, Resacca and Chattahoochee. The two first named will be rebuilt to-day.

A party of 15 guerrillas, under Lieut. HERRON, of the Second Tennessee, having secreted themselves near the coal bank at Kelly's Ferry, when the steamer *Resaca* landed for coal, fired on her and set her on fire. The crew scuttled her, and saved her hull and the machinery with which she was loaded.

Reports from Rebel Sources.

From the Richmond Examiner, Oct. 3.

GRIFFIN, Ga., Saturday, Oct. 1.

Not a hostile shot has been fired along the Georgia front for several days past.

Our army is now upon an offensive campaign, and any day may bring on a general engagement.

Gen. HARDEE is to take command at Charleston, and it is the universal impression here that Gen. BEAUREGARD will supersede Gen. HOOD in command of the army.

FROM SHERIDAN'S ARMY.

All Quiet in the Valley—Averill's Cavalry has a Skirmish—More Prisoners—Narrow Escape of Gen. Custer.

From Our Own Correspondent.

MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION, Saturday, Oct. 1, 1864.

During the last eleven days this army, under the leadership of Gen. SHERIDAN, has not met with a serious reverse, but on the contrary, has driven EARLY's veterans from the Opequan, through Winchester, to beyond Stanton, capturing, killing and wounding one half of the enemy's force, and so demoralizing what remains that it was impossible to bring them to a stand anywhere in force. At Woodstock the rebel officers barricaded all the streets to compel their men to face the invaders. The men threatened to destroy the town if not permitted to pass through, and their most ardent wish was gratified. Probably one half of EARLY's artillery has been captured, and small arms are to be found scattered everywhere on the road south of Winchester. Major DURLAND's command (Seventeenth Pennsylvania Cavalry) had gathered up to the 27th ult. *eleven thousand muskets* between the latter place and the Opequan River, where the battle of the 19th was fought, and more have since been brought in. Winchester is one vast hospital, and there is scarcely a house between that place and this army but what contains one or more rebel wounded soldiers. The prisoners in our hands seem to like the change, and the general feeling among them seems to be that the days of the so-called Southern Confederacy are numbered. Nothing but the running qualities of the enemy saved the whole of EARLY's army from annihilation. Our men kept up the pursuit until men and horses were exhausted, and a halt for supplies became necessary. The army will be in condition for active operations within a day or two—in fact, the troops are not all idle now.

On the night of the 27th ult., Averill's cavalry met with a slight repulse near Brown's Gap, and on the following day fell back six miles. The command did not lose more than a dozen men, however. Brig.-Gen. CUSTER now commands AVERILL's old division, and in the fight of the 28th came very near being captured; He was surrounded by the enemy, when a squadron from the First Virginia and another from the Third Virginia Cavalry, charged and rescued him. Rebel prisoners say that one whole company of their men have been detailed to shoot Gen. CUSTER when in action. It is quite certain the enemy would like to get rid of him. A large infantry guard left for the rear yesterday for supplies, carrying a few wounded and taking along, also, another detachment of prisoners—about 100 in all. E. A. PAUL.

The Weather—Early's Stragglers—Bushwhackers—Official List of Casualties in the Cavalry Corps.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ARMY MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION, Sunday, Oct. 2, 1864.

The cool, bracing weather of the last week has given way to a drizzling and cold rain storm, rendering every one who lives in the "tented field" uncomfortable. In a word, we are in the midst of Virginia Fall weather, and the only consolation is that more fair weather is expected soon by the "oldest inhabitants," and whatever may turn up, the roads or rather the slate stone pikes will always enable a six mule team to draw a respectable load, even if it should rain continuously until next Spring; so it will be seen that the army, on obtaining supplies from the rear, will only have to guard against Bushwhackers and predatory bands like MOSBY's. This class of persons have not done much as yet in the way of robbing trains or shooting at small parties of persons passing over the somewhat extended route. Occasionally, however, a shot is heard, and two men certainly have been killed. The last one belonged to the Seventeenth Pennsylvania Cavalry, and was one of a party of ten carrying dispatches. He was shot through the head, near Fisher's Hill, near Strasburg, but for some reason his body was not robbed. It cannot reasonably be expected that the enemy intend to give up their half civilized system of warfare, especially at this time, when there are, it is believed, thousands of EARLY's straggler's wandering about the Valley, in the rear of this army, who only require the presence of a leader to give us much trouble. At present these men, for the most part, are in a disorganized and demoralized condition. Many of them fear to give themselves up to the Union troops, and this class, with others who are tired of the war, are trying to reach their homes, or some place of security where they will not again be forced to rejoin the army.

Annexed will be found an official list of all the casualities in the cavalry corps since the 19th ult., as reported to the Medical Director by the surgeon in charge of the corps hospital. This does not embrace quite all of the wounded in that corps, for there are some who are yet in distant places, unable to be moved; nor does the list embrace the names of any who were killed or who died on the field or by the roadside. All of the slightly wounded have been sent to Harper's Ferry or beyond; a majority of the more serious cases are at the General Hospital in Winchester. E. A. PAUL.

H Babcock, 9th N Y—dead.
Lt Col Nathan Brewer, 7th Mich—dead.
Capt Rutherford, 9th N Y—shoulder.
Capt A E Mathews, 1st Mich—shoulder.
Capt Geo C Wooley, 9th N Y—leg.
Capt Titus, 6th N Y—leg.
Lt Long, 3d N J—thigh.
Capt E W Thayer, 26th Mass—thigh.
Lt D R Whitman, 9th N Y—wrist.
James Carroll, 1st N Y—side.
—— Wolcott, 17th Pennsylvania—sick.
T J Conner, 6th Michigan—sick.
G O Booth, 25th N Y—sick.
Corp T Eggleston, 25th N Y—sick.
J Aldrich, 1st Vt—sick.
J P Small, 1st Vt—sick.
F L Small, 1st Vt—leg.
L Bisby, 22d N Y—sick.
Sergt J Crawford, 18th Penn—arm amp.
Wm A Case, 3d Mass—thigh.
Geo Bennett, 17th Pa—face.
J A Spealman, 17th Pa—side.
H Hicks, 7th Mich—arm am.
W H Drinker—thigh.
James Corcoran, 22d N Y—hip.
H D Sonmer, 5th Mich—sick.
P Robinson, 1st Vt—sh.
Sergt V D Smith, 22d N Y—arm and lung.
Sergt G H Riddle, 3d Va—sh.
Sergt A W Eston, 7th Mich—sick.
S W Serich, 18th Pa—arm amp't'd.
F C Luther, 1st N Y—arm.
G B Griswold, 5th Mich—arm amp't'd.
Corp Geo Rudge, 25th N Y—sick.
J Smith.
John Riley, 5th N Y.
G E Jenks, 5th N Y—scalp.
J A Dinehart—side.
Corp J Travis—th.
J A McCrackin, 2d Ohio—heart.
J Honck, 2d Ohio—foot.
O Ogden, 5th Mich—arm.
J Hoeglen, 2d Mass—leg.
H Lyons, 18th Pa—back.
P Craffy, 1st U S Art—hands
T Larley, 17th Pa—knee.
E Allan, 7th Mich—spine.
M Burch, 7th Mich—arm.
J C Goders, 18th Pa—thigh.
C D Cran, 6th N Y—hand.
Sergt L D Bosworth, 2d Ohio—leg.
Corp G F Rogers, 2d Ohio—shoulder.
Bugler H. Dodds, 4th N Y leg.
O Aiff, 4th N Y—thigh.
A Screider, 4th N Y—hand amputated.
Sgt A Kock, 4th NY—arm.
F Bossa, 3d N J—foot.
Sergt A Frankey, 1st Mich—scalp.
C Stanton, 2d Ohio—lip.
P Bulger, 2d N Y—foot.
Sergt R Earl, 22d New-York—knee.
R Gager, 22d N Y—scalp.
N Kent, 18th Pa—hip.
A Rheinhart, 18th Pa—side.
A Winborn, 1st Mich—arm.
P Sandespie, 5th New-York—thigh.
Sergt E B Nagle, 3d N J—arm.
A J Snow, 5th N Y—cheek.
W H Davis, 5th N Y—leg.
S Vail, 3d Virginia—arm.
D Colman, 3d New-Jersey—leg.
J Stout, 7th Mich—arm.
F J Church, 5th Mich—back.
V Barto, 8th N Y—ankle.
P Hagan, 7th Mich—leg amputated.
F Sebrick, 1st Conn—sh'r.
D Goss, 6th N Y—arm amp.
J Sirrine, 2d U S—arm amp.
J V Scolen, 6 Mich—face.
A E Wooden, 3d New-Jersey—thigh.
J Wilkie, 1st Mich—leg.
Sergt B M Babbit, 1st N Y—breast and back.
F Howell, 1st Mich—groin.
Corp A Howe, 1st Mich—thigh.
Sergt G Moon, 1st Mich—foot.
J Custar, 1st Mich—ankle.
J Jarvey, 7th Mich—arm.
O Barnes, 5th Mich—shoulder.
M O'Donohue, 5th Mich—arm and side.
Corp J Schaffer, 3d N J—back and side.
F Drass, 3d N J—shoulder.
Sgt D Hausell—sh.
Sgt J H Miller.
Sgt L Wiley, 25th N Y—leg.
B Ford, 26th Mass.
J Busher, 2d U S—leg.
W Fuller, 5th U S.
Sgt R E Horton, 6th NY arm
E Yan, 22d N Y—heel.
A Stanton, 1 N Y S S—head.
J Bushway, 1st Vt—wrist and thigh.
C Torvals, 1st U S A—head.
W R Larkin, 22d N Y—thigh amputated.
P Nagle, 1st U S—side.
Corp D C Wyman, 1st Pa—contusion.
E Burdwitz, 1st U S—thigh.
Sergt J F Pettit, 6th N Y—leg.
W Coffin, 5th U S—hip.
C Miller, 1st Mich—thigh.
E M Parmelee, 1st Mich—thigh.
Corp H Manger, 22d N Y—arm.
Sergt T Troy, 6th N Y—leg.
Sergt M Konkuts, 6th Michigan—head.
Wm Marsh, 12th NY—thigh.
Sergt E Durfrey, 7th Michigan—dead.
H H Hamell, 7th Mich—dead.
Sergt L Truesdale, 1st Michigan—dead.
J R Niffin, 1st Mich—thigh.
Sgt Metcham, 1st Mich—side.
H W Robertson, 1st Michigan—dead.
A Scott, 1st Mich—breast.
A A Wheeler, 5th Michigan—thigh.
Lt Stevenson, 5th Mich—arm
Lt A Jackson, 1st Mich—arm
Lt Joseph O'Connor, 4th N Y—leg.
Lt John Allen, 5th Mich—arm amp.
Lt Ed Thompson, 2d Mass—hip.
Adjt Smith, 26th Mass—neck
Lt John Trever, 5th U S—dead.
Lt Chas McMasters, 2d U S—bowels.
Lt Fred Weiss, 1st N Y.
W Bartoid, 8th N Y—ankle.
Sergt P R Weydemeir, 1st Michigan—arm.
Geo Jackson, 25th N Y—sick.
J Maddock, 2d Ohio—thigh.
Wm A Bailey, 18th Pa—thigh.
J A Hutchinson, 2d Va—arm.
Sergt S A Macbeth, 17th Pa—thigh.
Sergt W J Warren, 22d Iowa—thigh.
Corp J L Mason, 2d N Y—leg.
Sergt H Bartlett, 2d N Y—arm.
B F Town, 1st N Y—sick.
Sergt E Y Johns, 18th Pa—back.
J S McCartney, 14th Pa—el.
F Steinman, 1st N Y—sick.
Sergt R F McCormick, 1st Va—arm.
J Barns, 5th N Y—ankle.
H Van Yann, 8th N Y—th.
W F Porter, 7th Mich—sick.
Sergt W C Lyman, 1st Conn—thigh.
Corpl R H Yates, 18th Pa—ankle.
A Forsyth—arm.
J Bemiss, 5th Mich—sh.
F McImey, 2d Mass—sick.
W Royck, 22d N Y—sick.
B Dunham.
A W Dickey, 2d Mass—sh.
S Smith, 25th N Y—sick.
J Johnson, 2d N Y—sick.
J Litts, 18th Pa—foot.
C A Spauldion, 2d Oh—sick.
C H Field, 1st Mich—arm.
S Albin, 2d N Y—leg.
M Kilmer, 1st N Y—hand.
J S Attman, 14th Pa—arm.
— Campbell, 14th Pa—eye.
Sgt H Ault, 17th Pa—arm.
Sgt A D Phillips, 17th Pa—throat.
Sgt L D Cobb, 6th Mich—neck.
R W Mills, 22d N Y—finger.
H Platte, 6th N Y—arm.
Corp A Cooper, 14th Pa—sick
C H Hill, 1st Vt—arm.
J Bealty, 5th U S—side.
Sergt H Burr, 5th Mich—arm and face.
C Rhodes, 2d Mass—arm.
J C Wheeler, 2d Mass—leg.
Corp B Whittaker, 14th N Y—thigh.
F Jackel, 2d U S Art—foot.
C B Stone, 1st Vt—shoulder.
Sergt H Ide, 1st Vt—penis.
D Carawny, 1st Vt—arm.
Corp D B Gregory, 2d Mass—foot.
G W McKenzie, 8th N Y—knee.
A Ostrander, 5th Mich—neck.
W Gleason, 5th Mich—foot.
A Cole, 5th Mich—arm.
J G Howard, 5th Mich—leg.
N Oaks, 5th N Y—leg.
Corp G H Barber, 9th New-York—side.
Sergt N Arnold, 9th N Y—shoulder.
Corp E D Huntley, 9th N Y hand.
H Smith, 5th New-York—scalp.
H Flinn, 7th Mich—breast.
J M Thompson, 2d U S—head.
H Hembu, 5th U S—sh'r.
P Clark, 1st U S—thigh.
Sergt J R Francisco, 6th Mich—neck.
Sergt M Sager, 9th N Y—chest.
A Nutin, 3d Virginia—groin.
C Fourville, 1st U S Art—side.
Corp J Porter, 2d Mich—breast and side.
Sergt J Burber, 5th Mich—leg.
Sergt M Horton, 1st Mich—breast and side.
J Riley, 25th N Y—hip.
J Campbell, 1st U S Art—hip.
Corp E Nelson, 1st Mich—jaw.
Sergt G Long, 2d Va—thigh.
C Karrowls, 3d N J—shoulder and breast.
S Andrews, 7th Mich—leg.
Corp S Lathrop, 1st Mich—hip.
H Constantine, 5th NY—shin.
Wm Moffatt, 2d U S Art—hip.
R Cornell, 2d U S—l hand.
G Morse,—foot.
T Mahoney, 5th U S—hip.
W A Walron, 26 Mass—arm.
Corp L Ollis, 2d U S.
N Deller, 1st U S.
J Kelly, 1st Art'y—leg.
T P Camp, 5th U S—sh.
J Skinner, 1st Mich—side.
Sgt R Baulk, 3d N Y—face.
Sergt J Nolan, 9th N Y—knee.
Sergt T B Adams, 6th N Y—groin.
S Kent, 1st Mich—arm, amputated.
Corp W H Place, 5th N Y Art—foot.
W C Howell, 5th Mich—side.
S Bevins, 5th Mich—leg.
J Mace, 17th Pa—hip.
Corp H Granling, 6th N Y—face.
Sergt W H Wright, 1st U S—knee.
Sergt M Cotter, 1st US—knee
A J Teft, 5th Mich—knee.
W L Parker, 5th Mich—side.
Corp W Teley, 5th Michigan—dead.
Geo Grue, 5th Michigan—shoulder.
R McQuinn, 5th Mich—foot.
H Simmons, 6th Mich—ankle.
J H Smith, 6th Mich—leg.
Corp N Whiting, 7th Michigan—leg.
Sergt Isaac Wilcox, 7th Michigan—dead.
H Smith, 1st N J—foot.
C Frederick, 4th N. Y.
E Radtice, 4th N Y—knee.
Sergt W Brazon, 4th N Y—arm.
Corp W Crackowell, 4th N Y—arm.
Corp Emil Bemmant, 9th N Y—breast, dead.
L Baxter, 9th N Y—arm.
D Brandt, 17th Pa—elbow.
S L McCarroll, 17th Pa—elbow.
Sergt D W Wolcott, 1st U S—thigh.
Sergt W Smith, 1st U S—side.
J C White, 2d U S—cheek.
J H Felch, 2d Mass—jaw.
H Preston, 5th N Y—sick.
P C Grattan, 1st N Y—foot.
L Burke, 5th N Y Art—dead
J Curry, 5th U S—dead.
R Welsh, 61st Ala—dead.
Johnson, 5th Mich—dead.
J McHugh, 1st U S—dead.
A Hasard, 7th Mich—dead.
G Leslie, 5th Mich—dead.
—— Smith—dead.
Sergt V B Cram, 8th N Y—knee.
N Murphy, 2d U S—arm.
Sgt C Smith—mouth.
J W Lowerville, 3d Va—arm.
G Ford, 3d N J—thigh.
R H Sutherland, 5th U S—hand.
F Averill, 5th U S—elbow.
C H Hells, 1st N Y—arm.
M D Eldridge, 22d N Y—shoulder.
Sgt L Boswell, 8th Ohio—leg.
G F Rogers, 2d Ohio—shoulder.
W Gallagher, 2d U S—arm.
Sergt M McCormick, 2d U S—thigh.
J A Willard, 4th U S—thigh.
Sergt J Snyder, 2d U S—thigh.
W Wheelan, 2d U S—arm.
G Borsman, 5th U S—foot.
G S Hiobb, 5th U S—arm.
J Killgore, 14th Pa—side and arm.
P O'Conner, 14th Pa—arm.
E T Chedrick, 2d Mass—neck and shoulder.
G D Haven, 2d Mass—leg.
Sergt Prints, 3d N J—face.
J H Dangler, 1st N Y—thigh amputated.
D Sharer, 17th Penn—side and lung.
F Dearborn, 1st Conn—arm.
H D Crane, 22d N Y—shoulder.
C Daniels—wrist.
Corp D C Wyman, 14th Penn—contusion.
C Mone, 22d N Y—hip.
W H Cowan, 22d Penn—face.
J Shirmer, 25th N Y—bruised.
E Laru, 1st N Y—bruised.
W Bolls, 6th Michigan.
Sgt M Cottar, 1st U S.
J F Ralston, 8th Ohio.
Sgt H Davis, 8th Ohio.
R M Powers, 2d Ohio.
Sgt E A Smith, 17th Pa—leg.
D L Kent, 3d Va—breast.
F W Thomas, 18th Pa—side.
J Cooper, 6th Michigan—side.

The Enemy at Rock Fork Gap—Ewell Reported in Command—Great Destruction of Rebel Commissary Stores—Citizens and Soldiers Taking the Oath of Allegiance—Captures by the Enemy.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ARMY MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION, Monday, Oct. 3, 1864.

It is quiet with this army yet, but active operations may be resumed at any moment. EARLY has been superseded by EWELL, so the rebels say, and largely reinforced, according to the same authority. The enemy hold Rock Fork Gap, and seem to be alive to the importance of holding that position; but when the proper moment shall have arrived, they will find to their cost that the general who displayed such consummate skill at Fisher's Hill is still confronting them. The troops feel, since the fight above referred to, an unbounded confidence in the ability of General SHERIDAN to cope with EWELL or any other Confederate commander who may be sent against him. Some of the prisoners can hardly be convinced that GRANT is not in command here. So positive was EARLY that GRANT was in command at Fisher's Hill, that he flatly contradicted one of our officers who fell into his hands. He *knew*, "by the management of the troops, that GRANT was in command and there was no use in trying to conceal the fact." Since the skirmish of Wednesday but little powder has been wasted on either side. Prisoners are being brought in daily, and large numbers of citizens and soldiers are taking the oath of allegiance. At last the rebels really feel that the end of the Confederate rule is near at hand, and the rejoicing thereat is exceedingly great, I know many will pooh-pooh at this statement, but time will show the truthfulness of it.

For several days past a portion of the cavalry has been engaged in destroying rebel supplies—a large amount of which was found stored in the Luray valley, and in fact all about the country in the vicinity of Harrisonburg, Hay Market, Staunton and other places. The enemy's commissariat has thereby been largely depleted. Quantities of Confederate stores were also destroyed along the line of the railroad, brought there for transportation to Richmond—the authorities never once giving a thought to the possibility of the "invaders" ever again venturing so far up this valley. They have discovered their mistake by this time. This is but another illustration of what I have frequently written before, that whatever a slaveholder wishes to transpire, in his self-conceit he thinks must be so, no matter how illogical or preposterous the wish may be.

The marauders on our line of communication now show themselves daily, and no small party can pass between Martinsburgh and Harrisonburgh in safety. Gen. WILSON's escort was attacked on the 2d inst., near Strasburgh. Gen. WILSON has been relieved from command, and was on his way to Washington. It is understood that he will report to Gen. SHERMAN. A party of twenty-four men, belonging to the Fourth New-York Cavalry, were attacked the same day, near Middletown, by about sixty rebels. The Fourth lost one Captain and twelve men. Lieut. ANGLUN, of the Seventeenth Pennsylvania Cavalry, who has just passed over the road with sixteen men, reports that he frequently saw parties of eight or ten rebels, but could not overtake them. He was just behind the Fourth New-York Cavalry when attacked, and endeavored to overtake the enemy, but could not. A large train of supplies passed over the road in safety, reaching headquarters on the 1st. Some of the guard straggled and were captured. Among others were a Surgeon, Captain and five men, cut off from a detachment of three hundred. As many as twenty-five infantrymen have been picked up in a bunch. Lieut. ANGLUN says that he met at least one hundred of our men on the road, who had been captured and paroled. Sergeant ROGERS, Seventeenth Pennsylvania Cavalry, in charge of eleven men, lost his whole command near Strasburgh two days ago. One of his party, named MILLER, was killed and one is known to have been wounded—nine missing, supposed to be prisoners. Sergeant ROGERS reached headquarters with his papers.

A rebel Major has gone to the rear, who has taken the oath of allegiance. He was a classmate of Gen. SHERIDAN at West Point, I understand. As to taking the oath I am positive. E. A. PAUL.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

Lee Fortifying Danville—Supplies Short in Richmond—Jeff. Davis and his Cabinet Gone to South Carolina—The Rebel Archives Removed to Danville.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, Oct. 6.

The *Inquirer* has the following special dispatch from its correspondent at Washington:

"I learn from a rebel sergeant who left COLSTON's Brigade a week since, that Gen. LEE has acknowledged that his position is critical. He has fortified Danville at all points, and recently has had prepared temporary defences on the route thither, and for this purpose has taken a number of heavy guns from Richmond to Danville.

Supplies in Richmond have entirely given out and great difficulty was being experienced in furnishing the rebel army even with the corn meal ration.

JEFF. DAVIS and his Cabinet have left Richmond for South Carolina.

All the rebel newspapers except the *Whig*, are removing from Richmond, and it is well known that the Government archives, etc., have been removed to Danville, which is Gen. LEE's base of supplies.

Nothing from the Army of the Potomac.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Sept. 6.

Nothing especially interesting was received from the Army of the Potomac to-day. It appears, however, that the advanced position gained last week is strengthened; but there is little danger of the rebels attempting to dislodge our army, Gen. LEE being considered too weak to make such a movement.

Massachusetts Politics.

BOSTON, Thursday, Oct. 6.

The first district Republican Convention to-day nominated THOMAS D. ELLIOT for re-election to Congress, and RICHARD BORDON, of Fall River for Presidential elector. In the fifth district JOHN B. ALLEN was renominated for Congress and JOHN G. WHITTIER, of Amesburg, for Presidential elector.

MAGAZINES.

—*The Atlantic Monthly*, for October, (Boston: Ticknor & Fields,) presents the usual variety afforded by a good magazine, without any extraordinary claims to notice. The first article, "A Night on the Water," by Col. Thomas W. Higginson, is descriptive of some nocturnal adventures of outpost duty on the border of the line of rebeldom in the South. "Madame Recamier, her Lovers and Friends," is a fair condensation of a late French volume of memoirs, though the title of the paper is rather calculated to produce a wrong impression, the unblemished character of the lady never admitting the application of the title "lover" to her intimates. "Charles Lamb's Uncollected Writings, third paper," would be more satisfactory if the editor's authorities were given. Judging from *internal evidence* only, we doubt very much whether Lamb ever wrote a line of one of the articles here ascribed to him, "Juke Judkins," and think some others are mistakenly attributed to him; Fiction is represented by Miss Prescott's "True Story of Luigi," and an attempt at a continuation of Thackeray's unfinished novel, "Paul Jones and Denis Duval," by Felix Carter, not more happy than such experiments generally are; "Communication," by Mr. Wasson, is no doubt inserted as a concession to the metaphysic loving tendencies of Eastern readers; "The Wellfleet Oysterman" is a graphic sketch by Thoreau, pleasant from its direct straightforward style, and freedom from the besetting sin of affectation. The poetry of the present number is not remarkable, in the absence of the great names that have lately irradiated that department.

—*Harper's New Monthly Magazine*, (New-York: Harper & Brothers,) opens with the commencement of a new series of papers by a gentleman well known to the readers of "Harper," J. Ross Browne, "A Tour through Arizona." Few writers can boast of the experience of Mr. Browne, so widely collected in various parts of the globe. His pen and pencil are used with equal facility, and if he would indulge less in mere verbiage, and sometimes omit the necessity for being "funny" in season, and out of season, his writings would form a valuable portion of the literature of modern travel. "Straw Bonnets," the economic or industrial article, satisfactorily portrays in its text and illustrations the growth of a rising and important domestic manufacture. Mr. Lossing's sketches of the privateering system, and the extent to which it was carried in the war of 1812, would be instructive reading for any European Power anxious to indulge its secession sympathies, and might afford it a glimpse of the probable cost. "From a Soldier's Wife," and "How we Fought at Atlanta," are papers relating to our present crisis—the former gives a touching picture of what military hospitals too often are, and what they might become with a little earnest and intelligent endeavor. "Our Mutual Friend"—part four—will, of course, be devoured by all Dickens' admirers. It opens with a scene of great power on the wild and gusty river of a Winter's night, and afterwards subsides into the gentilitial progress of the genial Mr. and Mrs. Boffin in their ascent to "high life," by means of their inheritance of the fortune of the "Golden Dustman." Though not written with the exuberance and *abandon* of his early books, there is much in it that only Dickens could produce. There is nothing more difficult to define than true humor; but certainly if the readers of "Harper" find much of it in the scraps from the "Editor's Drawer," they are very easily satisfied.

—*The United States Service Magazine* (New-York. C. B. Richardson) continues Col. S. M. Bowman's "Memoir of Maj.-Gen. Sherman," from his command of Gen. Grant's rear guard at the last advance on Vicksburgh, to the Atlanta campaign lately so gloriously consummated, and also gives a biography of Brig.-Gen. Alexander Hays, of Pennsylvania, who fell at the head of his regiment, in the Wilderness on the 5th of May last. The papers of more direct and technical interest, connected with army affairs are "The Militia," suggestions for its future organization. "The Invalids," a review of their place and treatment in the military system of France, and "The Naval Hospital Establishment." Correspondence, the Editorial Department, and the full and carefully prepared "Official Intelligence," complete an interesting number of this highly valuable periodical.

—*The Continental Monthly*, New-York: John F. Trow, offers in the number of its papers, and the wide range of subjects they embrace, a greater variety than any of its contemporaries. Perhaps the most important among them, is "The Scientific Universal Language, its character and relations to other languages," by Edward B. Freeland, the purpose of which is to announce a valuable philological discovery by Prof. S. P. Andrews. It is well known that the most advanced students of comparative philology, as represented by Prof. Max Muller, trace all the words of our Aryan family of language, to some four or five hundred roots; generally discoverable in the Sanscrit—the ultimate constituent elements of speech that remain incapable of further analysis. What Prof. Andrews claims to have discovered is, that these hitherto irreducible roots or elements are "true phonetic types," representative in "Nature of the rational conceptions of the human mind." The present paper, No. 1, is devoted to "The origin of Speech," the system announced, will be developed in future numbers. Poetry, Fiction, and Political discussion, relieve the gravity of the more purely scientific matters, and render "The Continental" an agreeable miscellany.

—Mr. Leonard Scott's republication of the English Quarterlies keeps pace with the original issues, and at a small cost furnishes American readers with the most matured results of foreign thought. The following are recently received from him:

—*The Quarterly Review*, for July, contains nine articles, all of general interest, though two of them, "Public Schools" and "The House of Commons," are more especially addressed to an English audience; "Words and Places," is a rapid survey of the light thrown by etymology on history and geography, founded on Isaac Taylor's book so named; "Lacordaire," a sympathetic notice of the career of the eloquent Dominican from the materials furnished by the Count de Montalambert's memoir and his own writings; "Ludwig Uhland," a sketch of one of Germany's sweetest singers, but lately passed away; "Free Thinking: Its History and Tendencies," is a careful review of Dr. Farrar's Bampton Lectures, (reprinted here by Messrs. D. Appleton & Co.,) giving due praise to their accuracy and liberality.

—The *Edinburgh Review* (July) contains Dean Stanley's famous article on the English Church, as affected by the late judicial proceedings against the writers of "Essays and Reviews;" "The Three Pastorals." An enthusiastic notice of John Forster's "Life of Sir John Eliot," a valuable statement from official sources, of the result of Post-office reform, and a review, genial and appreciatory in its main sentiments, of Mr. Hunt's "Life of Edward Livingston," though defaced with occasional misrepresentations of the purposes and objects of the present conflict; a learned article on De Rossi's "Christian and Jewish Inscriptions," and several other papers are worthy of attention.

—*Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine*, for August gives us the continuations of two serial stories, "Tony Butler" and "Chronicles of Carlingford." The popular lucubrations of Cornelius O'Dowd on "Men and Women and Things in General" still go on, though whether their author is Bulwer or Lever is yet undecided. "Lewis' Aristotle," and "Victor Hugo on Shakespeare," are the best of the miscellaneous articles.

KEARNEY VS. M'CLELLAN.

The Peninsular Campaign—McClellan's Political Ambition Foreseen by Gen. Kearney—Its Effect upon the Management of the Army at That Time.

The following extracts from a private letter of the lamented Kearney, written June 23, 1862, two days before the commencement of the seven days' battles, shows that the political ambition of the "Young Napoleon" had its origin as far back as the Peninsular campaign, and that his motives were fully read by the soldier, who was far more than his equal in every respect. The letter has never before been printed:

* * * * * *

"He has now got us in a queer position, which is neither witty nor bright. The golden season of attack is lost. We have allowed them to collect more men, to establish more forts, to plant heavier guns, and to try forays in our rear. With all my desire of pushing ahead, I think that it is now nearly too late; at least, if we do it, it will only be by more hazardous ventures; and infinitely more bloodshed than at any previous period. Our last chance (the ninth or tenth thrown away) was after the battle of Fair Oaks, when all our troops should have been brought into action, and our way forced into Richmond. Then it might and most probably would have been successful.

Now, I must say that I fancy McClellan has calmly resigned himself to waiting for reinforcements. But in doing this, the enemy collect two men to our one, while McClellan testifies his fears by throwing up fortifications at every point, as if we were a beaten army. It breaks down the man by overwork, and cowers them by his proof of distrust, and you will soon find that the enemy will throw himself on our communications, and repeat his forays—*perhaps, even to forcing us to retire to cover them.* McClellan is no General, with all his talents. He has not the remotest aptitude for war. *I sometimes fear, from his management of this war, that he regards it more in a political than a military point of view—that he desires to time his military conquest with a certain political ripeness of the South*—at best, a very hazardous matter, when it is with the astute, and wily, and unprincipled Southerner that he attempts to play such a game, and when one reflects *that it engenders delay, which is the sure defeat of all armies.*"

FROM THE RIO GRANDE.

The Reported Capture of Matamoros.

The New-Orleans *Times* of Sept. 28 published the following:

"For the following interesting and important information we are indebted to S. W. Pierson, Esq.:

By news received to the 21st inst. from Matamoros, by the commander of the French vessel in this port, it appears that Gen. Du Pain, of the French army, took possession of that city on the 20th inst.

Cortinas had previously fled the country upon the arrival of the French.

A large number of exiles from New-Orleans, living in Matamoras, went over to Brownsville for protection from Col. Ford, of the rebel army, who politely informed them all that he was sorry, but he was obliged to send them all to Shreveport as conscripts; and they were accordingly placed under guard for that purpose immediately.

The city was perfectly quiet and business was going on as usual.

Gen. Du Pain was very sorry he did not catch Cortinas, as he hoped to have the pleasure of hanging him.

The *Era* of the next day remarked:

"The published letter from our correspondent dated Brazos Santiago, Sept. 22, flatly contradicts the above; it says that at the time of writing, Cortinas was at Matamoras, and could hold that city against all the French or traitor Mexican force which could be brought against him. Gen. D. de Goicouria also informs us that he has received letters from Bagdad, dated the evening of the 22d, and that the statements copied above are entirely erroneous."

The correspondent of the *Times* writes, under date of Brazos Santiago Sept. 21:

"In your issue of Sept. 15, I notice an account of the recent skirmish on the Rio Grande, in which it is stated that Maj. E. J. Noyes commanded.

On the morning of the 9th, Maj. Noyes, with a detachment of the First Texas Cavalry, advanced to Palmetto Ranche, and encountered the Mexicans, as stated in your paper. On the night of the 9th he was attacked near Palo Alto, and was obliged to fall back again to Palmetto Ranche, where he encamped.

The rebels were reinforced during the night, and attacked Major Noyes, and but for the timely arrival of Col. Day and Staff, with the Ninety-first Illinois Volunteers, and a section of light artillery under Lieut. Hill, would undoubtedly have captured the Major and his little band. The rebels fell back in great confusion, when they were opened on by the artillery.

Col. Day was commanding, and showed his usual coolness and skill during the entire engagement.

Lieut. Hill is deserving of great praise, and is an able and efficient officer. He superintended the working and manœuvring of the artillery in person.

The following is a correct list of officers serving on Col. Day's Staff, commanding United States forces in Texas:

Maj. Geo. A. Day, Judge Advocate and Prov.-Mar'l.
Maj. E. M. Hamilton, Engineers, Chief Engineer.
Maj. David Leroy, Surgeon in Chief.
Capt. E. L. Jones, Engineers, A. A. Adjt.-Gen.
Capt. E. A. Brett, Engineers, A. D. C.
Capt. F. H. Jordan, A. Q. M.
Lieut. John R. Clough, Engineers, A. A. Insp.-Gen.
Lieut. F. E. Dreatt, Engineers, A. Ord. Officer.
Lieut. A. Hills, Acting Chief of Artillery.
Capt. W. D. Chamberlain, Com. Subsistence.

The Mexicans are encamped at Brazos, and with proper officers and a little practice and drill, such as is given in our army, would make good soldiers of them in a short time."

A Columbiad Shouts for Sheridan.

The following extract of a private letter by an officer at a fort in North Carolina, shows the enthusiasm inspired in the armies by Sheridan's victories and is not less indicative of the feeling in the army toward the great Pretender of Malvern Hill:

* * * * N. C., Monday Sept. 26, 1864.

Dear H——: Hasn't Sheridan done a glorious thing! Our fort has fired a hundred guns in honor of the victory. I had the satisfaction of banging off a part of them, and I put a lusty hurrah into every kernel of powder. The eight-inch Columbiad was fired several times with the cartridge rammed solid. It spoke in accents unmistakable, "Hurrah for Sheridan!"

But how contemptible and groveling in the light of such triumphs seem and are the miserable manœuverings of McClellanism! And, as the tide of this war rolls on and gradually but surely dwarfs and extinguishes rebellion and its primal, wicked cause, and rebuilds a Union worth having, how unheroic and petty seems that man whom they have sought to erect as the captain of the age, and who, being neither traitor or patriot, nor a captain of genius, now stands up as a candidate for the Presidency of the nation which he, with the greatest of opportunities, did not even strike *one* decisive blow to save! Why H——, this McClellan movement is to me so puerile that it lacks the dignity sufficient to make it despicable. I notice that the papers talk sometimes in this wise: "In the event McClellan is elected." In the womb of events there is no such circumstance, either forming or to be formed, and there never will be, nor in the nature of things can there be. Such a coition of circumstances cannot occur; and to suppose it for argument's sake is such an extravagance of supposition as makes nonsense of logic. Of politics one hears less in the army than you would naturally expect. That at least is the case here. In the grand armies they naturally talk more about and are more interested in the political contest, especially in the Army of the Potomac, with which McClellan was once so identified. We read the papers here and are eager to get them, but very little do I hear said as to the relative chances of candidates. Nevertheless, I hear so little said in favor of McClellan, that I should not hesitate to bet that on a vote "Old Abe" would get ten votes to one for McClellan with the troops in this department. Especially will be if there are one or two or three more Sheridan victories before November. The fact is, to use the prevailing phrase here, "McClellan is played." They have made him so much of a hero on paper, and he has made himself so little a hero in the field, that when our men come to look at the map and then at the papers, they have to laugh and say, "Oh don't," and "get out."

A Poor but Patriotic Clerk.

New-York, Monday, Oct. 3, 1864.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

It occurred to me that I might be useful to the good cause without much expense, and I bought one hundred copies of the "Two Platforms," which, having neatly folded, I distributed in person, one evening after tea, in the different streets in my neighborhood. I merely left them at the doors, and was through my work in an incredibly short time.

Every one of these "Platforms" will not, of course, be read; some will be laid aside to die the inglorious death of the Chicago one; others will be picked up by the servant girls, and meet with rash treatment at the hands of some of them who know how to read. If Biddy can't read, she'll take the "document" for a notice about the taxes, or the Croton, and deposit it with care along the "Misses'" plate at breakfast. Many of these "Platforms" will certainly be perused *once*; a few will be passed in review and commented on at length. Now, suppose only twenty to be read, and one of these making *one* convert, have I not spent my dollar for the Union? Suppose Mr. Lincoln reelected by *two* majority, (only a supposition, Mr. Editor,) can I not attribute the whole of the victory to myself? Has not my own vote and that of my converted neighbor done it?

I am so captivated with my own argument, that, despite my limited means, I am going to buy one hundred more "Platforms." I will have to retrench on my luncheons for a few days, it is true, to meet this *extra*; but who would not go hungry awhile for the sake of the Union?

Respectfully yours,
A FIVE HUNDRED DOLLAR CLERK.

A Distinguished South American.

Gen. Mosquera is expected to arrive in New-York in one of the next Isthmus steamers, on his way to England as Minister of the United States of Colombia to the Court of St. James. Few men have ever distinguished themselves so highly in so many spheres of action. He has been a soldier, aide-de-camp and general under Bolivar; a civilian, magistrate, senator, State Governor, diplomatist and President of the Republic of New-Grenada; a man of science and literature, who has published, in a statistical work, the valuable results of his scientific observations made during his campaigns, and portions of a "Life of Bolivar," from notes made during his services under him; a projector of great works of internal improvement; a merchant, in times of peace, laboring to connect his country with our own by commercial intercourse; a warm advocate of the American Panama Railroad Company, giving it the preference over English and French competitors, under his first Presidency, from his attachment to republicanism; a patriotic, able and victorious General, triumphant in the civil wars of Melo and Ospina; the intelligent, disinterested, thorough and persevering vindicator of the civil and religious rights of his countrymen against the ancient powers and pretensions of the Ultramontanist, or "Conservative" party; the philanthropist, forgiving and protecting his conquered opponents, and silencing his calumniators only by practically disappointing their predictions; the man who has verified by his deeds the noble aspirations expressed in his words, that his only ambition lay in a desire to have this epitaph written, with truth, upon his monument:

"Here lies a good Citizen!"

After resigning his extraordinary powers as head of the Government and army, and terminating a brief remnant of the Presidential term assigned to him by the Congress, before proceeding to the post of Minister to England, he made a voyage from Panama to Buenaventura, to make arrangements for the construction of his long-projected road from that port to Cali, in the Cauca Valley, which is now likely soon to be completed. That Valley is about thirty miles in breadth by about four hundred miles long, with no natural outlet, but abounding in all the productions of the tropical and equatorial climates, with those of the temperate regions covering the sides of the Andes, which rise on both sides of it to the clouds, and valuable mines beneath the surface. This Valley is the only region capable of furnishing to the shores of the Pacific Ocean the needed supply of tropical fruits.

The eldest brother of Gen. Mosquera passed through New-York several weeks ago, on his way to France. He is the Hon. Joaquin Mosquera, the distinguished Colombian friend of education. He was driven to our country as an exile, about 35 years ago, by the temporary overthrow of the Liberal Government of the old Republic of Colombia, of which he was the last President, and while visiting our public and Sabbath Schools, was so much struck with their value, that he solemnly renounced political life and devoted himself to education in his own country.

Obituary.

DEATH OF THE BISHOP OF SHANGHAI, CHINA.

This eminent Missionary of the Protestant Episcopal Church was born in Charleston, S. C., in 1811. After several years of missionary service in China, being consecrated Bishop in 1844, he fixed his mission at Shanghai, where, by the munificence of Hon. Wm. Appleton, of Boston, a handsome edifice was erected, by the name of Christ Church. The English Bishop of Victoria (Hong-Kong) then exercising jurisdiction over the English residents and missionaries in Shanghai, having decided, in violation of the ancient canon, that two Bishops should not rule in the same city, a long and curious correspondence sprung up between the Archbishop of Canterbury and the Bishop of Connecticut, acting as Presiding Bishop or Primate of the American Church. The difficulty was finally settled by conceding to the American prelate episcopal jurisdiction in Shanghai over the English as well as the others. The deceased Bishop was of a singularly elevated and spiritual character, and was held in high esteem, both here and in China. Probably the sad state of affairs in his native land hastened his death, which occurred Aug. 3, 1864.

LOUISE KIRBY PIATT.

From the Cincinnati Commercial, Oct. 4.

The death of Mrs. Louise Kirby Piatt, wife of Col. Donn Piatt, and daughter of Timothy Kirby, Esq., which was announced in the city journals of yesterday morning, gave a shock of painful surprise to thousands. Though her health had for some time been very frail, she was so marked by high-spirited vivacity and kindliness, and the graces of genius and culture, that her friends find it hard, indeed, to realize her sudden departure from among them forever. In her death, society loses one of its brightest ornaments, and American literature a gifted contributor. She was best known in the literary world as "Bell Smith," over which signature she some years since wrote a series of charming essays, her pen adorning and making interesting all she touched, that first appeared in the *Home Journal*, and were speedily reproduced, far and near. Her letters from Paris, enriched with observations of the society and scenery of the city, vivid and sparkling with humor and wit, were collected and published in a volume, well known as *Bell Smith Abroad*.

Col. Ketcham's Regiment on his Nomination to Congress.

The Union men of Columbia and Dutchess counties a few days ago nominated Col. John H. Ketcham, of the One Hundred and Fiftieth N. Y. State Volunteers, for Congress. On September 24th the field, staff and company officers of the regiment met at Atlanta and unanimously adopted a series of resolutions from which we take the following:

Resolved, That in the nomination of Colonel John H. Ketcham for Congress, both citizens and soldiers, animated by a common sentiment, and aiming at a common object, to sustain the Government in quelling the rebellion and in bringing traitors to punishment by their votes, have the opportunity of placing a responsible man in a responsible position, and one who has been tried by years of service at home and in the field, and has not yet been found wanting.

Resolved, That to our congratulations upon this well-deserved honor, we respectfully add our appreciation of the services we have seen Col. Ketcham render his country, and his Government, of the earnest loyalty with which he has remained at his post during the past two years of suffering and danger, and of the kindness and constant care which has characterized his relations with every officer and man in the regiment.

We have followed Col. Ketcham in Virginia, and along the one hundred and fifty miles of Sherman's advance, and for two years have found him the same untiring laborer for the great cause of the country and the Government, and we believe that his election will, at all events, place a good Union man where Union men are sadly needed.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—This Day.

Supreme Court—*Part I.*—Short Causes.—Nos. 2061, 2237, 2305, 1923, 2083, 2229, 2367, 2199, 2211, 2379, 2263, 2095, 2726. *Part II.*—Short Causes.—Nos. 2180, 2108, 1762, 2369, 2106, 2269, 2040, 2208, 2068, 2016, 2418, 2380, 2378, 2810. *Part III.*—Nos. 964, 1592, 1493, 1049, 1591, 2219, 2176, 1351, 273, 1753, 571, 759, 1805, 1807, 945, 481, 1845, 1853, 1863, 1883.

Common Pleas.—*Part I.*—Nos. 625, 395, 213, 602, 593, 652, 619, 692, 693, 694, 695, 748, 749, 710, 711. *Part II.*—Nos. 643, 641, 642, 676, 677, 678, 681, 682, 684, 685, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691.

Superior Court.—*Part II.*—Nos. 2406, 3912, 3914, 3916, 3918, 3920, 3922, 3924, 3926, 3928, 3930, 3932, 3934, 3938, 3940.

Ship-Builders' Lien.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Before Judge Davis.

J. B. Van Dusen vs. Willet Rowe.—This action was brought to enforce the payment of a balance due plaintiff for the construction of a steamboat called the *Transit*. The plaintiff filed his papers under the lien law. The plaintiff commenced building the vessel on his own account, and afterward made a contract to finish it for defendant and deliver it to him for the sum of $16,000, of which the defendant had paid all except $1,500. This balance not being paid, the plaintiff brought the action under the lien law. The defendant moved a non-suit, on the ground that the shipbuilder continued to be the owner until it was delivered, and that he could therefore have no lien. The Court granted the motion and dismissed the case, holding that under the contract as set forth in the case, the builder of the vessel was not entitled to a lien for any unpaid balances. D. and T. McMahon for Plaintiff; Benedict, Burr & Benedict for Defendant.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION—Thursday, Oct. 6, 1864.

Present—Aldermen Jones, Chipp, Jeremiah.

The President being absent at roll-call, on motion of Aldermen Jones, Alderman Jeremiah was called to the Chair.

The roll having been called, and a quorum not appearing, the President pro. tem. announced that the Board stood adjourned until next Monday, the tenth instant, at one o'clock P. M.

D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Oct. 6, 1864.

$10,000	U.S.6s,'81..R.	104¾	110	Erie Pref	100
40,000	U. S. 6s, '81..C.	105	300	Hud. Riv. R.	114
590	U.S. 6s. 5-20's.C.	106⅛	400	do	113⅜
1,000	U. S.5s,10-40s.C.	95⅜	100	do s10	113⅜
500	do	96	100	do s10	113⅝
2,000	U.S.6s,1 yr. C.	94¾	200	do s30	113½
10,000	do	94¼	100	do	113¾
70,000	do	94½	500	Reading R.	121¼
8,000	Mo. State 6s	62	4200	do	121
7,000	Mo. 6s, issued to		400	do s10	121
	H.&.St.J.R.	85	300	do s20	120⅜
6,000	M. 6s iss. to Pa-		500	do b10	121
	cific R.	65	300	Mich. Cen. R.	119
5,000	Ind. St. 5s	86	100	do	119½
30,000	O. & M. Cer.	37	100	do b30	120
40,000	do	37⅛	100	do	119⅜
40,000	do	37¼	200	Pitts.,Ft. W.& C.	95
5,000	N. Y. Cen. 6s	110⅛	100	do	95¼
1,000	Erie 1st M. Bs.	106	1000	do	95⅜
1,000	C.& N.W. 1stM.	92	200	do b15	96
3,000	P.,Ft.W.& C.2d.	102	1200	M. S. & N. I.	64
5,000	Clev. & P. 3d M.	100	100	do b10	64
1,000	Clev.&P. 4th M.	84	500	do	63¾
1,000	Chi. & Alt.1sM.	102	500	do	63⅜
1,000	At.&G.W.1stM.,		50	do	63
	Ohio Div.	96	100	Ill. Cen. R.	116⅜
60	Mechanics' Bk.	112	100	do	117
300	Canton Co.	28¾	50	do s10	116⅝
100	do b30	29	100	do s10	117
300	do b30	29¼	100	do	118
100	Cum. Coal Pref.	48	500	do	118¼
300	do	49	100	do	118⅜
508	do	50	100	do b30	119
100	do b3	49¼	900	do	119
500	do c	49¾	22	do	121
100	do	49⅜	8	Panama R.	260
35	Am. Ex. Bank	116	100	Clev.& Pitts. R.	102
50	Del. & H. C. Co.	160	200	do	104
100	Quicksilver M. Co.	78	800	do	103⅜
100	do	78¼	100	do	103
35	do	80	300	Chi. & N. W.	39
50	do	78½	1000	do	39¼
35	Mariposa M. Co.	34	500	do	39⅜
300	do	33	200	do	39⅞
42	Metrop. Gas	138	500	do	40
50	Pac. M. S. Co.	274	100	do b30	40¼
100	N. Y. Cen. s30	112	100	Chi. &N.W. Pref.	73
320	do	113	1300	do	74
200	do	112¾	500	do	74⅛
25	Erie Railway	91¼	100	do	74⅜
1000	do	91	500	do	74¾
800	do	90⅜	50	do b10	75
200	do	90¾	100	Chi. & R. I. R.	92
100	do	90⅞	1250	do	93
100	do s10	90⅝	100	Chi.,Bur.&Q.R.	117
200	do s5	90⅝	50	do	120
100	do s30	90½	10	Mil. & Pr. du C. R.	48
100	do b5	90¾	100	do	46
100	Mar. & Cin 1st Pr.	56	100	do	47
200	Alt. & T. H.	50	100	Alt. & T. H. Pref.	67

SECOND BOARD.

$20,000	U.S.6s,5-20s.C.	106¾	800	M. S. & N. I.	63¾
10,000	do	106⅞	200	do b30	64
10,000	U. S. 6s,1 yr. C.	94¼	500	do s60	61
10,000	O. & M. Cer.	36½	100	do s10	63
5,000	do b10	36	500	do	63⅜
100	Canton Co.	29	500	do s60	60⅜
200	do b30	29⅛	350	Ill. Cen. R.	116
400	Cumb. Coal Pr.	53	400	do	115¾
100	do b10	53	300	do	115⅝
200	do	52⅞	100	Chi., B. & Q. R.	118
400	do	52¾	500	Chic. & N. W. R.	39
100	Quick. Min.	78	500	do	39⅛
100	do	78¼	500	do	39¾
50	Erie R.	92⅜	100	do b30	40
400	do s30	92	200	Cleve. & Pitts	99⅝
1200	do	62¾	100	Chi. & N.W. Pref.	73
20	do	63	150	do	73⅜
200	do s60	90	100	do b30	74
600	do s60	90½	1000	Clev. & Tol.	101
200	do s60	91	25	Chi. & R. I. R.	92
200	N. Y. Central	114½	50	do	91⅛
400	Hudson R. R.	115¾	200	do	90¼
100	do b10	115⅜	500	P., Ft. W. & C.	93
200	do	116	200	do	93½
100	do b10	116¼	106	do	93⅜
500	Reading R.	122	100	do	94
1000	do	121¾	100	do	94¼
1000	do b10	122	200	do b30	94⅜
500	do s60	119	200	Alt. & T. H. R.	51
100	do s4	121½	200	do b30	51
50	Mich. Cen. R.	120			

OPEN BOARD—1½ P. M.

$10,000	O. &M. Cer.	35⅛	100	Cleve. & Pitts. b30	101
20,000	do b10	36	250	Chi. & R. I. R. x-d	91
10,000	do	35⅜	400	Chi.&N. W. Pref.	73⅜
100	N. Y. Cen. R. s3	114	100		73
100	do	114	100	do	72¾
500	Erie R. b3	92⅜	100	do b4	72⅝
1150	do	92⅜	100	do b10	73
1400	do	92⅝	100	do s3	72⅜
700	do s3	92⅜	100	P.,Ft.W.&C. x-d	93
200	do b3	92⅜	500	do	93⅜
300	do	92⅝	200	Mar. & C. 1st Pr.	57
700	do s3	92⅜	100	Quick. M. Co.	77⅞
100	Reading R. c	122⅛	100	do b3	78
400	do s3	122⅜	200	Cum. Coal	49¾
1000	do	122⅜	300	do b3	49⅜
300	do b5	122⅜	200	do	50½
200	do s3	122⅜	50	do	50
100	do	123	200	do c	50⅜
200	Hud. Riv. R. b3	114⅜	500	do	51⅛
100	Mich. Cen. R.	119	200	do b3	52
100	Mich. S. & N. I. R.	64	500	do	51¾
300	do	68⅞	200	do	52
100	Ill. Cen. R.	117⅜	100	do b5	52¾
400	do	117¼	500	Mar. Min. Co.	32

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

400	N. Y. Cen. R.	115	100	M. S. & N. I.	64¾
200	Erie R. s3	93⅜	500	do	64
2400	do	93	300	do	64⅜
200	do	92⅝	200	do b3	64⅜
600	do	93½	200	do	64⅜
400	do	93¾	300	do	64⅜
1600	do	93⅜	100	Chi.& R. I. x-d	92
400	Reading R.	121⅜	200	do	92⅝
400	do s3	121⅜	200	Chic. & N. W.	40
320	Hud. Riv. R.	117¼	200	do b3	40
500	do	117⅜	100	do b30	41
100	do	117⅛	200	Ill. Cen. R.	117⅞
100	do b3	117¾	200	Chi. & N.W.Pr.	74⅛
100	do s3	117⅜	100	do	74
100	do	117⅜	400	do	74⅜
200	Cum. Coal	54⅜	100	P.Ft.W.& C. x-d	95
100	do	54¾	200	do	95¼
100	do	54⅜	200	Quick. Min.Co.	79
100	do b3	55	100	Mariposa M. Co. s3	33¾
100	do	54⅜	100	do	33⅜

Thursday, Oct. 6—P. M.

The quiet in Grant's army before Richmond and Petersburgh, and the absence of later news to-day, caused an upward turn in the Gold Room of 3@4 ℘ cent., in connection with the wildest rumors of disaster to Grant. These stories were, of course, not confirmed by telegraph in the afternoon, for the sufficient reason that they had no other basis than the mere comparative quiet of the armies on both sides since the movements at the close of last week. There was some inclination to give them importance, because the Railways at the Stock Exchange were rapidly rising yesterday afternoon and this morning. But this reversal of speculation is already the effect of the panic sales a few days ago for *Bear* account, and the conviction which is coming over the public mind that the Dividend paying Railways, in which category seven-eighths of the Roads dealt in at the Exchange, are now numbered have been sold down too low. This feeling on the part of the outsiders, together with a tacit combination for an upward speculation among some of the old Brokers and Jobbers on the Street, has suddenly created strong *Bull* interest in the Railways and rallied prices from the lowest depression from 5 to 8 per cent. The old party operating in the other direction have by no means yielded their view of the future of the market to this change, and the conflict of opinion yesterday and to-day has caused frequent and wide fluctuations, especially in Erie, regarded by both parties as the representative Stock of the list. The alternations since yesterday forenoon have been 86@91½@92@90½@94@92 ℘ cent., and on Southern Michigan 57@65@63½ ℘ cent. Other of the Western Roads show even wider fluctuations.

The Government Stocks were firmer on the 5-20s and steady on the 6 ℘ cents. of 1881. Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness were the same as yesterday.

Among the Stocks connected with the Anthracite Coal trade, the Philadelphia and Reading Road is the present favorite on the Stock Exchange with the *Bull* interest, but is sold heavily short by the *Bears*. The contest is marked by wide and frequent fluctuations in price, and very large transactions at each session of the Board of Brokers. The sales to-day reach 10,000 or 12,000 shares; the highest price 122 ℘ cent. against the lowest yesterday 113 ℘ cent.

At 4 o'clock the following quotations were made on the general market, as compared with the same hour yesterday. The Railways leave off firm, and the market much excited on Erie, Reading, &c. The price of Gold is about 196 ℘ cent. Later quotations will be made and published on another page of this paper, under the head of the Evening Exchange:

	Wed.	Thurs.		Wed.	Thurs.
U. S. 6s, 1881	104¾	105	Mich. Southern	61	64¾
U. S. 5-20's	106⅜	106⅞	Illinois Cen	114¾	117¾
N. Y. Central	111¾	114⅝	Pittsburgh	96¾	101
Erie	91⅜	93⅜	Fort Wayne	91⅝	95¼
Erie Preferred	96	100	Rock Island	89⅜	92¼
Hudson	112⅜	117⅜	Reading	120⅜	121⅜
Canton	28⅜	29	Quicksilver	78⅛	79
Treas. Cer., new	94⅛	94⅛	Cum'land Coal	49½	54⅜
Northwest	39	40⅛	Mariposa	33⅜	33¾
Ohio & M. Certfs	35⅝	36⅜	N. West Pref	72⅛	74⅜

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

Merchants	112	Merchants' Exchange	96
Mecnanics'	112	American Exc'nge	117
Union	113	Corn Exchange	100
Phœnix	100	St. Nicholas	99
Tradesmens'	113	Commonwealth	101
		Park	130

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y Cen. 6s	110	Chi. & N. W. Int. Bds.	95
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	115	Chi. & N. W. 1sts	92
Erie 1st, '68	105	Del. L. & W. 2ds	115
Erie 2ds. '79	110	Tol. & Wab. 1sts	99
Erie 3ds, '83	113	Tol. & Wab. 2ds	84
Hudson R. '69	110	M. & P. Du Ch.	109
Hud. R. 2ds. S. F. '85	115	Pitts., F. W. & C. 2ds	102
Mich. S. 2ds	90	Chic. & Pitts. 3ds	100
Ill. Cen., 75	114⅜	Chi. & Pitts. 4ths	83
Al. & T. H. 1sts	100	Miss. & Mo. L. G.	55
Al. & T. H. 2d Pfd	80	Chi. & N. W. S. F.	102
Al. & T. H. 2ds, Income	80		

No further mercantile failures have occurred this week. The revulsion in trade so confidently acted upon by certain parties in Stock speculations, in Wall-street, whatever losses it may entail, is by no means likely to constitute a parallel to 1857. Many of the heavy firms in this city, engaged in the general mercantile business, are likely to have their large fortunes, as estimated a few months ago, materially curtailed. This is a private misfortune with which the public will not sympathize. But the profits which they have been making through the past year will, it is believed, abundantly save them, in most cases, from suspension. Since the failure of Maxwell, Wright & Co., last Friday, rumor has been busy with other names in the Coffee trade. It has gone to the country by telegraph that Messrs. Sturges, Bennett & Co., and one or two other houses, have been brought down by the reaction in prices. We know, authoritatively, that the house specially mentioned has *not* failed, nor are they likely to fail; and the presumption is that rumor has taken an equally unlicensed liberty with other names in the Coffee trade.

Messrs. Benkard & Hutton, the well-known Commission Importers in the French Dry Goods line, are selling their new stocks this week through the auction room of Messrs. Wilmerdings & Mount. Very estimable merchants and public spirited citizens are Messrs. Benkard & Hutton, but in their extreme anxiety to press their goods on sale with as little loss as possible to their correspondents abroad, they seem to venture their opinions of the future of Gold and Currency with singular boldness and inconsistency not alone in their preliminary advertisements, but, according to one of the afternoon papers, in a very "feeling" harangue from the stand of the auctioneer at the sale itself. After they have thus effected the summary disposition of their goods, however, another worthy junior partner appears in William-street as a buyer of Exchange, to cover the proceeds. We shall expect to hear from him again, as we have often heard before, that Gold is not only going down, but ought to go down!

The September traffic on the Michigan Central Road was, in

September, 1864	$408,444
September, 1863	308,167
Increase	$100,277

The Fourth National Bank to-day made an additional subscription to the Popular 7.30 ℘ cent. Loan of the United States of $200,000.

The shipments of Gold and Silver from San Francisco for 1864 to the 8th ult. are:

To 8th September, 1864	$41,069,106
To same date 1863	31,298,518
Increase this season	$9,770,588

The business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States, New-York, of the day, was as follows: Receipts, $4,490,563 19; for Customs, $95,000; payments, 5,504,173 38; balance, $30,088,391 18; on account of Loan, $101,500.

A rumor to the effect that the Five Dollar Note of the National Banking Currency has been traced to a variation in the lettering on the face of the note; the departure from uniformity appearing on the notes of the following institutions:

The First National Bank of Washington, D. C.
The First National Bank of Sandusky, Ohio.
The First National Bank of Fort Wayne, Ind.
The First National Bank of Youngstown, Ohio.
The First National Bank of Indianapolis, Ind.
The First National Bank of Stamford, Conn.

On the notes of these Banks, (which were among the first organized under the law, the line "This Note is Secured," &c., extends to the left of the line above it, which reads "National Currency;" whereas, on the other issues, one line is wholly beneath the other. The omission of the word "the" before the word "bonds," which was decided upon after the manufacture of the plates was considerably advanced, accounts for the discrepancy. There are no counterfeits of any denomination of the National Currency in circulation.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
No. 4 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
Fiscal Agent for the U. S. Government.

This Bank will include in its bid for the new 5-20 six per cent. loan, the orders of other parties. Such orders must be accompanied by 5 per cent. of the amount, and if successful, a charge of ⅛ will be made; if unsuccessful, the 5 per cent. will be repaid immediately.

Certificates of Indebtedness can be used at par and interest for one-quarter of any award, and Certificates will answer for the 5 per cent. preliminary deposit.

All orders must be in by 4 o'clock on the 13th instant. Our bid, including all who join us, will be made up in Washington, by Mr. J. Thompson, on the morning of the 14th.

S. C. THOMPSON, President.
James Curphey, Cashier.

☞ THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK DEPOSITORY
AND
FINANCIAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES,
Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st.,

Receives subscriptions to the new 7 3-10 Treasury Notes, which are convertible at maturity into *Six Per Cent. Gold-bearing 5-20 Bonds.*

Commission of ¼ per cent. in all cases allowed and liberal terms to Banks who buy to sell again. Receives subscriptions to the 10-40 Bonds. Converts the old 3-10 Notes into 6 per cent. 1881 Bonds. Collects Warrants and Drafts on the Treasury, and transacts all other business connected with Government.

MORRIS KETCHUM, President.
D. W. Vaughan, Cashier.

☞ QUARTERLY STATEMENT OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK, on the morning of the first Monday of October, 1864:

Dr.		
Loans and Discounts		$238,964 48
Furniture		2,559 26
Expense account		13,177 41
United States taxes		3,562 25
Due from Banks		314,239 84
Overdrafts		622 05
Due from Treasury United States		138,157 [illegible]
U. S. Bonds, deposited to secure circulation	$341,000 00	
Do. do. Deposits	250,000 00	
U. S. Bonds on hand	917,255 63	
Other U. S. Securities	1,047,590 93—	2,525,846 62
Premium on Bonds deposited in Washington		13,395 00
Specie and Legal-Tender Notes	894,585 78	
Notes of National and State Banks	33,100 00	
Case Items	45,118 77—	972,804 55
		$4,223,309 84
Cr.		
Capital (paid in)		$500,000 00
Surplus		30,000 00
Circulation		277,300 00
Deposits due Individuals	$1,306,719 47	
Deposits due United States	250,224 25	
Deposits due National Banks	1,191,614 85	
Deposits due State Banks	567,590 19—	3,306,148 76
Exchange account		291 57
Profits		109,569 51
		$4,223,309 84

GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Thursday, Oct. 6—2 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 38 bbls. Ashes, 22,564 bbls. Flour, 301 bbls. and 1,029 bags Corn Meal, 109,442 bushels Wheat, 45,166 bushels Corn, 24,691 bushels Rye, 142,655 bushels Oats, 39,853 bushels Barley, 593 pkgs. Provisions, and 381 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Continue quiet at $10 75@$11 for Pots, and $11 75@ $12 for Pearls, ℘ 100 lbs.

COTTON—Has been inactive and depressed; Middling $1 15@$1 20, chiefly within the range, ℘ lb.

COFFEE—Has been very quiet at drooping prices. Java at 42c.@44c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo at 35c. @36c.; Rio at 34c.@38c.; St. Domingo at 32c. ℘ lb.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in more demand at an advance of 15c.@ 25c. ℘ bbl. Sales since our last amount to 13,400 bbls., including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western at $7 40@$7 80; poor to choice Extra State at $7 80@$8 40; round-hoop Extra Ohio, inferior to very good shipping brands, at $8 90@$9 35 ℘ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$7 40	@$7 80
Extra State	7 80	@ 8 40
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	7 90	@10 75
Extra Ohio round-hoop, shp'g brands.	8 90	@ 9 35
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands.	9 35	@11 25
Extra Genessee	8 45	@10 75
Poor to choice Extra Missouri	8 40	@12 75

Southern Flour is doing better; sales since our last 1,250 bbls. at $9 80@$10 80 for poor to good, and $10 85 for good to choice extra brands, and $14@$15 for Phœnix Mills, ℘ bbl. Canadian Flour is improving; sales 550 bbls. extra at $7 90@$10 75 ℘ bbl. Rye Flour continues inactive, including fine and superfine, at from $8@$10 ℘ bbl.; sales 160 bbls. Corn Meal is plenty and down to $7 65 for Jersey, $7 80@ $8 for Brandywine ℘ bbl. Sales 800 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been more sought after, chiefly for export, at an advance of about 3c. ℘ bushel. Sales 145,000 bushels, including White Western at $2@$2 05; Amber Western at $1 82½@$1 90, the latter an extreme rate; Red Western at $1 78@ $1 82½; Amber Iowa, Wisconsin and Green Bay at $1 78@$1 81; Milwaukee Club at $1 76@$1 78; Chicago Spring at $1 73@$1 76 ℘ bushel. Corn is decidedly firmer; sales since our last 63,000 bushels, at $1 40@$1 48, closing at $1 48 for Mixed Western ℘ bushel. Oats are plenty and heavy. We quote Canada at 78c.@79c.; Western, 79c.@80c.; State at 78c. @79½c., cash, ℘ bushel. Sales were also made of 17,500 bushels Canada West Barley, part at $1 90 ℘ bushel; 10,500 bushels Western Rye at $1 38, and 3,000 bushels Barley Malt at $2 ℘ bushel.

HAY—North River continues in moderate demand at $1 20@$1 35 for Government and shipping, and $1 40@$1 55 for small lots for City use, ℘ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Are rather more inquired for at 15c.@35c. for inferior to choice one year old, and 40c.@52½c. for new, ℘ lb.

LEATHER—Is dull and heavy, prices are irregular.

MOLASSES—Has been inactive, including New-Orleans at 90c.@$1 10; Porto Rico, 70c.@85c.; Cuba Muscovado, 68c.@78c., ℘ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been quiet and depressed.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been less active at irregular prices, closing heavily. Sales to-day 8,300 bbls., at $41@$42, closing at $41 25 for New Mess, cash and regular way; $39 50@$40 50 for one year old Mess; $41 for Prime Mess, $39 for Thin Mess, and $37 50@$39 for Prime, ℘ bbl. Cut Meats are in fair demand, at 17c.@18½c. for Shoulders, 18c.@ 19½c. for Hams, and 20c. for bagged do.; sales 585 pkgs. Bacon is inactive. Lard is rather firmer; sales 3,800 tcs. and bbls., at 18¾c.@20c¾. for very poor to very choice, the latter an extreme. Beef is in fair demand, at $10@8 24 for Extra Mess, $15@$18 50 for Plain Mess, $10@$14 for Country Mess, ℘ bbl. Sales 650 bbls. Butter is in rather more request, at 36c.@ 46c. for poor to prime State, and 30c.@36c. for Western, ℘ lb. Cheese is quiet, at 13c.@ 21c. ℘ lb. The week's business in Butter and Cheese, Messrs. M. W. Starin & Co., in their special report for the current issue of the *Weekly Times*, review thus: "The depression in the market for Butter, noted in our late reports, has steadily continued, and under the present aspect and future prospect of the values of every article of Produce, the decline must continue until a solid, substantial basis is reached. The effect of holding back produce in order to sustain high prices in this market, has been fully illustrated during the past two weeks, by the operators in Chicago, which resulted in a crash of prices, and financial ruin to many of the parties interested. Holders of Butter and Cheese would do well to make a note of it. The receipts of Western Butter during the past week have been large. Prices have yielded in the West, and Butter there is unsaleable at the decline. Fair State Butter is in limited supply in this market, but that supply is more than ample for the very limited demand that exists at present prices, and no amount of stock could be sold unless at considerably reduced rates. Advices from the English markets are certainly of a favorable character, and fine American Butter would command more than ordinary rates, but shippers cannot purchase at our reduced quotations without incurring loss. The demand for City Trade is fairly active, as is usual at this season, with the return of Summer absentees. Fresh Pail Butters are in very small supply, and the business in that line is at present so small as to be hardly quotable. A few houses control the prices, which are daily varied, but has no effect on the actual Butter Market of New-York. The tendency of the market at the close is decidedly downward.

Orange and Sussex—fresh—pails—℘ lb	45@55
State and Pennsylvania—fresh—pails—℘ lb	45@55
State—firkins—Yellow	38@42
State—half-firkin tubs—℘ lb	40@45
State—Welsh tubs—℘ lb	35@40
Western firkins—Yellow—℘ lb	30@34
Pennsylvania—Yellow—firkins	37@40
Pennsylvania—Yellow—half-tubs	37@40
State firkins—Light colored	40@43
Western firkins—Light colored	30@33
State and Western firkins—Mixed colors	28@30

The decline in the market for Cheese has been as marked during the past week, as in Butter. This is caused by the yielding of holders in the Dairy Districts, where a larger stock is now held than ever was known before. Heavy stocks are known to be in the way, and lower prices are confidently anticipated. The market closes heavily at quotations:

State Daries—factory made—fine	20	@21
State Daries—factory made—fair to good	18	@19
State Daries—extra quality	18	@20
State Daries—fair to good	15	@17
Western Reserve—good to prime	15	@18
English Dairy—Eastern	19	@21
English Dairy—Western	16	@19
Pine-Apple	22	@24
Orange County—flat skimmed	14	@15

SUGARS—Are in limited demand, at irregular prices. Sales since our last, 126 hhds. Cuba &c., at 18c.@21c. ℘ lb. Refined Sugars are quiet, at 20c.@ 25c. ℘ lb.

TALLOW—Sales, 171,000 lbs. at 15c.@15¼., the latter rate for Butcher's Association, ℘ lb.

WHISKY—Sales, 350 bbls., in lots, at $1 65@$1 68 ℘ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, the engagements included 50 tons Oil Cake and 60 tons Tallow, at 12s. 6d. For London, 50 tons Oil Cake, at 12s. 6d.; also, by steamer, 9,000 bushels Wheat, at 5d., in bags, and 1,200 boxes Cheese, at 30s. For Glasgow, by steamer, 500 bbls. Flour, at 1s. 6d.; 22,000 bushels Wheat, at 3d.; 1,200 boxes Cheese and 500 pkgs. Butter, at 30s. For Dublin, 24,000 bushels Wheat, at 4d.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

City of Baltimore	Oct.	6	New-York	Liverpool
Britannia	Oct.	8	New-York	Liverpool
N. American	Oct.	8	New-York	Liverpool
Bremen	Oct.	8	New-York	Southampton
Bellona	Oct.	8	New-York	Liverpool
Virginia	Oct.	8	New-York	Liverpool
Olympus	Oct.	12	New York	Liverpool
Asia	Oct.	12	Boston	Havre
Washington	Oct.	12	New-York	Southampton
Saxonia	Oct.	15	New-York	Liverpool
Etna	Oct.	15	New York	Liverpool
Atlanta	Oct.	15	New York	Liverpool
China	Oct.	19	New-York	Southampton
Hansa	Oct.	22	New-York	Liverpool
Edinburg	Oct.	22	New-York	Liverpool
Erin	Oct.	22	New-York	Liverpool
Iowa	Oct.	22	New-York	Liverpool
Olympus	Oct	23	New-York	Liverpool
Cilla	Oct.	29	New-York	Liverpool
Louisiana	Nov.	5	New-York	Liverpool
Sidon	Nov.	9	New-York	Liverpool
Lafayette	Nov.	9	New-York	Liverpool
Washington	Dec.	7	New-York	Havre.

FROM EUROPE.

Kedar	Sept.	26	Liverpool	New-York.
Edinburg	Sept.	28	Liverpool	New-York.

Hansa	Sept. 28	Southampton	New-York.
Jura	Sept. 29	Liverpool	Quebec.
Europa	Oct. 1	Liverpool	Boston.
Kangaroo	Oct. 1	Liverpool	New-York.
Hecla	Oct. 4	Liverpool	New-York.
City of Washing'n.	Oct. 5	Liverpool	New-York.
Scotia	Oct. 8	Liverpool	New-York.
America	Oct. 12	Southampton	New-York.
Canada	Oct. 15	Liverpool	Boston.

For New-Orleans, Havana, &c.

Gen. Sherman	Oct. 7	New-York	New-Orleans.
Geo. Cromwell	Oct. 8	New-York	New-Orleans.
Suwo Nada	Oct. 8	New-York	New-Orleans.
Corsica	Oct. 10	New-York	Havana.
Roanoke	Oct. 10	New-York	Havana.
Havana	Oct. 13	New-York	Havana.
Yazoo	Oct. 15	New-York	New-Orleans.
Ariel	Oct. 19	New-York	New-Orleans.
Creole	Oct. 22	New-York	Matamoras.

For the Pacific Coast.

Costa Rica	Oct. 13	New-York	Aspinwall.
Ocean Queen	Oct. 21	New-York	Aspinwall.
North Star	Nov. 3	New-York	Aspinwall.

European Mails.

The mails for Great Britain and the Continent, by the *Bremen*, will close on Saturday, at 10:30 A. M.

The mails for Ireland, by the *City of Baltimore*, will close on Saturday, at 10:30 A. M.

For New-Orleans.

The mails for New-Orleans, by the *Suwo Nada*, will close on Saturday, at 1:30 P. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	5 A. M., 1:30 and 6:15 P. M.
Erie Mail	5 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.
Erie Mail, Way	5 A. M. and 3 P. M.
Long Island	5 A. M. and 2:15 P. M.
Newport and Fall River	4:00 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	4 P. M.
North Mails	5 A. M. and 4:15 P. M.
North Mail, Way	5:00 A. M. and 3 P. M.
South Mail at	5 A. M., 4:30, 6 and 10:30 P. M.

DRY GOODS.

A NEW CLOAK ROOM
AT LEGRAIN'S.
MONDAY, OCT. 3,
OPENING OF A LARGE AND CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF CLOAKS,
the great proportion of them being imported from PARIS
ESPECIALLY FOR THIS OPENING.
VELVET,
SILK,
CLOTH AND VELVET,
BEAVER CLOAKS FOR THE SEASON.
OPERA CLOAKS,
QUITE NEW STYLES.
A special cutter has been engaged.
The greatest attention will be paid to orders.
LEGRAIN,
No. 729 BROADWAY,
No. 1 WAVERLY-PLACE.

TREMENDOUS REDUCTION!!
TREMENDOUS REDUCTION!
TREMENDOUS REDUCTION!
AT R. H. MACY'S!
AT R. H. MACY'S!
AT R. H. MACY'S!
OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF
MUSLINS,
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
CURTAIN LACES,
FLANNELS,
CAMBRICS,
LINENS, &c., &c., &c.
REDUCED ONE-HALF FROM LAST WEEK'S PRICES!!
ALL OUR HOSIERY,
UNDERWEAR,
WOOLEN GOODS, &c.,
SELLING AT 50 PER CENT UNDER PRESENT PRICES!!
ALL OUR LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACE GOODS, &c., &c.,
SELLING AT IMMENSE REDUCTION!!
P. S.—WE SELL OUR FIRST QUALITY FRENCH KID GLOVES 50 CENTS LESS PER PAIR THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE CITY!!
R. H. MACY,
NOS. 204 AND 240 6TH-AV., NEAR 14TH-ST.

A UNIVERSAL HAT-STORE,
representing all the latest fashions in the Old World and the New, in
CHILDREN'S FANCY HATS,
INFANTS' FANCY HATS,
MISSES' HATS AND BONNETS,
BOYS' AND YOUTHS' HATS AND CAPS,
LADIES' FURS,
CHILDREN'S FURS, &c.,
is an appreciable convenience in a great city like New-York, and
SUCH A STORE IS GENIN'S,
No. 513 Broadway, ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.
Heads of families who wish to learn in half an hour what
THE WORLD IS WEARING,
in the way of out-door head-dresses, should at once
GO THERE,
for everything in the line that a fashionable and tasteful family could desire is comprised in the superb and elegant stock. GENIN, No. 513 Broadway.

AT DE PERCEVAL'S, NO. 657 BROADWAY—All kinds of Children's Cloaks and Suits, Dresses, Blankets, Basques, Corsets, Chemises, Infant's Waists, Aprons, Bibs, Baskets, &c.

Ladies' Embroidered Chemises, Nightgowns, Yokes, Ladies' ready-made Under Garments, Fluted Hkfs.

Initials and Coats of Arms embroidered on Handkerchiefs, Table Linen and Bed Clothes.

Braiding, Cotton and Silk Embroideries made to order. Stamping for Embroideries executed perfectly.

CLOTHING.

TO THE MERCHANTS OF NEW-YORK, who have stocks or parts of stocks of dry goods, boots and shoes, crockery or any kind of merchandise to dispose of at auction, will find in GILBERT & SAMPSON, of Chicago, facilities which are not excelled by any auction house west of New-York City. Their location is the best, and their rooms the most spacious and best adapted to auction sales of any to be found. They have had long experience in their business, and are thoroughly acquainted with all kinds of goods. The best of New-York references given.

ATTENTION.—No. 222 7TH-AV.—A LARGE order; $150,000 worth of cast-off clothing wanted for the Western and California markets. Ladies and gentlemen, if you wish to receive the highest price for your cast-off clothing, carpets, furniture, jewelry, &c., the best you can do is to call or send a note to Mr. MARKS, at No. 222 7th-av., near 25th-st. Ladies attended by Mrs. MARKS. True, you will be dealt with to your satisfaction and benefit. Orders attended in and out of the City.

AT THE ONLY AND SUREST PLACE where ladies and gentlemen can dispose of their cast-off wearing apparel, carpets, furniture, jewelry, diamonds, &c., and receive the utmost value at the rate of gold, as we have a great demand for those articles for Western markets. Please call or address a note by post to H. HARRIS, No. 164 7th-av., between 21st and 22d sts. You will not regret it. Also, old gold or silver bought. Ladies waited upon by Mrs. HARRIS at their own residences, in or out of the City.

PRINTING.

FRANCIS & LOUTREL, Stationers, Printers and Bookbinders, No. 45 Maiden-lane. Orders solicited. Diaries for 1865.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE, BY AN English Protestant woman who thoroughly understands the care and management of an infant or young children; fully competent to take the entire charge of a nursery; can give many years' City reference as to character and capability. Can be seen at No. 145 East 31st-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE young girls; one as good plain cook; she is a good bread, biscuit and pie baker; is also a good washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid and waitress; is willing to make herself generally useful; both have good City references. Call, for two days, at No. 141 West 29th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED.—A WIDOW LADY OCCUPYING A good social position, fully competent to take the entire charge of a gentleman's house and servants, would like a situation as housekeeper in City or country; unexceptionable City references given and required. Address Mrs. E. MUNROE, Yonkers, N. Y.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE Protestant girls, one as a competent seamstress and take care of grown up children; the other as chambermaid and plain sewer; has good City reference. Call for two days at No. 184 East 29th-st.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE YOUNG women, situations, one as chambermaid and seamstress, the other as nurse and seamstress; or would do chamberwork; have good City reference from their last place. Call till suited at No. 133 West 33d-st.

WANTED—BY A NEAT, TIDY YOUNG ENGLISH woman, a situation in the city or country to do housework. She will go for low wages, as she wants to have her little son two years old in the house with her. Call at No. 69 6th-av., basement, for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as chambermaid and to do plain sewing; is willing and obliging. Good city references. Call or address M. M. G., No. 631 2d-av., between 34th and 35th sts., bell No. 3, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as nurse; is competent to take the entire charge of an infant from its birth; can give good City reference. Call at No. 89 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY FIRST-CLASS servants in every capacity, in City or country. Apply at the Private Servants' Institute, No. 103 West 36th st., between 6th-av. and Broadway.
J. E. WEIR, Proprietor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUATION in a private family as chambermaid and waitress, or up-stairs work and sewing; best city reference. Call or address No. 642 6th-av., between 37th and 38th sts.

WANTED—BY A NEAT YOUNG WOMAN A situation for taking care of children; is a good sewer; will assist at chamberwork: best of city references. Call at No. 411 2d-av., near 23d-st., 2d story.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GERMAN PROTESTANT woman, with first-class City reference, as lady's maid and seamstress; understands hairdressing and dressmaking thoroughly. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 311 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG GIRL, as nurse and to do plain sewing, or would do chamberwork and see to grown children; good references can be given. Call at No. 103 West 33d-st., between 6th and 7th avs., in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN, as good plain cook, washer and ironer. Has four years' City reference. Call at No. 411 2d-av., near 23d-st., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED nurse and seamstress; can take charge of a baby; has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 106 West 22d-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER'S SITUATION, BY a lady who, though young, has had considerable experience; best recommendations given. Address, for one week, H. L. T., Brooklyn Post-office.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE YOUNG women, situations, one as first-class cook, the other as waitress; has no objection to do chamberwork; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days, if not engaged, at No. 203 East 32d-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT, TIDY WOMAN, with excellent City references, a situation as thorough waitress or regular chambermaid in a private boarding-house; City or country. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; understands all kinds of game, soups, bread and pastry; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 115 East 32d-st., between 4th and Lexington avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as cook, washer and ironer, or would do general housework. Good reference. Call, for two days, at No. 192 39th-st., between 7th-av. and Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as nurse and seamstress; capable of taking care of children; has good City reference. Call at No. 203 13th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT WOMAN, a situation as first-class cook; understands her business thoroughly; good reference. Call at No. 232 6th-av., above 15th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as chambermaid and do plain sewing; has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 317 East 24th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS, OR chambermaid and waitress, by a young woman, who lived nearly three years in her last situation. Apply at No. 7 West 11th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as seamstress, or nurse and seamstress, understands cutting and fitting children's clothing. Good reference. Apply at No. 65 West 20th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A SITUATION as chambermaid; would do sewing or a little washing; no objection to the country. Please call at No. 130, 16th-st., between 6th and 7th-avs.

WANTED.—TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS WISH situations—one as first-class cook, and the other as first-class waitress or chambermaid; best of City reference. Apply at No. 408 4th-av., in the fancy store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISH woman, as infant's nurse and seamstress; is fully competent to take entire charge of children; has best of references. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE German girl as chambermaid and seamstress, or as chambermaid and waitress. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 311 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LAUNDRESS and chambermaid, by a young woman; best of City reference given. Apply at No. 108 West 23d-st., near 6th-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN CITY OR COUNTRY as cook and laundress, or as general servant: is a first-rate cook and baker; excellent washer and ironer. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FRENCH dressmaker, as a seamstress in a respectable family; is a steady woman. Can be seen at No. 959 East 32d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, as cook, in a private family, and to assist in washing. Call at her present employer's, No. 42 West 15th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as good cook; is a first-class washer and ironer; would have no objections to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 226 Mulberry-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as first-class cook; best of City references. Call at No. 278 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL, as chambermaid and waitress; best City reference given. Call at 164 West 20th-st., third floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A NEAT GIRL OF 16, A SITUATION as nurse; lately landed; is willing and obliging; wages $5. Call at No. 192 East 21st st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW, A housekeeper's situation in a respectable family. Call at No. 25 Monroe-st. for two days.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN WOMAN, A situation as housekeeper in a gentleman's family; good reference. Call at No. 30 1st-st.

WANTED.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation to cook, wash and iron, or as chambermaid and waitress. Call at No. 55 8th-av., second floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A PLACE to do chamberwork and waiting. Call for two days at No. 138 West 39th-st.

A FULL SUPPLY OF HELP, MALE AND female, for all kinds of work, in city or country, now on hand at the Employment House, cor. 6th-av. and 22d-st., anxious to obtain situations.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A young married Englishman, whose time will be out Oct. 6. The man and wife have been living in a place up the Hudson River; both superior servants; will engage separate or will both go into the same family; best reference from his present employer. Address J. C., Box No. 161 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTESTANT, as coachman, a sober, steady young man, who understands the care of horses; is a good driver; has lived in England; the best of reference can be given from his last employer. Address E. S., No. 110 West 35th-st., near 6th-av.; or Box No. 202 *Times* Office.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT, BY A SOBER, steady man, as coachman and gardener; understands all his business; can give the best of references from his last employer, whom he left on Monday last. Apply at J. M. Wilson's livery stable, corner of Bleecker and Crosby sts., for J. G.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A GERMAN, A married man, who is perfectly acquainted with gardening in all its branches; the best of reference. Address DANIEL CORDIER, No. 195 East 35th-st., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY a single man, with ten years' references; understands greenhouse grapes, vegetables, fruit and flowers. Address GARDENER, Box No. 201 *Times* Office, for this week.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a married man, who can give the best of City references. Address THOMAS H., No. 168 1st-av., or Box No. 216 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, a situation as coachman or groom; understands the care of horses perfectly well. Address HOME, Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a single man; the best of City and country references can be had. Call or address, for two days, at No. 39 Great Jones-st. Private address F. B.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUATION as gardener; understands cows and horses and all kinds of work; has City recommendations. Address T. B., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

A GENTLEMAN, WHO CAN PRODUCE the best testimonials as to character, ability and application to business, wishes employment in any capacity where he can earn a livelihood; writes a plain and rapid hand, and has a good general knowledge of business; can keep books and perform clerical duty generally. Address W. E. WOOD, *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—TWO AMERICAN YOUTHS, FROM 16 to 18 years of age, who reside with their relatives and are of good moral habits. Those who can work rapidly with their fingers preferred, as they are wanted in a branch of business where this is requisite. Apply between 9 and 10 o'clock this morning, at No. 33 Beekman-st., up stairs.

WANTED—A GERMAN OR SCOTCHMAN, AND wife, without incumbrances, as gardener and dairywoman, on a place on the Hudson River: must have the best of recommendations. Call at No. 274 Front-st., from 11 till 3 o'clock.

WANTED—A MAN AS HELPER IN FITTING steam pipes. Must show good City recommendations; wages $12 per week. Apply after 9 o'clock A. M. to FRANCIS HART & CO., No. 63 Cortlandt-st.

WANTED—TWENTY PRACTICAL BRICK-LAYERS and hod-carriers, for work near Jersey City Ferry. Apply at room No. 1, No. 132 Hudson-st., Jersey City.

SERVANT WANTED—TO DO DOWN-STAIRS work; must be a good plain cook, washer and ironer, pleasant in her manners, and well recommended. Apply at No. 216 Dean-st., Brooklyn.

BOY WANTED—TO LEARN THE WOOD ENGRAVING business; one having some knowledge of drawing preferred. Apply to LOSSING & BARRITT, No. 7 Beekman-st.

WANTED—A NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS; must be a Protestant and have good city references. Apply from 9 to 12 o'clock at No. 39 East 12th-st.

WANTED—IN A HAT, CAP AND STRAW goods jobbing house in this City, four salesmen that can influence trade. Address Box No. 4,958 Post-office.

WANTED—A GOOD COACHMAN, WITH UNEXCEPTIONABLE references from his last employer. Apply at No. 31 Gold-st.

WANTED—A CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS; also nurse and seamstress; references required. Apply at No. 48 East 37th-st., from 10 to 12 A. M.

FOR SALE.

CENTRAL PARK LOTS.
Several very choice lots on the east and west sides of the Central Park, and on adjacent streets. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

TO CAPITALISTS.
For sale, a row of 20 brown-stone houses, centrally located in a first-class street, now producing a large rental. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—FARM OF 28 ACRES FOR sale, lying in the outskirts of the above place. The land is in a high state of cultivation, and most beautifully watered. Fruit trees, &c., in abundance. Small house, new, for a farmer; out-buildings, nearly all new. This is a farm, comprising so many advantages, that its equal is seldom met with, and needs only to be seen by a good judge to be appreciated. Any further information, &c., may be had by addressing P. O., Box No. 633, Newark, N. J.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS DWELLING-house in 5th-av., most eligibly situated; built and occupied by the owner, and in complete order. There is a fine brick stable on the adjoining street lot which communicates with the avenue lot on the rear, and can be purchased with the house. The furniture in the house may also be purchased if desired. Address Box No. 1,406 Post-office, with the writer's name and address, to whom a permit will be given to view the premises.

FIVE OF A ROW OF SIXTEEN NEW houses for sale. On Cutting's Hill, East 41st-st.; ground as high as Murray Hill, overlooking the East River, same as Brooklyn Heights; three-story, basement and cellar; 16x100 feet; brick and brown stone, high stoops, with all modern improvements. Possession immediately. Opposite side, two of a row, brown-stone, 20x100. C. O. BILLINGS, on the premises; J. W. STEVENS, No. 30 Pine-st., from 1 to 2 P. M.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FARM OF 28 acres, containing a house, barn and several outbuildings, situated in Clarkston, Rockland County, N. Y., on the Northern Railroad of New-Jersey, 33 miles from New-York City; every variety of fruit on the premises. Apply, for further particulars and terms, to JOSEPH WHITE, Spring Valley, N. Y.; or, D. E. DOWNS, No. 56 Beekman-st., New-York City.

FOR SALE.—A VERY DESIRABLE HOUSE AND lot on the west side of Columbia-st., Brooklyn Heights, with store on Furman-st.; lot 25 feet 3 inches by 150 feet. House contains all modern improvements, and is in perfect order; yard in high state of cultivation. A portion of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. For further particulars apply to JOHN BLISS, No. 26 Burling-slip, New-York.

FARM WANTED—IN GOOD WORKING ORDER and with proper buildings thereon; of about 100 acres, within 100 to 120 miles of the City, on the line of the Harlem or Hudson River Railroad. The same must be near a railroad station and pleasantly situated. Answer with price and full particulars to J. C. B., Box No. 5227, New-York Post-office.

FARM FOR SALE—CONTAINING 75 ACRES choice land, plain farm-house and out-buildings, situate at Pleasant Plains Station, Staten Island Railroad, west end of Staten Island, the property of Edward Wier, deceased. For particulars apply to G. R. WIER, on the premises, or EDWARD WIER, 80th-st., near 2d-av., Yorkville.

A VALUABLE PROPERTY IN THE VILLAGE of Jericho, L. I.; large residence, with every convenience; together with country hotel adjoining; cost the late owner $13,000. Also, 45 acres of cultivated land; will sell for $7,000, or exchange for Brooklyn or City property. For maps and information, apply to COOPER & FORGIE, No. 5½ Pine-st., Room No. 18.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

COTTAGES FOR SALE—AT EAST NEW-York—one with four rooms, at $850, with two lots at $1,000. Also, cottages at $1,600, $1,800, $2,000, and ten elegant dwellings, with four to eight lots, each at $2,500 to $8,000. CHAS. R. MILLER, Atlantic-av., East New-York.

LLEWELLYN PARK.—STRANGERS WISHING to visit Llewellyn Park can obtain cards of admission at T. B. MERRICK & SON'S, No. 70 William-st., New-York; or BAILEY & EVERITT'S, Library Building, Orange, N. J.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN—THE THREE story brick house, No. 166 Washington-st., situated on high ground, convenient to the ferries; containing bath, stationary tubs, range, water-closets, &c., all in perfect order. For terms, &c., apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL VERY DESIRABLE parcels of lots on the 5th-av., south of the Central Park. Also, lots on 3d, Lexington, Madison, and 4th avs. Also, lots in every desirable location. For particulars apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE and lot No. 58 West 27th-st., near 6th-av.; has been put in good order and immediate possession may be had. Apply on the premises, or of T. G. CHURCHILL, No. 161 Broadway.

FOR SALE—ON MURRAY HILL, NEAR 5TH-av., a full size first-class house, with dining room extension; completely furnished, except silver, linen, &c.; immediate possession. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE ON THE 5TH-AV.—A FIRST-class 4-story brown-stone house, with furniture. The house was built by the present owner for his own occupancy, and without regard to expense. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—6 FIRST-CLASS brick houses, 3 stories and high basements, on 125th-st., ready for immediate occupancy; 125th-st. is 100 feet wide, sewered and lighted. S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st., or J. C. SAUNDERS, No. 13 Chambers-st.

A SPLENDID INVESTMENT.—FOR SALE—1,200 acres valuable Pennsylvania timber and farmland, with saw-mill and farm-buildings complete; situate near Harrisburgh River. Address GEORGE N. TOWNSEND, at Allen & Brown's, No 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN.—POSSESSION immediately. A three-story brick house, near Dr. Cuyler's Church, in first-rate order; contains the modern improvements. For cards of Admission, apply to J. DAVENPORT, corner of Fulton-av. and Oxford-st.

FOR SALE—FOUR FIRST-CLASS THREE-story high-stoop brown-stone front houses. They contain all the improvements. Apply on the premises, 57th-st., south side, between 3d and Lexington avs.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS NEW BROWN-stone four-story high-stoop houses, Nos. 35 and 37 West 39th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Latest improvements. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—A HANDSOME cottage house in the village of Motthaven; ten minutes' walk from Harlem bridge. Apply to H. F. L. BUNTING, No. 303 Pearl-st.

FOR SALE—A FURNISHED HOUSE, 20x50, West 45th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Apply to COR. R. DISOSWAY, No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No 8. No commissions allowed.

LOT WANTED—IN 10TH, 11TH OR 17TH wards; a lot 25 or 30x100, with or without improvements. Address by note G. C. KING, No. 100 Broadway, stating location, price, terms, &c.

A BARGAIN.—GOOD COTTAGE, NINE ROOMS, four full lots, plenty of fruit, 9 miles on Long Island Railroad, 200 feet from depot, only $1,700. COOPER & FORGIE, No. 5½ Pine-st., Room No. 18.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW BROWN-STONE houses, four stories, ready for occupying. Cheap for cash. Nos. 236 and 238 East 50th-st.
JOHN GLASS, Owner.

FOR SALE ON 36TH, 37TH, AND 38TH sts., between 5th and 6th avs., first-class brown stone houses. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE NEW FOUR-STORY, HIGH basement, brown-stone house, No. 55 West 48th-st. Apply on the premises.

TO LET.

SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET,
IN THE
EMPIRE BUILDING,
CORNER OF
BROADWAY AND RECTOR-ST.,
NOW COMPLETED,
having been arranged, with superior light and ventilation, into
FIRST-CLASS OFFICES,
with every convenience, suitable for
BANKERS,
BROKERS,
MERCHANTS,
LAWYERS,
INSURANCE,
MINING,
RAILWAY, AND
PETROLEUM COMPANIES.
Apply at the office of
EDWARD MATTHEWS,
Corner Broad-st. and Exchange-place.

TO RENT—FURNISHED, FOR THREE YEARS, a first-class house in 9th-st., near Broadway; rent $5,500.

Also,

In 15th-st., a double house for three years, at $7,000 a year, elegantly furnished. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—IN BROOKLYN—THE SECOND STORY and one or two bedrooms in the attic, to a small family; location pleasant; rent seven dollars per month. Inquire on the premises, Monroe-st., second house from Navy-av., or of JOHN HOOPER & CO., Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park Row, New-York. The rooms are in good order; possession immediately.

AT NEW-BRIGHTON, HAMILTON PARK.—To rent, furnished and unfurnished houses, containing gas and all modern improvements; delightful situation for Winter or Summer; good neighborhood. Apply at Room No. 11, No. 132 Broadway, or B. BRADLEY, No. 362 Broadway.

TO LET—AT RYE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, A residence with five acres of land; house containing all of the modern improvements, plenty of fruit, &c. For further particulars apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

TO LET—TILL MAY 1, FURNISHED COTTAGE at Sherwood, N. J., two miles from Jersey City Ferry, containing 8 rooms. Apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

TO LET ON MURRAY-HILL—A FIRST-class brown-stone house. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—FOR ONE year, in 21st-st., opposite Theological Seminary. Address, stating full name and size of family, X. Y. Z., Box No. 1612 Post-office.

THE ELEGANTLY FURNISHED HOUSE No. 23 University-place to rent to a private family only. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FARMS.

WESTERN FARM, OR FARM LAND, wanted, for three cash customers, either in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois or Michigan; the latter will be preferred. S. COCHCROFT, No. 165 Broadway.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

WANTED TO RENT—IMMEDIATELY, A first-class residence between 4th and 25th sts. and Broadway and 6th-av. Furniture purchased if suitable. WHARTON BROTHERS, No. 132 Broadway.

WANTED TO RENT—A HOUSE, UNFURnished or furnished; or would purchase the furniture for cash. Address, stating size, location, price and other particulars, Box No. 4,139 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A MEDIUM-SIZED FURNISHED OR unfurnished house, in New-York or Brooklyn, at a moderate rent, paid in advance if required; possession within two weeks. Apply to A. JOURNEAY, 8 Pine-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—AT NEWARK, N. J., THIRTY minutes from New-York, one or two families and single gentlemen can find board and pleasant rooms, within one block of the Centre-st. depot. The house contains gas, water, is pleasantly situated in a good neighborhood, and gentlemen doing business in New-York would find it much more convenient than living in the upper part of the City. Trains running to and fro nearly every half hour during the day. For further particulars apply at No. 13 Centre-st., Newark, N. J.

AT SUMMIT, N. J.—ONE HOUR FROM NEW York per Morris and Essex Railroad foot of Barclay street. Families can obtain desirable rooms with permanent board on very reasonable terms in the Summit House. Location unsurpassed for health and convenience. The house is pleasantly situated near churches, schools, Post-office and within two minutes walk of railroad depot. Fourteen trains daily.

BOARD.—TO LET—AN ELIGIBLE APARTMENT in a very small, unobtrusive family, with board, to an invalid or lady expecting to require medical care, kindness and home attention. For location, terms, &c., apply to or address Dr. THIERS, No. 1,217 Broadway. No children or boarders.

DESIRABLE COUNTRY BOARD, FOR families, can be had at the residence of the subscriber; comfortable rooms, liberal table, very healthy and pleasant location among the hills. Address H. E., Town of Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y. Daily communication with the City, by boat and rail.

A PRIVATE FAMILY OCCUPYING A first-class four-story brown stone house near the Clarendon Hotel, and having more room than they require, will rent a suite of rooms, without meals, handsomely furnished, for the Winter. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

BOARD WANTED—FROM NOVEMBER TO April or May, for a gentleman, wife and three daughters, aged 16, 11 and 4; two or three good sized rooms required; dinner early preferred. Please address, with terms, Box No. 454 Post-office.

A GENTLEMAN DESIRES A WELL furnished room with bedroom or without, in a modern house of a private German or American family, between 7th and 20th-st., west side near Broadway. Breakfast desired. Address BROKER, Box No. 173 *Times* office.

BOARD WANTED.—A LADY AND DAUGHTER wish to obtain board in a family where instruction on the piano would be considered as partly equivalent, on moderate terms. Address B., Box No. 138 *Times* Office.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET ONE front room, second or third story, to one or two gentlemen with or without partial board, handsome house and neatly furnished, and pleasant neighborhood on reasonable terms, for three days. Apply at No. 176 West 21st-st.

FOR SALE—BY ALLEN & BROWN, NO. 96 Broadway, several very desirable brown-stone front houses and lots, in the best neighborhood, mostly all new houses, between 4th and 6th avs., with immediate possession.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY HIGH-STOOP house and lot on 35th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., with immediate possession. For permits and particulars, apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE wish to obtain board in a private family, where the comforts of a home might be enjoyed. Address C. M., Box 164 *Times* Office, stating terms and location.

ELEGANT ROOMS IN A FIRST-CLASS private house in 5th-av. Respectable parties, able to pay liberally for superior accommodations, may address "X. X. X.," Box No. 108 *Times* Office.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR TWO single gentlemen, will find a pleasant, genteel home in a family, at No. 157 West 38th-st. Terms moderate. Undoubted reference required.

BOARD WANTED—A GENTLEMAN WISHES to obtain board for his sister at $10 per week, including gas; unexceptionable references can be given. Address L. B., Box No. 134 *Times* Office.

A PARLOR AND ONE OR TWO BEDrooms furnished, to let with board in a private family up town. Reference required. Address F., Box No. 148 *Times* office.

BOARD WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN AND wife desire permanent board, with pleasant rooms, in a private family up town; would pay about $70 or $80 per month. Address H., Box No. 161 *Times* office.

TO LET—A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOM to a lady and gentleman; board for the lady only. Apply at No. 155 East 35th-st.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, without board, in 14th-st., near Delmonico's Maison Dorée. Address A. M., Station D, Post-office.

A SUITE OF ROOMS, WITH SOUTHERN exposure, can be secured at No. 7 West 25th-st. Private table only.

BOARDING.—PRIVATE FAMILY DESIRES TO let neatly furnished suites of rooms; also rooms for single gentlemen; good table; dinner at 6. 34 West 29th-st.

BROOKLYN.—NO. 16, CLINTON-ST., A SUITE of three rooms on second floor, convenient to ferries.

BROOKLYN.—A ROOM, OR SUITE OF ROOMS at No. 16 Clinton-st., convenient to ferries.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE.—Fifth Collection District State of New-York, VIIth, Xth, XIIIth and XIVth Wards of the City of New-York.—Pursuant to the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to provide internal revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes," approved June 30, 1864, notice is hereby given to all persons liable to pay duties or taxes under said act, in the Fifth Collection District of the State of New-York, that the Collector of said district has received from the Assessor thereof his annual collection list for the year ending April 30, 1865; that the duties and taxes assessed by said Assessor have become due and payable; that the said Collector will attend to receive the same at his office, No. 561 Broadway, in the City of New-York, daily, (Sundays excepted,) from the twentieth day of September, A. D. 1864, until the tenth day of October, A. D. 1864, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M., and that all persons who shall neglect to pay the duties and taxes so as aforesaid assessed upon them to the said Collector, within the period of time above specified, shall be liable to pay ten per centum additional upon the amount thereof.

Dated NEW-YORK, September 9, 1864.
JOSEPH HOXIE,
Collector Fifth District, State of New-York.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—THE INterest on the Bonds and Stocks of the City and County of New-York, due and payable Nov. 1, 1864, will be paid on that day, by DANIEL DEVLIN, Esq., Chamberlain of the City, at the Broadway Bank.

☞ The Transfer Books will be closed on Tuesday, the 11th inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 5, 1864.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REYNOLDS' TURBINE
WATER WHEELS
TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

WATER POWER WANTED.
Parties having water power for sale or to rent will please furnish description of same to TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway.

MARBLE MANTELS.
The best place in the City to purchase cheap and well finished mantels is at
MARTIN OLSEN'S
MANTEL MANUFACTORY,
No. 326 Navy-st., and No. 66 Flatbush-av., Brooklyn
Long Island, N. Y.

CLEANLINESS!—A STOVE MOST BRILliantly polished in two minutes for less than one farthing. W. C. NIXEY'S celebrated registered Black Lead. A new domestic discovery. Cannot be wasted. The advantages of this elegant chemical preparation are great saving of time, cleanliness of application, smallness of quantity required, and the prevention of waste, dust, and its destructive consequences. Further, it ultimately produces a pure metallic coating of a high degree of brilliancy and durability, reflecting both light and heat.
(See specimen on the sides of each block.)
Sold everywhere, in Solid Blocks, 1d., 2d., 4d. and 1s.
Works No. 12 Soho square, London.

WEDDING CARDS.
French Note Papers, Seals and Presses, Silver Plates, etc., at
J. Everdell's, 302 Broadway, cor. Duane St.
For Specimens by mail, send 25 cents.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles; walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail; also, mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, Bedding, Looking-glasses, &c., cheapest at G. W. SNEDEN'S, No. 263 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston sts. Call and save money. Goods warranted and delivered free. Furniture in suites.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE OF warranted manufacture. Also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1843.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Public notice is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

For building sewers, as follows:

1. In Fifty-ninth-street, from near Eighth-avenue, to and through Lexington-avenue and Fifty-sixth-street to the
2. Sewer in Third-avenue.
3. In Seventy-third-street, from Third to Fourth avenues.
4. In Seventh-avenue, between Thirtieth and Thirty-first streets.
5. In Orchard-street, between Stanton and Houston streets.
6. In Suffolk-street, between Broome and Delancey streets.
7. In Tenth-avenue, between Thirtieth and Thirty-first streets.
8. In One Hundred and Thirtieth-street, from Bloomingdale Road to the Hudson River.
9. In Fifty-third-street, from sewer in Sixth-avenue to near Seventh-avenue.
10. In Fifty-second-street, from Fourth to Fifth avenues.

For regulating, grading, setting and resetting curb and gutter and flagging, as follows:

1. In Seventy-ninth-street, from Tenth-avenue to Broadway.
2. In Fifty-seventh-street, from Seventh to Eighth avenues.
3. In Eighty-third-street, between Eighth and Tenth avenues.
4. In Twenty-first-street, from Tenth to Eleventh avenues.
5. In Sixty-second-street, from Fifth to Lexington avenues.
6. In One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, from Third-avenue to Harlem River.

For paving as follows:

1. In Forty-ninth-street, from Tenth-avenue to Hudson River.
2. In Fortieth-street, from Ninth to Tenth avenues, and resetting curb and gutter stones.
3. In Forty-seventh-street, from Third to east side of First-avenue.
4. In Fifty-third-street, from Third to Fourth avenues.
5. In Forty-eighth-street, from Second to Third avenues.
6. In Forty-first-street, from Third to Fourth avenues.

For flagging, reflagging, setting and resetting curb and gutter, as follows:

1. In Forty-fourth-street, from Sixth-ave. to Broadway.
2. In Seventh-avenue, between Forty-first and Forty-second streets.
3. In Sixtieth-street, from Broadway to Ninth-avenue.
4. In Twenty-fifth-street, from Ninth to Tenth avenues.
5. In Thirty-ninth-street, from Seventh to Eighth avenues.
6. In Ninetieth-street, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.
7. In Forty-ninth-street, from Sixth-avenue to Broadway.
8. In Eleventh-avenue, from Forty-second to Forty-third street.
9. In Fifth-avenue, from Forty-fourth to Forty-sixth street.
10. In Fifty-fourth-street, from Second to Third avenue.
11. In Barrow-street, between Greenwich and West streets.
12. In Sixty-second street, from Lexington to Third avenue.
13. In Avenue C, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets.
14. In Twenty-second-street, from Avenue A to Second avenue.
15. In Fifty-sixth-street, from First-avenue to Second-avenue.
16. In Sixth-avenue, from Forty-eighth to Fifty-ninth street.
17. In Forty third-street, from Tenth to Eleventh avenue.
18. In Fourth-avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-fifth to One Hundred and Twenty-seventh street.
19. In Thirty-third-street, from Eighth to Ninth avenue.
20. In Fifty-first-street, from Broadway to Hudson River.

For filling sunken lots between One Hundred and Twenty-eighth and One Hundred and Twenty-ninth streets, and Third and Fourth avenues.

For building a receiving-basin and culvert at the southeast corner of Allen and Houston streets.

For building a basin and culvert at the southwest corner of Grand and Chrystie streets.

For fencing vacant lots, West side of Second-avenue, between Fifty-first and Fifty-second streets, and Fifty-second and Fifty-third streets; north side of Fifty-first and Fifty-second streets; south side of Fifty-second-street, between Second and Third avenues; also, in Forty-third-street, north side, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

For fencing lots on the north side of Forty-eighth-street, between Fifth and Madison avenues.

For fencing lots on Fifty-first and Fifty-second streets. Also on Fourth-avenue, between Fifty-first and Fifty-second streets.

For fencing lots on Forty-first-street, between Second and Third avenues.

For regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter, and flagging Sixtieth-street, from Eighth-avenue to Broadway.

For regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter, and flagging Broadway, from Fifty-ninth-street to Seventieth-street.

For setting curb and gutter, and flagging Fifty-fourth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

For filling sunken lots between Sixty-third and Sixty-fourth streets and Eighth and Ninth avenues.

For fencing lots on the easterly side of Third-avenue between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh streets.

For filling sunken lots in Fourteenth-street, between First-avenue and Avenue A.

For setting curb and gutter, and flagging Eighth-avenue, from Fifty-ninth to Eighty-second-street. Also Twenty-seventh-street, between Second and Third avenues.

For flagging south side of Forty-fourth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

For paving William-street with trap-block, from John to Fulton-street.

For paving Fifty-eighth-street, from Second to Third-avenue, with trap-block pavement.

For paving Second-avenue, from Forty-second to Sixty-first-street, with trap-block, and laying necessary cross-walks from Forty-second-street to Seventy-ninth-street.

For regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter and flagging Eighty-fourth-street, from Avenue A to B.

For setting curb and gutter and flagging Twenty-third-street, from Avenue A to East River.

For regulating and grading Sixty-second-street, from Ninth to Tenth avenues.

For regulating and grading, setting curb and gutter in Seventy-first-street, from Eighth-avenue to Broadway.

For flagging sidewalks in Second-avenue, from Forty-eighth to Sixty-first streets.

For setting curb and gutter and flagging First-avenue, from Fifty-third to Sixty-first streets.

For paving Twenty-second-street, from Fifth to Sixth avenues, with trap-block.

For building a sewer on Clinton-street, between Delancey and Rivington streets.

The limits embraced by such Assessment, include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated as follows:

All the property between Third and Seventh avenue, and Fifty-second and Seventieth streets, also block No. Seven in the Twenty-second Ward.

All the lots in block No. Three Hundred and Sixty-three, and all the southerly half of block No. Three Hundred and Sixty-four.

All the lots on both sides of Seventh avenue between Thirtieth and Thirty-first streets.

All the lots on both sides of Orchard street between Stanton and Houston streets.

All the lots on both sides of Suffolk street between Broome and Delancey streets.

All the lots on both sides of Thirty-first street between Ninth and Tenth avenues; also all the lots on both sides of Tenth avenue between Thirtieth and Thirty-second streets.

All the lots in block numbers One Thousand One Hundred and Seventy-one, One Thousand One Hundred and Seventy-two, One Thousand Two Hundred and Eighty-six, and One Thousand Two Hundred and Eighty-seven; also the lots on both sides of One Hundred and Thirtieth street between Twelfth-avenue and the Hudson River.

All the lots on both sides of Fifty-third-street between the Sixth and Seventh avenues, together with the lots fronting on Seventh-avenue in southerly half of block number fourteen, and northerly half of block number thirteen.

All the lots on both sides of Fifty-second-street between Fifth and Madison avenues.

All the lots on both sides of Seventy-ninth-street between Broadway and Tenth-avenue.

All the lots on both sides of Fifty-seventh-street between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

All the lots on both sides of Eighty-third-street from Eighth to Tenth avenues. Also the lots on both sides of Ninth-avenue, to the extent of one-half the block north and south of Eighty-third-street.

All the lots on both sides of Twenty-first-street, from Tenth to Eleventh avenues.

All the lots in the northerly and southerly half of the blocks adjoining Sixty-second-street, between Fifth and Lexington avenues.

All the lots on both sides of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, from Third-avenue to Harlem River.

All the lots in southerly half of blocks, numbers one hundred and eighty-four and two hundred and thirty; also all the lots in the northerly half of blocks, numbers one hundred and eighty-three and two hundred and twenty-nine.

All the lots in the northerly half of block number one hundred and twenty-eight and the southerly half of block number one hundred and twenty-nine.

All the lots in northerly half of block numbers seventy-three, one hundred and sixty-two and two hundred and fifty, and southerly half of block numbers seventy-four, one hundred and sixty-three and two hundred and fifty-one.

All the lots in the northerly half of block number three hundred and forty-six and in the southerly half of block number three hundred and forty-seven.

All the lots in the northerly half of block number two hundred and fifty-one and the southerly half of block number two hundred and fifty-two.

All the lots in the northerly half of block number three hundred and thirty-four and the southerly half of block number three hundred and thirty-five.

Lots numbers thirty-seven, thirty-eight and sixty-one in block number four, and lots numbers one, five, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one and twenty-two in block five; also lot number one in block number two.

All the lots on both sides of Sixtieth-street, from Broadway to Ninth-avenue.

All the lots on both sides of Twenty-fifth-street, from Ninth to Tenth avenues.

All the lots on both sides of Thirty-ninth-street, from Seventh to Eighth avenues.

All the lots on both sides of Ninetieth-street, between the Fourth and Fifth avenues.

All the lots on both sides of Forty-ninth-street, between Sixth-avenue and Broadway.

Also lots, Ward numbers, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six, at the southwesterly corner of Forty-third-street and Eleventh-avenue.

All the lots on both sides of Fifth-avenue, from Forty-fourth to Forty-sixth streets.

All the lots on both sides of Fifty-fourth-street, from Second to Third-avenue.

All the lots on both sides of Barrow-street, from Greenwich to West streets.

All the lots on the northerly side of Sixty-second-street, between Lexington and Third avenues.

All the lots on both sides of Avenue C, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets.

All the lots on the south side of Twenty-second-street, from Avenue A to Second-avenue.

All the lots on both sides of Fifty-sixth-street, from First to Second avenues.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

All the lots on both sides of Sixth-avenue, from Forty-eighth to Fifty-ninth streets.

All the lots on both sides of Forty-third-street, from Tenth to Eleventh avenues.

All the lots on both sides of Fourth-avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-fifth to One Hundred and Twenty-seventh streets.

All the lots on the north side of Thirty-third-street, from Eighth to Ninth avenues.

All the lots on the south side of Fifty-first-street, from Broadway to Eighth-avenue, and on both sides of Fifty-first-street, from Eleventh-avenue to Hudson River.

All the lots in block number four hundred and nineteen, Twelfth Ward.

All the lots at the northeast corner of Allen and Houston streets, to the distance of two hundred feet on Allen-street.

All the lots on the west side of Chrystie-street, from Grand to Hester street.

All the lots in block number two hundred and fifty-five, fronting on Second-avenue; also, lots, Ward numbers, twenty-three, thirty-two and thirty-three in same block. Also, lots embraced in a front of one hundred feet on Second-avenue and one hundred feet on Fifty-second-street, at the northeast corner of Fifty-second-street and Second-avenue. Also, Ward numbers eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen and twenty, in block number one hundred and thirty-two.

Also, Ward numbers nine and ten on the north side of Forty-eighth-street, between Madison and Fifth-avenues.

Also, all the lots fronting on Fourth-avenue, between Fifty-first and Fifty-second streets, in block number three hundred and forty-five, and Ward number Sixty-eight on Fifty-second-street, in the same block.

Also, Ward numbers twenty-nine to thirty-four, both inclusive, in block number two hundred and forty-four.

All the lots in block number one hundred and six, and all the lots in the southeasterly half of block number one hundred and seven, between Broadway and Eighth-avenue.

All the lots fronting on Broadway and all the lots fronting on the intersecting streets to the extent of half a block, from Fifty-ninth to Seventieth streets.

All the lots fronting on and adjacent to Fifty-fourth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

Also, Ward numbers one, two and three, and numbers seven to twelve, both inclusive, and Ward numbers twenty-five to thirty-nine, both inclusive, all being in block number one hundred and ten.

Also, all the lots in southerly half of block number three hundred and forty, between Lexington and Fourth avenues and Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh streets.

Also, Ward map numbers two thousand seven hundred and five and two thousand seven hundred and six in Fourteenth-street, south side, near Avenue A.

Also, Ward numbers fifty-five, fifty-six, fifty-nine, sixty, and sixty-one, on Forty-fourth-street, south side, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

All the lots on both sides of William-street from John to Fulton streets.

Also, the lots on northerly side of John-street and the southerly side of Fulton-street to the extent of half the block each side of William-street.

All the lots on the north side of Twenty-seventh-street between Second and Third avenues.

All the lots on both sides of Eighth-avenue, from Fifty-ninth to Eighty-second streets.

All the lots on both sides of Fifty-eighth-street, from Second to Third avenues; also, the lots on the westerly side of Second-avenue, and the lots on the easterly side of Third-avenue, to the extent of half the block on the north and south sides of Fifty-eighth-street.

All the lots on both sides of Second-avenue; also, all the lots on the intersecting streets, to the extent of half the block each side of Second-avenue, from Forty-second to Seventy-ninth streets.

All the lots on both sides of Eighty-fourth-street, from Avenue A to Avenue B.

All the lots on both sides of Twenty-third-street, from Avenue A to the East River.

All the lots on both sides of Sixty-second-street, and the avenue lots, to the extent of half the block, north and south of Sixty-second-street, from Ninth to Tenth avenues.

All the lots on both sides of and adjoining Seventy-first-street, from Eighth-avenue to Broadway.

All the lots on both sides of First-avenue, from Fifty-third to Sixty-first-street.

All the lots on both sides of and adjoining Twenty-second-street, from Fifth to Sixth avenues.

All the lots on both sides of Clinton-street, from Delancey to Rivington street.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, basement new Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

DANIEL E. DELEVAN, }
MORGAN L. HARRIS, } Board of Assessors.
DANIEL D. CONOVER, }
OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
NEW COURT-HOUSE, Oct. 3, 1864.

COMMISSION OF THE UNITED STATES AND ECUADOR.—Notice is hereby given that the Commission provided for by the Convention of November 25, 1862, between the United States and Ecuador for the mutual adjustment of claims, was duly organized at the City of Guayaquil, on the 18th day of August last, and that the said Commission will continue in session for the period of twelve months from tat date.

All citizens of the United States, having claims upon Ecuador, are, therefore, notified to appear in person or by attorney, and present the proofs in support of their claims to said Commission, or to file their claims and proofs with the Secretary of the Commission, "Senor, Crisanto Medina," in Guayaquil, in the Republic of Ecuador.

"Claims which shall not be presented to the Commission within the twelve months it remains in existence, siill be disregarded by both Governments and considered invalid."

FREDERICK HASSAURER,
Minister President and
Commissioner of the United States.
WASHINGTON CITY, October 1, 1864.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE Collector's Office, Thirty-second District of the State of New-York, comprising the First, Second and Fourth Wards of the City and County of New-York.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has received his Annual Collection List from the Assessor of the Thirty-second Collection District of the State of New-York, and that the duties specified therein have become due and payable, and that he will attend in person or by deputy, at his office, No. 130 Broadway, on MONDAY, the 19th day of September instant, and from day to day thereafter, except Sundays, until and including the 11th day of October next, from 10 o'clock in the morning until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to receive the same.

All persons who shall neglect to pay the duties and taxes so as aforesaid assessed upon them within the time specified, will be liable to pay ten per centum additional upon the amount thereof. Any person may at his option pay such duties before the time herein specified. Government funds only received.

DATED NEW-YORK, Sept. 9, 1864.
SHERIDAN SHOOK, Collector.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, }
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Sept. 17, 1864. }

LEASES OF PUBLIC DOCKS, PIERS AND SLIPS AT AUCTION.—The right to collect and retain the wharfage for the use or occupation of the under-mentioned docks, piers and slips, for the term of ten years from the first day of November, 1864, will be sold at public auction, at the City Hall, on Tuesday, October 18, at 11 o'clock A. M.

NORTH RIVER.

Lot No. 1, pier No. 21.
Lot No. 2, pier at the foot of Watts-st.
Lot No. 3, pier No. 45, foot of Charlton-st.
Lot No. 4, pier No. 46, foot of King-st.
Lot No. 5, pier No. 47, foot of Houston-st.

Terms or conditions of sale can be had at the Comptroller's office.

By order of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS OF THE COMMON COUNCIL will meet every day, during the present week, in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of making arrangements to receive the regiments returning on furlough, for the purpose of recruiting. Also, to make suitable arrangements to give those already arrived, and about to depart from the seat of war, an entertainment. Commandants of regiments now home on furlough, whose term is about to expire, are requested to communicate with the committee, by letter addressed to the Chairman or Secretary of the committee, No. City Hall.
JOHN HARDY, Chairman.
E. W. TAYLOR, Secretary.

THE COMMITTEE ON CROTON AQUEDUCT of the Board of Councilmen will meet on SATURDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall. All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HEALY,
Councilman HEFFERNAN,
Councilman FITZGERALD,
Committee on Croton Aqueduct Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLEANING STREETS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on MONDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall. All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman KOSTER,
Councilman HAVILAND,
Committee on Cleaning Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Councilmen will meet on WEDNESDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall. All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK H. KEENAN,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
Committee on Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. All parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.
GEORGE McGRATH,
JEREMIAH HEFFERNAN,
CHARLES RILEY,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS AND Charities of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, M., in Room No. 5 City Hall. All parties having business before the Committee, are requested to attend.
SAMUEL WEBSTER,
WM. S. OPDYKE,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Donations and Charities.

THE COMMITTEE ON MARKETS OF the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall. All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman SCHAEFER,
Councilman COOK,
Committee on Markets.

THE COMMITTEE ON SALARIES AND Offices of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.
CHARLES RILEY,
MICHAEL C. GROSS,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Salaries and Offices.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting in Room No. 5 City Hall on every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the Committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK RUSSELL, } Committee
MICHAEL BROPHY, } on
WM. JOYCE. } Roads.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY OCT. 7, 1864.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Lucia di Lammermoor.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Natural Curiosities—Phenomena, &c. Afternoon: The People's Lawyer—M. Duchalumeaux. Evening: The Signet of King Solomon.

WALLACK'S—Money.

WINTER GARDEN—Comedy of Errors—Somebody's Coat.

BROADWAY THEATRE—The Victims—The People's Lawyer.

NIBLO'S—Macbeth.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—Martin Chuzzlewit.

HELLER'S—(No. 585 Broadway)—Magic.

IRVING HALL—Soiree Orientale.

HIPPOTHEATRON—Equestrianism, Gymnastics and Acrobatic Performances.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

The Times Review of McClellan.

Revised from the series of articles published during the months of February, March and April last. A most effective Campaign Document. For sale at the *Times* Counting Room. Price 25 cents per copy.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

We have a dispatch from Nashville this morning, which tells us that a considerable force of rebel infantry has appeared on the line of the railroad between Chattanooga and Atlanta. Moving columns of rebels are spoken of as being near Dalton, at Allatoona, and at Big Shanty—the latter place was burned. At Allatoona a severe fight is reported to have taken place on the 5th, and Brig.-Gen. Coose, the commander of the garrison, was wounded. Our loss was severe, and prisoners captured from the enemy report theirs to have been heavy. The despatch further adds that the fight, it was expected, would be resumed yesterday. The presence of so large a force in Sherman's rear gathers further credence from the rebel despatch given elsewhere, dated "Griffin, Ga., Oct. 1," which says that "Hood's army is now on an offensive movement." Jeff Davis' significant speech at Macon, which we also publish this morning, squints very strongly in the same direction.

Our correspondent at Gen. Butler's headquarters forwards us Richmond papers of the 3d and 4th inst., from which we get the rebel history of the late operations of Grant's army. They make desperate efforts to conceal their losses, and belittle Grant's gains, but they finally confess that on the north side of the James our forces made a very important lodgment, which they tried to drive us from, but failed, and were subsequently compelled to conform their line to the new state of things, by abandoning others. In regard to the south side operations, they also admit that their outer line of works was carried, but claim that they captured 1,500 prisoners. The most significant admission, however, is that Lee's army is altogether too weak to hold his present extended lines, and the appeal for reinforcements is pitiable and desperate. Jeff. Davis, in his Macon speech, says he can spare Georgia no further reinforcements, for the disparity of numbers in Virginia is as great as in Georgia.

There is no news from the armies of either Gens. Grant or Sheridan. Gen. Grant is said to be in Washington.

Gen. Ewing and several of his officers reached St. Louis in the evening of the 5th inst. His retreat from Pilot's Knob was unmolested until about twenty miles from Harrison's Station, where he was attacked by the rebels in force. They were repulsed with loss. On arriving at Harrison, on Wednesday night, he threw up slight works, and held the enemy in check until Saturday, when the arrival of 600 cavalry forced the rebels to retire. He then retired to Rolla, reaching that point Sunday evening, with about 700 men and all his artillery. His total loss is about 300 men, mostly taken prisoners. Price is said to be near Union with 15,000 men. It is reported to be his intention to take Jefferson city, reinstate Reynolds as governor, and claim the State for the Confederacy.

GENERAL NEWS.

Gold rose, yesterday, in the absence of military events, to 196 per cent. The Railroad Stocks continued their rapid recovery, and were firm at the close, at a further rise of 2@3 per cent. The speculation is much excited, and the daily volume of business on the increase.

The Wheeling *Intelligencer* of Oct. 4, states that Major-Gen. Ord, who was wounded last week in the assault on the Richmond fortifications, arrived at his home in Bellair, on the preceding day. His wound is in the thigh, and is severe but not dangerous.

Gen. Hooker was honored with two or three serenades while at Columbus, Ohio, but being very busy, only made the following response: "Gentlemen, I have only time to say to you and to those who are gathered here to-night, that I am extremely busy in preparing to leave the city, to be absent a short time. I have not time to talk, if I wanted to, but I do not want to. I only desire to say that I am extremely sensitive to the kindness shown me since I have been here. There is no one more sensitive to it than I am. I came here a stranger and found myself among friends. I shall return here as soon and as often as I can. I can say no more to-night, for I am very busy."

The case of Mr. E. N. Fuller, editor of the Newark *Journal*, charged with publishing an article violating the Enrollment Act, has been postponed to the December Term.

The Charleston (S. C.) *Courier* of the 27th ult. says: "Gen. Beauregard, accompanied by Col. D. B. Harris, Col. G. Rice and Col. A. Remain, members of the General's Staff, arrived in this city on Sunday. We learn that President Davis and Gen. Beauregard had a long consultation at Burkeville, Va., last week, the result of which is said to have been highly satisfactory, and will probably lead to the assignment of Gen. Beauregard to the command of the Army of Tennessee."

The Board of Aldermen failed to get a quorum yesterday and adjourned to 2 P. M. on Monday. The Board of Councilmen passed a resolution increasing the wages of all Corporation laborers to $2 50 per day. No other business of notable interest was transacted. The Board adjourned to 2 P. M. on Monday.

Influenced by the rise in gold yesterday, domestic produce was generally quoted firmer, with more doing, especially in breadstuffs. Foreign merchandise was in limited request and unsettled. The freight engagements were light.

Private S. K. Dease, of Philadelphia, was shot through the head and instantly killed on the 5th, in Price township, Monroe County, Penn., he being one of a squad of men sent out to guard the person serving notices on drafted men. Two men were arrested on suspicion of being the criminals.

The new iron-clad *Monadnock* has returned to Boston from a very successful trial trip, her performance being considered satisfactory in every particular. She was propelled at the rate of ten knots an hour with all her stores on board.

The gallant John A. Logan made an eloquent Union speech at Carbondale, Ill., on the 1st inst. He denounced the Chicago platform, and strongly advocated the reelection of Mr. Lincoln.

Non-Committalism of the Opposition.

Every newspaper supporting McClellan uniformly avoids any reference to his policy and plans, if elected. They are all as silent upon that subject as upon the plans and policy of the next Khan of Tartary. Their attention is entirely given to personal abuse of President Lincoln, to croaking about the burdens and the bad prospects of the war, and to general laudations of the wonderful "Mac." This whole mode of conducting the campaign is an insult to the practical sense of the people.

Here we are, in the most momentous crisis that ever came upon a great nation. It must soon be determined whether the Republic is to remain entire, or be broken in twain. Its preservation is what all who are not engaged in rebellion profess to have at heart. *How* to secure this is the all-important question.

The Union party meet this question with the utmost directness. Their principle is that the Union can be saved only by maintaining its organic law, and by putting down all violent resistance. Accordingly, it is for continuing this war until the last rebel yields. This principle and policy are declared in the clearest terms in the platform of the party, and are recognized and labored for by every newspaper and speaker of the party, the wide land through. Even its opponents do not pretend that it practices any equivocation on that essential point.

The party of the Opposition shows no such distinctness of conviction. Indeed it seems to have no conviction whatever, except that extreme wing of which Alexander Long is an exponent, which believes that the independence of the "Confederacy" is an accomplished fact which ought at once to be recognized. The body of this party are against this, and profess a purpose to save the Union. Yet it is impossible to draw from them any specific and entire plan for accomplishing this. The nearest approach we have had to anything of the kind is in the Chicago platform, and that is miserably deficient. It proposes "a cessation of hostilities" for the purpose of an ultimate convention; but it gives no guaranty that the rebels would consent to any such convention, or that they would abide by the conclusions of a convention, even if one were held. In the lack of any such guaranty, the scheme of saving the Union in this way, amounts to nothing. The rebel chief, the rebel Congress, and every responsible spokesman for the rebellion, have, over and over again, declared that they will accept nothing short of absolute independence. The Chicago Convention, in professing to present a practical policy to the country, was bound to exhibit some evidence that the rebel mind had changed, and would now consent, on certain conditions, to return to allegiance; or if it could give no such evidence, and reckoned only on a possibility, it was at least bound to state what it was prepared to do in case that possibility should not be realized. If the "cessation of hostilities" on our part should, as is generally believed in the North, only result in strengthening the rebel confidence of final success, and induce a stronger determination than ever to hold out, what ought to be the subsequent policy of the Government? A policy of letting the Confederate States go, or of again resorting to force? It would devolve upon their nominees, if elected, to adopt one of these two courses, in case all negotiations failed. The people have a right to know before voting, which of these alternatives he would follow. They have a right to know it because it directly involves the vital issue—union or disunion. But that platform carefully reserves it from the people. Its peace plank is laid upon an assumption which would never be realized—an assumption which would soon vanish into thin air. What does the party intend to put in the place of it—a recognition of Confederate independence, or renewed war? On this vital point it is as silent as the grave.

It is true that McClellan, in his letter of acceptance, talks of "ulterior responsibilities" in case peaceable measures for restoring the Union fail. But such vagueness of phrase, at such a time, on such a subject, is an insult to earnest men. If a renewal of the war was meant, why was it not distinctly said? It would have cost no more words, and it would have had the advantage of expressing a definite idea, and a distinct purpose. "A cessation of hostilities," with a determination to renew them in case a reasonable settlement on Union ground cannot be effected, is one policy. "A cessation of hostilities," with a purpose not to renew them in any event whatever, is a very different policy. The framer of the Chicago platform, Mr. Vallandigham, it is known, is for the latter. How is it with the candidate on that platform? That question remains unanswered. The progress of the canvass does nothing to settle that practical point. Gen. McClellan, with an utter lack of soldierly manliness, means that the people shall not know. All the leaders of the party are alike bent on keeping back the truth. Precisely the same craft is practiced in respect to Mr. Pendleton. He gives no utterance of any kind—not even the vaguest.

It is amazing that men in their senses should delude themselves into a belief that such a mode of managing this great canvass is likely to prevail. This tremendous conflict, of a gravity beyond anything in modern history, determining destinies beyond all human power to measure, the maintenance of which has cost untold blood and treasure, is brought down to the scale of a contemptible confidence game between sharpers and dupes. It is imagined that the paltry arts of paltry politicians can blind the people to the issues involved, and the duties imposed. There could be no grosser infatuation. The people have every feeling and faculty thoroughly aroused; and with an absolute clearness of vision they will follow a war policy, and nothing but a war policy, until the last remnant of the rebellion disappears before it. The little dodgers, who are seeking to decoy them aside, will meet the fate of all the insects of the season in the frosts of November.

The Logic of the Past.

Let those who are inclined to be despondent, always recall the great deeds our heroic armies *have* done in this war, and from these forecast our perfect success in achieving those things that yet remain to be done. The enemy are now harping that we can never take Richmond; but have they not in past times harped equally loudly that we could never take Vicksburgh, that we could never take Atlanta, that we could never take Chattanooga, that we could never take Memphis or Columbus, that we could never take Donelson or Nashville, that we could never take Bowling Green or Mill Springs, that we could never take or keep New-Orleans, that we could never take Fort Morgan, and many a score of other cities and strongholds? As all these, one after another, have fallen, so in due time will Richmond, Charleston, Wilmington, Augusta and Columbia fall. As the Mississippi, the Arkansas, the Tennessee, the Cumberland and the Potomac are now dominated by our army, so in due time will we dominate the Alabama, and the Savannah, and the Roanoke. As the State of Tennessee, and one half of Georgia, and the greater part of the Mississippi Valley, are now conquered, so in like manner will we yet conquer all Virginia, and the Carolinas, and the whole of the Atlantic seaboard. Just now, the rebels are proclaiming that the great army of Lee can neither be forced from its position nor whipped behind its intrenchments; but how long is it since we heard the same thing declared as loudly about the great army of Jo. Johnston, and about other great armies which will never fight again on this side of Hades? Only a few weeks ago, it was proclaimed beyond our power to whip or drive the army of Early, so strongly was it posted, and so many impregnable positions there were to which it could fall back, one after the other. The ghost of Early's army now haunts the outermost verge of the world, terrifying not us, but itself terrified at its own skeleton-like aspect. *Sic transit.*

The Victory We Must Have.

One of the most splendid and satisfactory political triumphs known to the history of this country, was that achieved in the State of Ohio last year over Vallandigham, in which the Union majority mounted to a *hundred thousand*. Its value consisted not simply in the fact that John Brough was elected and Vallandigham defeated—not merely in the fact that the principles of the Union party gained a local and temporary ascendency—but the main and permanent value of the triumph consisted in the magnificent moral power, in the all-pervading and dominating patriotism, which was exhibited by the rolling up of that stupendous majority.

It is the exhibition of such a moral power upon a national arena that we desire in the forthcoming Presidential election. It is not enough that we defeat Vallandigham's candidate—the man whose nomination in the Chicago convention was made unanimous upon motion of Vallandigham—the man whom Vallandigham, though pretending to be miffed for a moment with his letter of acceptance, is now laboring to have elected. Vallandigham's candidate must be repudiated by the whole country as Vallandigham himself was repudiated by the great and patriotic State of Ohio. The principles of Vallandigham, as enunciated in the Chicago platform, must be spurned and scorned by the Union-loving millions of the nation, as the identical principles were last year scorned and scouted by the hundreds of thousands of Ohio.

Suppose Vallandigham had been elected in Ohio through the carelessness or indifference of the people—and suppose his traitorous principles had obtained control of the organized powers of the State—who can think without dread and horror of the result? In that event, would the forty thousand Ohio veterans under Sherman have been at this moment bearing our victorious banner into the heart of Georgia? Or is it not almost certain that the Revolutionary Copperheads, with the reins of power in their hands, would have brought about a state of affairs in Ohio that would have demanded the recall of those veterans, and thus have brought confusion upon our arms and disaster to our cause; while it would have reddened with blood and blackened with ruin the fair valleys and prosperous cities of the free North? Let those who doubt it, recall how narrowly we escaped anarchy in this city and State, and how we did actually have to bring troops from the Army of the Potomac to restore and maintain order; because we had elected Seymour for our Governor—a Copperhead of far less malignity and far greater timorousness than Vallandigham, and one with whom McClellan claims to be more nearly identified.

The very thought of anything like an outbreak on the part of the Copperheads of Ohio was utterly crushed by the result of last year's election—by the moral power of the overwhelming vote for the Union candidate and party—and because it showed the futility and hopelessness of any attempt at revolutionary violence.

The grand triumph in Ohio was achieved by systematic, persistent, courageous and earnest work. The patriotic people of the State appreciated the vital importance of the election, and they acted accordingly. Even before the election, they felt confident that their candidate would easily be elected. But this was not all they wanted. Nor is it all we want. They wanted, and we want, to give an impressive moral grandeur to the triumph of Union principles. Let every man, then, who appreciates the world-wide and everlasting significance of the questions now at stake, labor for a victory worthy of the cause during the four brief weeks that now remain.

Richmond.

The Richmond papers, which were suspended last week, during the panic caused by the movements of Grant, resumed publication on Monday, and we have copies of the *Examiner* of that day's and Tuesday's issues, from which we this morning give extracts. The rebels admit their successive repulses in their attacks upon our lines on the north bank of the river on Friday last, but claim success and nine hundred prisoners as the result of the same day's operations on our left. In its news columns, the *Examiner* talks quite stoutly and falsely, but in the editorial, intended to affect the rebel authorities, it speaks with a proper amount of fear, and, we have no doubt, quite truthfully. The *Examiner* cries out, and reiterates:

"*Let troops be brought to Virginia without delay from anywhere.* The safety of our lines cannot fairly be left to Lee's present army, which has too great a load on it already. *An accession to our forces from some quarter is the sore need of the hour*—the hour of final trial, which is close at hand. That some new divisions of good troops *should instantly be brought to Richmond*, and that its vast population of negro women and children, who eat up everything, should be sent forthwith away, are the evident and pressing wants of the occasion."

This indicates about as high a state of mental excitement as it is possible for a sane mind to be in. It is difficult, however, to tell where Lee is to get a sufficient body of reinforcements. The *Examiner* says they must be brought "from *anywhere*," but we don't know what portion of the Southern Confederacy that is.

Emigration.—The Chamber of Commerce, at their meeting, yesterday, took effectual measures for subjecting to thorough analysis the remarkable effusion of Mayor Gunther, published a few weeks since, in which he set himself in opposition to the wise and beneficent Act of Congress of July last, "to encourage emigration"—stigmatizing the measure as a "bait to entrap" foreigners into enlistment in our army.

As early as April last, an intelligent Committee, consisting of Messrs. A. A. Low, Richards, and Witthaus, had been ordered to consider certain communications to the Chamber by Secretary Seward, in respect to a contemplated emigration from the North of Europe. The action of that committee had been subsequently rendered unnecessary by the comprehensive act passed by Congress in July, instituting a "Bureau of Immigration," throwing around the foreign emigrant full protection against the very abuse which Mayor Gunther, as the accredited head of the City Copperheads, ventured to assume to be its "covert object." It is strange and pitiful to see the chief municipal magistrate of the Empire City endeavoring to create distrust in foreign countries, where the real weight of his personal opinions is unknown, against a measure of such great national importance, as the immediate supply of labor to replenish the loss in our civil employments and our various branches of industry, occasioned by the demands of the war.

The pecuniary importance to the nation in securing such an accession to its population, was brought fully to the notice of the Chamber by Mr. Ruggles, who referred to the fact that 640,000 emigrants had reached this country during the pending war, of whom 68 per cent were between fifteen and sixty years of age; and to the fact that the 2,700,000 emigrants in the decade ending in 1860 had added more than two thousand millions of dollars to the pecuniary taxable value of the United States. The Chamber appointed a special committee on this subject, and they were directed to report fully at an early day.

A Golden Aphorism.—Gen. Hooker, in his order assuming command of the Department of the Northwest, addresses a sentence to his military subordinates which deserves to become one of the golden aphorisms of our country and of the English language. He first announces that he requires energy, earnestness and fidelity in the performance of duty, on the part of every officer and soldier, and then adds: "*No one will consider the day as ended until the duties it brings have been discharged.*" This profound moral remark is applicable not only in the department whose headquarters are at Cincinnati, not only to those engaged in military duties, but to every man and woman in every sphere of life. Were every one to learn it and put it in daily practice, it would give our national character an elevation, a faithfulness and a truthfulness now sadly lacking. The sentence ought to be given to all our young boys and girls at school, to write in their copy books, so that it might be impressed upon their minds, and become of practical power in their lives; and now that some of our preachers depart from the Sacred Word for their texts, they could find no better text to preach upon than this: "No one will consider the day as ended until the duties it brings have been discharged."

Jeff. Davis' Macon Speech.—We have had hints through late rebel papers that Jeff. Davis had recently delivered some sort of a startling speech recently in Georgia, but we have not until this morning been able to give it to the people of the North. It will be found to be very desperate in its tone, and to give unmistakable evidences that the Confederacy is tumbling to pieces. His talk about the desperate necessity of defeating Sherman will throw light on the news of recent offensive rebel operations in Georgia, reported to-day. He says that two-thirds of the rebel soldiers are absent from the ranks, "some sick, some wounded, but most of them *absent without leave.*" That tells the story.

Amusements.

Academy of Music.—Donizetti's opera of "Lucia di Lammermoor" will be played here to-night. The distribution is strong, and gains interest from the fact that Miss Laura Harris, the youthful prima donna, makes her *rentrée* as the heroine.

Soirees Orientales.—Mr. Oscanyan's Oriental evenings—describing the mode of life in the East, with living illustrations—are unique and thoroughly interesting. A very pleasant hour or two can be passed at Irving Hall. The soirees take place on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. *There is* consequently an entertainment to-night.

Fine Arts.—Schaus, of the Broadway Art Gallery, has just received another gem in the line of oil paintings. It is a single figure (female) subject, by Willems, and, as the artist has modestly left it unnamed, we can but style it "The Music Lesson." It is one of the most exquisitely finished oil paintings ever exhibited in this City. The soft and delicate touch, and the grace of the poise and the expression are admirable. Every lover of true art should call, see and appreciate it, for though its value is expressed by four figures, it will soon be taken by some one of our wealthy citizens.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

Washington, Thursday, Oct. 6.

REGULATIONS FOR THE COTTON TRADE.

Secretary Stanton has prepared, and will at once issue to the several military Commanders his orders respecting internal trade in cotton, as provided for by recent Treasury regulations on that subject.

PROMOTION OF GEN. WILSON.

Gen. Jas. H. Wilson, of Illinois, known as "Light-Horse Harry," has been brevetted Major-General for gallant and meritorious services in the Valley under Sheridan, and been sent to take command of all the Cavalry in Gen. Sherman's army.

RENOUNCES THE CHICAGO PLATFORM.

Ex-Senator Browning, of Illinois, who has been claimed as a supporter of McClellan, has written a letter denouncing the Chicago platform and the whole Copperhead party. He comes out squarely and fairly for Lincoln and Johnson.

DEATHS OF NEW-YORK SOLDIERS REPORTED TO-DAY.

Ferdinand Conkelman, Co. A, Forty-sixth Infantry; Russell H. Titus, Co. B, Fourteenth Artillery; Benj. W. Simmons, Co. C, One Hundred and Forty-sixth Infantry; V. J. Ross, Co. D, One Hundred and Fourth Infantry; W. Cobbs, Co. L, Tenth Cavalry.

COUNT SANDOR TO THE PRESIDENT.

Col. Julien Allen, of the Polish Legion in our service, who, for some months, has been on a visit to Europe, arrived here this morning, bringing a handsome present for the President from Count Sandor, of Vienna, the father-in-law of Prince Metternich. The present is a handsomely bound "Sandor-Album," containing fifty large photographs, representing scenes in the early life of the Count, taken from paintings made at the time by an eminent English artist. The book is heavily gilt, and contains the inscription, "Presented as a token of regard and esteem by Count Sandor, to his friend."

Special Dispatches to the Associated Press.

Washington, Thursday, Oct. 6.

THE WEST INDIA SQUADRON.

It has been stated that Capt. Lardner was relieved of his command in the West Indies.

ADMIRAL FARRAGUT NOT TO BE TRANSFERRED.

The present indications are that Admiral Farragut will continue in command of the Western Gulf Blockading Squadron, instead of being transferred to that of the North Atlantic Squadron; as recently widely announced. The latter, as is known, embraces the vessels on the North Carolina Coast. Admiral Porter has been ordered to its command, and will, without delay, enter upon his duties. His successor in command of the Mississippi Squadron has not yet been designated.

THE CONSUL-GENERAL TO HAVANA.

Ex-Gov. William J. Minor, of Connecticut, recently appointed Consul-General to Havana, was in Washington to-day to receive his instructions.

THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF NOVA SCOTIA IN WASHINGTON.

The Governor-General of Nova Scotia called on the President to-day in company with the Assistant Secretary of State, and was the object of marked official attention.

LAKE ERIE AND DELAWARE RIVER.

Completion of the Philadelphia Railroad—Excursion Party—Great Union Meeting.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Erie, Thursday, Oct. 6—9 P. M.

The great work of more than twenty-eight years has been completed, and the waters of the Great Lakes are bound by iron bands to the classic Delaware. The excursion train from Philadelphia arrived here last evening, bringing many prominent Pennsylvanians, among whom are Gov. Curtin, Gen. Robert Patterson, Col. Patterson, Judge Strong of the Supreme Court, Judge Stroud, W. G. Morehead, and many others. All along the line the greatest enthusiasm was manifested, and especially in this city.

A large meeting in favor of the election of Lincoln was held here yesterday, and addressed last evening by Gov. Curtin. To-day the Democrats hold their meeting.

Union Demonstration in Philadelphia.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

Philadelphia, Pa., Thursday, Oct. 6.

The Union League gave another grand demonstration this evening at the National Guard's hall. Speeches were made by Isaac Hazlehurst, Esq., Hon. Titian J. Coffee, and Hon. J. A. Briggs. The meeting was largely attended and was very enthusiastic. The first number of the *National Union League Gazette* made its appearance this evening. It is designed for free circulation throughout the State of Pennsylvania. It is a well arranged document, filled with the speeches and letters of eminent men. It is a development of free press and free spech, for a free people generally.

Col. John W. Forney speakes to-morrow night by invitation of the National Union League. Gen. McCall will probably speak in a short time at Union League Hall.

THE WAR IN MISSOURI.

Arrival of Gen. Ewing at St. Louis—Particulars of His Retreat from Pilot Knob—Whereabouts and Intentions of Gen. Price—Gen. Mower Heard From.

St. Louis, Thursday, Oct. 6.

Gen. Ewing and several officers of his command reached here last night, having marched from Pilot Knob to De Soto with an escort of forty men. From De Soto he took the cars to this place. His retreat from Pilot Knob was unmolested until about twenty miles from Harrison Station, where the rebels attacked him in force, but were driven back by artillery with loss. Two other attacks were made, both of which were repulsed. On arriving at Harrison Station on Wednesday night he erected some slight breastworks, planted cannon, and fought the enemy constantly until Saturday afternoon, when Col. Beveridge, with some 600 of the 17th Illinois Cavalry, arrived from Rolla, and the rebels retired. Early on Sunday morning the command started for Rolla, which point they reached the same evening with about 700 men and all of his artillery. The total loss of the command from the beginning of the siege of Pilot Knob is about 300, mostly in prisoners.

Dispatches from Franklin report all quiet there. Gen. Smith commands the forces at that point, including the enrolled militia under Gen. Pike.

The latest accounts from Price place him six miles west of Union, on Tuesday, on the Jefferson City Road. His force consists of 15,000 fighting men, cavalry and mounted infantry, and about 5,000 camp followers. The camp talk was to the effect that all his movements indicate a design to take Jefferson City, install Tom. Reynolds as Governor, and hold the State for the Confederacy.

Gen. Mower has been heard from, but any information as to his whereabouts is forbidden.

The rebels burned the Osage bridge, on the Pacific Railroad, eight miles this side of Jefferson City, yesterday morning. This is the largest bridge on the road. The militia guard ran away without firing a shot.

The rebels are using the two trains captured at Millen's Landing to transport their artillery.

A force of rebels (strength unknown) were reported crossing the Osage River at Castle Rock, eight or ten miles from Jefferson City, on Tuesday.

Gen. A. J. Smith is advancing westward from Gray's Summit.

The railroad is being rapidly repaired.

POLITICAL.

Gen. Logan's Position—Why He Supports Mr. Lincoln.

That gallant and successful soldier, Major-General John A. Logan, who has been claimed by the Democrats as a supporter of the Chicago Platform and the peace-at-any-price candidates, made a grand Union speech at Carbondale, Illinois, on the 1st inst., in which he lashed the Copperheads with just severity. We make the following eloquent extract:

I tell you, gentlemen, when you see men coming home from the army, it makes no difference what their politics may have been, if they have been honest, true and faithful men, you find that they would suffer their togues to be torn out by the roots before they would lisp a word in behalf of that Chicago Platform or the men who made it. They can not and will not do it.

I used to be a follower of the illustrious Stephen A. Douglas. They called me a Douglas worshiper. I believe many others thought as much of Douglas as I did. If that great and good man were alive to-day, and I wish he were, he would stand on this war and Union platform side by side with me, and advocate the same measures that I do. Listen to what he said in the last letter he ever wrote. It was a letter to Virgil Hickox, Chairman of the State Democratic Central Committee. Virgil was looking around, not knowing exactly what he ought to do. Douglas wrote:

"All hope of compromise with the Cotton States was abandoned when they assured the position that the separation of the Union was complete and final, and that they would never consent to a reconstruction in any contingency—not even if we should furnish them with a blank sheet of paper, and permit them to inscribe their own terms.

"I know of no mode in which a loyal citizen may so well demonstrate his devotion to his country as by sustaining the Constitution, the flag and the Union, under all circumstances and every Administration, regardless of party politics, against all assailants at home and abroad."

That was the Douglas doctrine just before he died. It would be his doctrine to-day if he were alive. It is my doctrine to-day, and has been all along, and I intend to stand by it to the last. [Applause.]

This, then, is all that I care about saying in reference to these party platforms, or in reference to the candidates. So far as Mr. Lincoln is concerned, I know this. There were a great many people in this country who opposed him four years ago. I know I did it just as heartily as any other man in the country. If any man had told me four years ago, that I would ever make a speech in favor of his election, I would have told him it was not so, and you could have proved it.

Indignant Copperhead in the crowd—"I think I could."

General Logan—But you couldn't do it now. [Laughter.] But when I find the leaders of the party I acted with betraying the trust the people reposed in them: when I find them repudiating the doctrine of Jackson, who was for hanging traitors to the highest tree he could find, and for preserving the Union at all hazards, either with blood or without it; when I find them leaving behind them all the doctrines of the Democratic party, renouncing their allegiance to their God, their country and our flag, I am not compelled to follow you any further, I cannot go with you into the precincts of treason and disloyalty. Mr. Lincoln stands, I say, upon the true Union platform, and, therefore, I am for him. I believe he has endeavored to sustain the Government honestly and faithfully. Although he may not have acted just to suit my views in some particulars, that shall make no difference. Andrew Johnson I believe to be equally honest and faithful. I have but one choice to make between the Constitution, the Union and its heroes, on one side, and their defamers and slanderers, on the other. I will act with no party who is not for my country, and must refuse my support to the nominees of the Chicago Convention. [Applause.]

A PATRIOTIC LETTER FROM GEN. WOOL.

Gen. Wool has written a letter to Hon. J. A. Griswold of Troy, which concludes thus:

"With the unlimited confidence of the President and his Cabinet, having the control of all the resources at their disposal, with "a splendid army" of one hundred and twenty thousand strong, increased to one hundred and fifty-eight thousand, as reported by the Adjutant-General of the army, the goal was within the reach of Gen. McClellan, but he knew not how to grasp it. He possessed 'the sword of Scanderberg, but could not wield it.' He neither comprehended the value of time, nor the advantages of prompt action and celerity of movement. His encamping in the swamps of the river Warwick, and the mud in front of Yorktown, for a month beseiging the place, permitting its rebel garrison to be increased from nine thousand to over one hundred thousand men, as he represented, (the rebels say only seventy thousand,) and then allowing them to escape from Yorktown unobserved, was no less fatal to him as a commander than the result was disastrous to his army—at the same time it disappointed and depressed the hopes of every patriot throughout the Union. With advantages that few Generals ever possessed, he signally failed.

Gen. McClellan expects to be President under the convention whose leaders sympathize with the Southern rebels, and whose platform was dictated by traitors calling themselves Democrats. His friends say he repudiated the platform in his letter of acceptance. Can any one doubt, if the leaders succeed in electing him, no matter what he may have said in that letter, that he will be governed by the Chicago platform? It appears by the New-York *Daily News*, the organ of the Peace men, that *the platform was approved by the General two months before the convention met at Chicago.* The editor says: "Early in July last—we have it upon the authority of a delegate from Indiana who was selected by the delegation from his State to act as one of the committee to inform the candidates of the action of the convention—the platform, with its peace planks, almost word for word as adopted, was presented to Gen. McClellan, *and was by him approved, both in its letter and spirit.*" Under such circumstances, coming from the source it does, the truth of the statement cannot be doubted. *The General is bound by his plighted faith to be governed by the platform, should he be elected.* To violate it he would exhibit more courage than most men possess.

Allow me to ask, is there a Democrat who voted for Senator Douglas for President, that will vote for any candidate who accepts a nomination from a convention that sympathizes with the rebels, and which was dictated to by Southern traitors in the formation of its platform? I hope there is not one. Although Douglas was defeated in his election by the Southern Democracy, and a few Democrats in the North who co-operated with them, he was one of the first to declare his attachment to the Union and his readiness to sacrifice all he possessed, with life itself, if need be, to protect and defend the Republic in its unity and integrity.

In conclusion, I will simply remark that I belong to no party, whether Democrat, Whig, Republican, or any other, that is not for the preservation of the Union and the Constitution without compromise or lines of demarcation, and which is not in favor of the prosecution of the war until the rebels lay down their arms, and are willing to submit to the laws and Constitution of the United States.

Respectfully yours, JOHN E. WOOL.

Guerrilla Operations in Tennessee.

Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 6.

The rebel Capt. Blackwell, on the 30th ult., surprised and captured some guards numbering thirty-two, at Shelbyville, Tenn., and burned the railroad depot, and a lot of arms and munitions of war. Ten of the Federal prisoners were shot by Blackwell near Fayetteville. The balance were delivered to Forrest. Six of the latter escaped, and had reached Shelbyville. One hundred and fifty rebels, under Duval McNairs, attacked Lieut. Blizzard, of the Fifth Tennessee Cavalry, in charge of a large drove of cattle from Johnsonville, within fifteen miles of Nashville. The Federal guards numbered sixty, half of whom were killed, wounded or captured. The balance escaped and arrived here safely. There was a stampede of the cattle, and large numbers are straying through the country.

The water is six feet deep on the shoals, and still rising.

The Twenty-third Massachusetts Regiment.

Boston, Thursday, Oct. 6.

The steamer *Charles Thomas*, from New-York, arrived here this morning, with the veterans of the Twenty-third Massachusetts Regiment, numbering 180 men.

Democratic State Convention of New-Jersey—Trial of E. N. Fuller.

TRENTON, N. J., Thursday, Oct. 6.

The Democratic State Convention met to-day to nominate an electoral ticket. Judge NAAR was chosen temporary Chairman. Committees on permanent organization and resolutions were appointed. The convention then adjourned until 2 P. M.

The convention reassembled at 2 o'clock. The following electoral ticket was elected with unanimity: Senatorial Electors—William Paterson, of Middlesex, and Furman L. Mulford, of Cumberland. District Electors—1st, Thomas McKeen, of Camden; 2d, Wm. P. McMichael, of Burlington; 3d, Charles Cornwall, of Union; 4th, Francis S. Lathrop, of Morris; 5th, John McGregor, of Essex. The following is a digest of the resolutions adopted:

The first heartily indorses the platform issued by the National Convention of the Democratic party at Chicago, the nominations there made, and the letter of acceptance of Gen. MCCLELLAN.

The second tenders thanks to our soldiers in the army, and our sailors in the navy, for their gallantry, fidelity and courage, and expresses sympathy with those who are detained in the Southern prisons.

The third pledges undivided support to the ticket this day nominated, and invites the coöperation of all conservative voters of the State, who are dissatisfied with the present Administration.

Speeches were made by Dr. VAIL and Col. HAMILTON.

The convention was large and harmonious.

In the United States District Court, the case of E. N. FULLER, editor of the Newark *Journal*, charged with publishing an article violating the Enrolment Act of Congress, has been postponed to the December Term of the Court.

Prize-Fight in Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, Oct. 6.

A prize-fight occurred to-day at Edge Hill, Montgomery County, between HARRIS and MARTIN, both of New-York. The former was backed by Philadelphians, and was badly beaten, after a fight of forty-five minutes. The fight was witnessed by 1,500 people. The authorities did not interfere.

The Draft Resisted in Pennsylvania.

EASTON, Penn., Thursday, Oct. 6.

Private LEANDER K. DEASE, of Capt. STROUDS cavalry, of Philadelphia, was shot through the head with a ball, and in several parts of the body with buckshot and instantly killed, near the house of JACOB MILLER, in Price Township, Monroe County, Penn., yesterday. A squad of men, he being one of them, had gone out as a guard to the person who was to serve notices upon the drafted men of that township, and while riding along the road, they were fired upon from the bushes, with the result above named. MILLER and a man named BARCOS, were arrested by the comrades of the deceased, and brought to Stroudsburgh last evening, and were taken to Philadelphia to-day. DEASE was a highly respectable young man, and a resident of Philadelphia.

From Fort Monroe.

FORT MONROE, Thursday, Oct. 6.

The Chilian bark *Tabon*, from Valparaiso, has arrived. Exchanged signals Aug. 20, lat. 25° 04', long. 31° 10', with an American bark steering southeast, showing a white flag with "S. R." in the centre, and another blue flag with "1448" in the centre. The *Tabon* is 85 days from Valparaiso, bound to New-York.

The United States frigate *Colorado* has arrived and anchored in Hampton Roads.

The *Wabash* arrived this afternoon.

DEATHS IN HAMPTON HOSPITAL.

C. J. Carter, 58th Pennsylvania; L. G. Waltz, 2d Pennsylvania Cavalry; Thomas Ayles, 16th New-York Battery; Edward Rutler, 11th Maine; Josiah Keller, 3d Pennsylvania Artillery; John Maybury, 6th United States Colored; J. D. Shepard, 21st Connecticut; J. W. Trowbridge, 67th Ohio; G. W. Sherman, 118th New-York; E. G. Raker, 58th Pennsylvania; Edward Cook, 6th United States Colored; Walter Scrigging, 23d United States Colored, and Lewis Faus (brought in dead.) He was found drowned at Fort Monroe.

Court of Appeals.

ALBANY, Monday, Oct. 6.

In the Court of Appeals, Oct. 6, 1864. Day Calendar for Friday, Oct. 7.—Nos. 196, 197, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206 and 207.

Delaware Politics.

WILMINGTON, Thursday, Oct. 6.

The Democrats have nominated JOHN A. NICHOLSON for Congress.

GEN. TOM THUMB OFF FOR EUROPE.—Gen. Tom Thumb and his little wife have taken passage in the steamer *City of Washington*, which leaves for Liverpool on Saturday, the 29th inst. They have been exhibiting most of the time since they were married, and their pecuniary success has been immense. At the close of their present engagement at the Museum, they take a final farewell of public life. They are now about to make the tour of Europe in their private capacity. They will tarry a few weeks in England and France, and then proceed to Italy. They intend spending the Winter in Florence and Rome. Commodore NUTT and little MINNIE WARREN will remain in this country, and continue to hold their public *levées*.

Report of the Commissioners of Emigration.

No. of emigrants arrived to Sept. 28, '64				148,774
No. of emigrants arrived since to Oct. 5, '64				2,619
Total				151,393
To same date in 1863				119,512
	1864.	1863.	1862.	1861.
No. of inmates in Institution Ward's Island	961	710	625	832

Balance in Bank Jan. 1, '64		$25,666 07
Aggregate receipts to Sept. 28	$373,991 15	
Rec'd since to Oct. 5 for commutation of passengers, &c.	5,482 00	$379,473 15
Total		$405,139 22
Disbursements as per previous account to Sept. 28, 1864	$368,798 59	
Payments Sept. 28, 1864	14,830 03	$383,628 62
Balance in Bank		$21,510 60

Union Central Committee.

A meeting of the above committee was held, last evening, at the hall corner of Broadway and Twenty-third-street, President WM. A. DARLING in the Chair. After roll call and some routine business, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That it be recommended to the Central Committee to recommend each Ward Association to have a Vigilance Committee to examine the Provost Marshal's books, for the purpose of recording the names of all persons claiming exemption from draft by reason of their being aliens; that said committee record all such names in the election district in which they reside, and have such list in the hands of the challengers or inspectors of each election district.

RESOLVED, That it is highly essential that two of the best Union men in each election district of this City be selected by each Ward Association, to attend the Polls, from the time the same are opened, until the time they are closed.

A Committee was then appointed consisting of Messrs. SHOOK, ESTABROOK and TUCKER, to act with the National and State Committees, and select proper men to send to the army to receive soldiers votes, after which the meeting adjourned subject to the call of the Chair.

Union Judiciary Convention.

A meeting of the Union Judiciary Convention was held last evening at the hall, corner of Broadway and Twenty-third street, ELLIOT C. COWDIN, in the Chair. Mr. E. DELAFIELD SMITH, as Chairman of the Conference Committee, reported that they had been unable as yet to harmonize the Union organizations, but he believed it could yet be done, and recommended that this Convention take the same action as the Union County Convention did, viz: Go into an informal ballot for candidates, and afterwards appoint a Committee of Conference. The report was received, and the Committee discharged.

A motion was then made that the Convention go into an informal ballot for County Clerk. Mr. E. DELAFIELD SMITH nominated for such nomination Mr. JAMES M. THOMPSON. A vote being taken, 57 votes were cast, of which Mr. THOMPSON received 53, scattering 4. An informal ballot was then taken for City Judge, when 56 votes were cast, of which Mr. ORLANDO L. STEWARD received 34, and Mr. JOHN SEDGWICK, 22. Mr. STEWART was declared the informal nominee. An informal ballot was then taken for District-Attorney, which resulted as follows: JOHN SEDGWICK, 35; WM. R. STAFFORD, 21; JOHN FIRTH, 1. Mr. SMITH then moved that a conference committee to consist of two from each Congressional District be appointed by the chair to confer with the Citizens' Association and with other Union organizations to secure, if possible, a Union ticket in the next City and county election. An amendment was offered and lost, after which the original motion was carried, and the following gentlemen were appointed as such committee: Messrs. John M. Costa, John Forsha, James M. Terry, Jeremiah Lathrop, Sinclair Tousey, Hugh Gardner, Wm. C. Duryea, Bernard Sheridan, E. Delafield Smith, Gabriel Van Cott, James H. Welsh, John Cooper Jr.; after which the Convention adjourned, subject to the call of the Chair.

Democratic Nominations.

The New Mozart Hall (Cozans,) Nominating Convention met last night at Stuyvesant Institute. The only nominations made were JOHN KELLY for Sheriff, and A. OAKEY HALL for District-Attorney. The balance of the nominations were laid over till next Monday evening.

Tammany Assembly Nominations.

The Assembly conventions, called by the Tammany Hall Democracy, met last night in their respective districts, and made the following nominations:

First District—Jacob L. Smith. Second District—James Dumphy. Third District—George Curtis. Fourth District—James P. Murray. Fifth District—Adjourned to Oct. 14. Sixth District—Edward S. Malloy. Seventh District—Adjourned. Eighth District—Jacob Seebacher. Ninth District—Adjourned to Oct. 15. Tenth District—Adjourned to Oct. 12. Eleventh District—James Gibson. Twelfth District—Joseph A. Lyons. Thirteenth District—Alexander Ward. Fourteenth District—Michael Salmon. Fifteenth District—M. Diefendorf. Sixteenth District—Adjourned. Seventeenth District—Adjourned.

Meeting of the Twentieth Ward Lincoln Union Association.

The Lincoln and Johnson Union Association of the Twentieth Ward illuminated their hall, corner of Thirty-third-street and Eighth-avenue, and held a mass meeting last evening. JOHN V. GRIDLEY, Esq., President of the Association, called the meeting to order, and said that he regretted to announce that Mr. JAMES R. WHITING had been unexpectedly called away, and would be unable to speak on the occasion. Mr. IRA B. DAVIS was then introduced, and addressed the audience in a stirring speech, telling them at the outset that he was a Democrat, and had always belonged to that party, but that he was one of those Democrats whose principles were to be found in the Declaration of Independence, but that on such a crisis as this all party predjudices should be laid aside, and as a true man he must stigmatize the Chicago platform as traitorous, and its supporters as monsters. Mr. DAVIS also said that he had been three times a prisoner in the hands of the Rebels, and had since visited the South in disguise, and that he knew and would tell them something about the affiliations between Southern Rebels and the Copperhead reptiles spawned at Chicago. The speaker was listened to with attention by the largest audience ever assembled in the Twentieth Ward. Speeches were also made by A. J. DITTENHOEFFER and others.

ARREST OF A BOARDING-HOUSE THIEF.—A young man named MICHAEL HANNAFAN, was taken before Recorder MARTINDALE, of Jersey City, yesterday morning, on a charge of having stolen about $75 worth of wearing apparel belonging to two of his fellow-boarders. The accused admitted his guilt, and gave information which led to the recovery of the property at a house in Washington-street, near Canal, New-York. The prisoner was committed to the county jail for trial.

MR. FICHETTE'S CASE.—There is a certain class of people ever ready to doubt anything that is in any way out of the ordinary, and to pronounce it false without stopping to think, or taking the trouble to ascertain if the facts are as stated. In a recent issue we made mention of the extraordinary restoration, by Dr. ROWE, of No. 16 West Fourteenth-streets, of Mr. CHARLES FICHETTE, of West Point, after having been afflicted for a very long time with a sore throat, caused from catarrh, that brought him as near to death as a man can well get without dying; one of the remarkable features of the case being his not being able to eat solid food for ninety days, what nourishment he took being in liquids. Some persons, we understand, without making inquiries, though an opportunity was given them, as the names of his brother-in-law, both prominent men in this city, were mentioned, have seen fit to pronounce it untrue. Now, gentlemen, an opportunity is given you of ascertaining the correctness of it, by calling on E. T. ROBERTS, Esq., of the firm of Messrs. PARDEE, BATES Co., Broadway; or on WM. A. MILLER, Esq., on the corner of Dey and West streets; either of whom, we have no doubt, will give you all the information they can about the matter, and you will then be able to see whether you "smelt a mice or not."—*New-York Dispatch.*

Carriages at Bargains.

On WEDNESDAY, Oct. 5, and thereafter, at the "Palace Garden," 14th-st., near 6th-av., will be on exhibition, and offered for sale, WOOD BROTHERS immense stock of Carriages, embracing the newest and most fashionable styles in use, from the finest coach, through all the varieties of Park Carriage to the lightest Trotting Wagon.

That portion of the stock damaged at the late fire will be sold at greatly reduced prices, and their new stock proportionately reduced to the gold standard.

Their temporary warerooms are centrally located, and well worth a visit from the Carriage buying community.

Dr. Lighthill has returned to the City, and can now be daily consulted at his residence, No. 34 St. Mark's-place, from 10 A. M. till 3 P. M., on Deafness, Catarrh, and all diseases of the Eye, Ear, and Throat.

If You Want to Know, &c., Read

MEDICAL COMMON SENSE,

A curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. Price, $1 50. To be had at all news depots. Contents tables mailed free. Address

Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, N. Y

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,

For children teething, cures dysentry and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels and cures wind-colic.

Dr. B. C. Perry,

DERMATOLOGIST,

No. 49 BOND-ST., NEW-YORK.

Treats successfully all Diseases of the Scalp. Loss of Hair and Premature Blanching. Also, removes Moth Freckles and other Discolorations from the Face, without injury to the texture or color of the skin.

☞ NO CHARGE FOR CONSULTATION.

Two of the Finest Preparations of their class is

MATHEWS' ARNICA HAIR GLOSS

AND

MATHEWS' VENETIAN HAIR DYE.

Each 50 cents per bottle. Sold by druggists.

New Sewing Machines

TO RENT AND FOR SALE.

V. W. WICKES, JR., No. 486 Broadway, cor. Broome-st.

Scurvey and Scrofulous Eruptions will soon cover the bodies of those brave men who are fighting their country's battles. Night air, bad food and drenching rains, will make sad havoc with the strongest—therefore let every man supply himself with HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT; it is a certain cure for every kind of skin disease. If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug-store in his place, let him write to me, No. 80 Maiden-lane, inclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents and $1 40 per box or pot.

Premature Decay of Physical Powers, arising from abuses and excesses—new and reliable treatment—in Report of the Howard Association—sent free of charge, in sealed letter envelopes. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth-st., Philadelphia, Penn.

Colorific—A New Hair-Dye.—No Wash, no trouble; one application only; does not crisp or burn the hair like the old dyes; splendid for ladies, colors beautiful brown or black without trouble or entangling the hair. BOSWELL & WARNER'S COLORIFIC; try it; you will use no other. Wholesale depot, 9 Dey-st., N. Y

Billiard Balls.—Welling's Ivory and Patent Compressed Ivory Billiard Balls, Checks, &c., No. 571 Broadway, sign of the Golden Elephant.

[New York Dispatch, Sept. 25, 1864.]

Divorce.—JANE E. TOMPKINS VS. WILLIAM G. TOMPKINS.—Divorce granted to plaintiff, Sept. 16, 1864.

Ladies of New-York and Vicinity, wishing Boots and Shoes for the Fall season, for themselves and families, should patronize

MILLER & CO., No. 387 Canal-st.

Artificial Limbs.—B. FRANK PALMER, LL.D., gives the "best" Patent limbs to soldiers—free! 744 B'way, N.Y.; 1609 Chestnut-st., Phila., 19 Greene-st., Boston. Commissioned by Surgeon-Gen. BARNES, U. S. A.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines, No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 235 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Defiance Fire and Burglar-Proof Safes. Also, Sideboard and Parlor Safes, for silver plate, &c., at No. 63 Murray-st., corner of College-place.

ROBERT M. PATRICK.

Hill's Hair Dye, 50 Cents, Black or Brown, reliable. Depot No. 1 Barclay-st. Sold by all druggists.

Marvin's Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Safes for offices and dwellings.

MARVIN & Co., No. 265 Broadway, N. Y.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters, bandages, silk elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

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CHEAP, FOR CASH.

At No. 100 Maiden-lane.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.

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For the Hair and Skin—Barry's Tricopherous.—The best and cheapest article. Sold by all druggists.

Highest Premium Lock-Stitch Sewing Machines. WHEELER & WILSON, No. 625 Broadway.

Genin, Hatter and Furrier, No. 513 Broadway. Fall Styles at reduced prices.

MARRIED.

BEAUMONT—REDIHALGH.—On Sunday, Oct. 2, at the John-st. M. E. Church, by Rev. C. Keeler, JOSEPH BEAUMONT, of Aspinwall, and ANN REDIHALGH, third daughter of the late Thomas Redihalgh, Esq., of England. No cards.

CROLIUS—BERGEN.—On Wednesday, Oct. 5, by Rev. A. A. Willits, D. D., PETER B. CROLIUS and ELIZA J., daughter of the late Cornelius B. Bergen, all of Brooklyn.

DURYEE—NUTTMAN.—At Newark, N. J., on Wednesday, Oct. 5, by Rev. J. Few Smith, D. D., Rev. WM. RANKIN DURYEE, of Lafayette, Hudson County, N. J., and CHARLOTTE WARD, daughter of John C. Nuttman, Esq.

DARKE—MOORE.—At Grace Church, Newark, N. J., on Wednesday, Oct. 5, by Rev. J. S. B. Hodges, JAMES M. DARKE and CHABANA J., eldest daughter of Wm. J. Moore, Esq., all of this City.

DE WITT—HAWLEY.—In this City, on Tuesday, Oct. 4, by Rev. J. L. Jenkins, JOHN E. DE WITT, of New-York City, and Miss NAOMI N., daughter of David Hawley.

DOUGLAS—ENGLAND.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Oct. 6, at the Summerfield M. E. Church, by Rev. L. S. Weed, EDWARD DOUGLAS and OPHELIA M., daughter of A. B. England, all of Brooklyn.

☞ Rhode Island and Philadelphia papers please copy.

DAVIES—ALLEN.—At Newbern, N. C., Thursday, Sept. 22, by Rev. James Y. Suydam, Dr. JOHN M. DAVIES and Miss ELIZA T. ALLEN.

DEVOE—MIXSELL.—On Wednesday evening, Oct. 5, at Middle Dutch Church, corner Lafayette-place and 4th-st., by Rev. Dr. DeWitt, WALTER B. DEVOE, of Fordham, N. Y., and LETITIA J., eldest daughter of Aaron Mixsell, Esq., of this City.

HOLLISTER—CRANE.—On Wednesday, Oct. 5, by Rev. J. H. McIlvaine, D. D., of Princeton, N. J., at the residence of the bride's father, in West 30th-st., JOHN B. HOLLISTER and S. ELLIE CRANE, all of this City.

GREGORY—CONDELL.—At Elizabeth, N. J., on Wednesday, Oct. 5, by Rev. Dr. Magie, at the residence of the bride's mother, JULIAN C. GREGORY, of Jersey City, and ANNA M. CONDELL, of the former place. No cards.

STORER—BURRITT.—On Wednesday, Oct. 5, by Rev. Isaac Ferris, D. D., ALBERT STORER and AUGUSTA, daughter of the late Wakeman Burritt, all of this City.

DIED.

BROWER.—On Thursday, Oct. 6, at Newark, N. J., ALIDA BROWER, daughter of the late Theopilus Brower, in the 82d year of her age.

Funeral on Saturday, Oct. 8, at 3 o'clock P. M., from her late residence, No. 141 West 36th-st., New-York City.

BLANKENBURG.—On Thursday, Oct. 6, KATE, wife of Albert C. Blankenburg, aged 21 years and 9 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from No. 217 West 50th-st., on Saturday, Oct. 8, at 2 o'clock P. M.

CRAVEN.—On Tuesday evening, Oct. 4, MARIA, wife of Alfred W. Craven, and daughter of the late John S. Schermerhorn.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from Grace Church, Broadway, on Friday morning, 7th inst., at 10 o'clock, without further notice.

DE REVERE.—At Tarrytown, on Thursday, Oct. 6, JOHN DE REVERE, JR., aged 40 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at the Second Reformed Dutch Church, on Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

GRIGGS.—At Billingsly, Conn., on Tuesday, Aug. 27, WILLIAM GRIGGS, aged 16 months, son of Dr. S. C. and H. B. Griggs, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

HALSTED.—At East Orange, N. J., on Friday, Sept. 30, ELIZABETH C., wife of Enos J. Halsted, aged 41 years.

HALL.—On Wednesday, Oct. 5, of diptheritic croup, CHARLIE GREENFIELD, only child of Charles and Sarah V. B. Hall, in the 3d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 253 West 21st-st., on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

JANES.—At Baltimore, Md., on Sunday morning, Oct. 2, CAROLINE JARVIS, wife of Henry Janes, aged 38 years.

MANNING.—On Wednesday, Oct. 5, ANN A., the beloved wife of Sergt. Henry J. Manning, Eleventh New-York Vol. (Scott's Nine Hundred) Cavalry, in the 45th year of her age.

Her remains will be taken to Poughkeepsie for interment.

☞ New-Orleans and Poughkeepsie papers please copy.

PEET.—On Sunday, Sept. 25, at Davenport, Iowa, of disease contracted in the army, EDWARD WRIGHT PEET, son of Rev. Dr. Peet, Des Moines, Iowa, aged 21 years.

STAEHELIN.—At Basle, Switzerland, on Thursday, Sept. 15, GEORGE, youngest son of Carl Staehelin, and grandson of the late Wm. G. Buckner, of this City.

STOHLMANN.—On Tuesday, Oct. 4, MARY U. C., second daughter of C. F. E. Stohlmann, D. D., aged 20 years, 3 months and 21 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from St. Matthew's Church, Walker-st., on Saturday, Oct. 8, at 1 o'clock, without further notice.

☞ Erie papers please copy.

WATERS.—On Wednesday, Oct. 5, CHARLES WATERS, aged 49 years.

The relatives and friends of the family, as also those of his cousin, Edward Fanning, and of his brothers-in-law, Joseph T. C., Arthur T., Francis W., and Charles V. Lamb, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, which will take place to-morrow, (Saturday,) the 8th inst., at 9 A. M., from his late residence, No. 177 East 10th-st. The remains will be taken to St. Anne's Church, 8th-st., where a solemn High Mass will be offered for the repose of his soul, and from thence to Calvary Cemetery for interment.

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DEVLIN & CO.

have reduced their prices upon the whole of their

SUPERB STOCK OF

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BROADWAY, CORNER GRAND-ST.,

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WONDERFUL RESULTS FROM THE USE OF

CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR,

approved and used by prominent *Physicians and Chemists.* Ladies and gentlemen of the highest standing bear witness of its virtues. *It restores gray or faded hair to its original color*, stops its falling out, prevents dandruff, irritation or itching, and keeps the head clean, cool and healthy; will not stain the skin or soil the whitest fabric; keeps the hair soft and glossy, and causes it to remain in any desired position. No other dressing is required. Sold at the drug stores and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway, where advice as to the treatment of the hair will be gratuitously given. Price $1 per bottle; $5 per half dozen, in fancy boxes. Can be sent by express.

SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

R. R. R.

True Economy—You are seized with a sore throat and have all the symptoms of Diphtheria. You send for a doctor who charges you from three to five dollars per visit, the medicine he prescribes will cost you from one to three dollars; it will cost you at least ten dollars before you are pronounced convalescent, whereas one fifty cent bottle of Radway's Ready Relief will not only cure you of your sore throat in six hours, but will be useful to use for many other complaints. If you desire to be economical, purchase Radway's Ready Relief.

It can be used for all pains, aches, swellings, inflammation, either external or internal. One fifty cent bottle will do more good than the expenditure of ten dollars for other medicinal purposes. Sold by all druggists and No. 87 Maiden-lane. RADWAY & CO., New-York.

Also, at Lewis' Drug-store, Norfolk, Va.

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Manufacturers of

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SAMPLE ROOM, NO. 75 CHAMBERS-ST.,

One door west of Delmonico's Hotel, first floor.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY

of all descriptions

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LADIES' BREASTPINS—NEW STYLES.

Two, three, five, eight, ten to thirty-five dollars each, for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—SEVENTY-five per cent. premium paid for prizes: information furnished; the highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st.

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of all descriptions, from TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS to SEVEN HUNDRED DOLLARS each. For sale by GEORGE C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st., formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

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NINE NEW BOOKS THIS WEEK.

THE SUPPRESSED BOOK ABOUT SLAVERY!—A remarkable work, in every respect; written and stereotyped in 1857, but never published till now. *Why it was* SUPPRESSED, will be apparent to the reader. It has no hackneyed hash of ancient sayings on Slavery, but fresh, vivid, awakening, cutting to the quick, and compelling attention. Plentifully illustrated with wood cuts in the highest style of xylographic art. The public are already clamoring for it. 12mo., tinted paper, cloth bound, $2.

NEARER AND DEARER.—A charming and amusing Love Story, by the author of that splendid college book "*Verdant Green.*" It is filled with comic illustrations, and will be one of the best selling books of the year. 12mo., cloth, tinted paper, $1 50.

THE WINTHROPS.—A clever, amusing new American novel. 12mo., cloth, $1 75.

JUST PUBLISHED.

Down in Tennessee. Edmund Kirke's new book	$1 50
Cruise of the Alabama and Sumter. By Semmes	$2
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EARLY LIFE.
ABRAHAM LINCOLN as a FARM HAND.
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FLATBOATMAN.
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LAWYER.
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STATESMAN.
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D. APPLETON & CO.,
Nos. 443 and 445 Broadway,
Publish on Saturday,

A REPORT
OF THE
PROCEEDINGS
IN THE
SECRET SESSIONS
OF THE
CONFERENCE CONVENTION
FOR PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.
HELD AT
WASHINGTON, D. C., IN FEBRUARY, A. D. 1861.
BY
L. E. CHITTENDEN,
one of the delegates.

1 vol. 8vo, cloth; 626 pages. Price, $5.

BOSTON, April 20, 1864.

L. E. CHITTENDEN, Esq.—DEAR SIR: I was well aware that you were taking notes of the proceedings of the Peace Convention during its sittings in Washington in 1861, and I well remember your constant attendance, and the closeness with which you watched those proceedings, and the diligence with which you took minutes of the various speeches there made, and the interest manifested by you to take down everything that was said and done. You frequently spoke of your intention to have as complete a report of the debates as it was possible for you to obtain, and I think it was generally understood at the time, that you had done so. Many persons have asked me if there was ever to be a published report of the proceedings, to whom I have replied that I believed that you had it in your power to produce one of a satisfactory character, and that I thought you would some day publish it, and I am pleased to learn that you are about to do so. Very truly yours,

F. B. CROWNINSHIELD.

WASHINGTON, April 19, 1864.

SIR: I am gratified by the information that you propose to publish a report of the proceedings and debates of the Peace Congress. It so happened that I was informed during the session of that assembly, that you were engaged in taking full notes, and it is a matter of political and historical importance that a truthful account should be given to the world. I know of no one except yourself who is at all prepared to furnish such an account.

Very truly, GEO. S. BOUTWELL.

Hon. L. E. CHITTENDEN, Washington, D. C.

WASHINGTON, April 17, 1864.

MY DEAR SIR: I am truly gratified to learn that you contemplate giving to the public your report of the transactions of the Conference, or Peace Convention of 1861.

Your efforts to secure an authentic record of the proceedings I deemed important at the time, and am sure they cannot fail to be appreciated in the light of events that have since transpired. From the manuscript shown me, I think the debates are given with commendable accuracy. Yours, truly and sincerely,

L. M. MORRILL.

L. E. CHITTENDEN, Esq.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, April 21, 1864.

MY DEAR SIR: I am glad to learn that you propose to publish your notes of the proceedings of the Peace Conference of 1861. I well remember your assiduity in taking those notes, and have no doubt that their publication will form an important contribution to history. The fidelity with which you reproduced, a few months since, the only speech of any length made by me in that body, surprised me. If your whole report proves equally correct, it will be as accurate as it will be interesting and important. Yours, very truly, S. P. CHASE.

Hon. L. E. CHITTENDEN.

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The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes payable three years from Aug. 15, 1864, with semi-annual interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum,—principal and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold-bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect. They will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, and all subscriptions must be for fifty dollars, or some multiple of fifty dollars.

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POLITICAL.

CENTRAL UNION LINCOLN AND JOHNSON CLUB OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, will hold meetings at the Cooper Institute, on FRIDAY, Oct. 14; on FRIDAY, Oct. 21; on MONDAY, Oct. 31. Names of some of the ablest Union Speakers in the country will be hereafter announced.

CHARLES S. SPENCER, President.

JOHN M. COSTA, Chairman Ex. Committee.

ALLAN COOPER, H. G. CARTER, } Secretaries.

CENTRAL UNION LINCOLN AND JOHNSON CAMPAIGN CLUB.

A special meeting of the Executive Committee of this club will be held at the office of Hon. Chas. S. Spencer, No. 339 Broadway, on SATURDAY, Oct. 8, 1864, at 5 o'clock P. M. Punctual attendance is requested.

CHARLES S. SPENCER, President.

ALLAN COOPER, H. G. CARTER, } Secretaries.

TO THE LOYAL MEN OF NEW-YORK.—The following committee have been appointed to collect funds for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the "UNION WAR EAGLE" CENTRAL COMMITTEE for grand general parades.

HENRY C. PARKE,
W. C. GARDNER,
J. B. McDOWELL,
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THOMAS MULLIGAN,
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JOHN LOVE,
Finance Committee.
JAMES M. THOMSON,
Commander

H. C. PARKE, Chairman Finance Committee.

JOHN COOPER, Jr., Treasurer.

NINETEENTH WARD UNION ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of this Association will be held at Headquarters, Dingledein's, 3d-av., between 59th and 60th-sts., on FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 7, 1864, at 7½ o'clock.

Addresses will be delivered by

Hon. E. DELAFIELD SMITH, U. S. District Attorney,
WM. E. ROBINSON, Esq.,
Col. A. J. M. DUGANNE, late prisoner of war in Texas, and
ROBERT SEWELL, Esq.

The people of the Ward are invited to be present.

WM. H. DE CAMP, President.

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J. J. MERIAN, HAS ADMITTED AS partner his nephew, Mr. ALFRED MERIAN. The business will be continued under the firm of J. J. MERIAN & CO. Mr. LOUIS KORBETT holds the power of Attorney of the new firm.

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POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR the United Kingdom and the Continent via Queenstown and Liverpool per steamer "CITY OF WASHINGTON," and for the German States via Bremen, per steamer "BREMEN," will close at this office on SATURDAY, the 8th day of October, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows: Stations A and B, 10 A. M.; stations C and D, 9¾ A. M.; stations E and F, 9¾ A. M.; station G, 9 A. M.

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As the meaning of the name given by Dr. VON EISENBERG to his new Invention may not be easily comprehended, we (the New-York *Evening Express*) give the following explanation of its uses for the better understanding of the general sufferer:

ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON

is derived from the Greek word Aisoptikos, which, in its literal acceptation, signifies pertaining to the senses the theory or philosophy of tastes, the science of sensations, or that which explains the cause of mental pain or pleasure. Neuralgicon is a compound of the two Greek words, *neuron*, a nerve, and logas, a discourse with the suffirecon. The meaning conveyed by the term is, that it is an instrument or machine devised on philosophical principles with a thorough knowledge of the nervous system.

All physicians admit this, and all profess at least to be able to apply a remedy. The Allopathic, Homœopathic and Hydropathic, by prescribing opiates, anodynes, &c., may, and do, alleviate the pain arising from impaired or diseased nerves, but this does not restore the nerve. It is only temporary relief—a relief, too, to some one nerve at the expense of the entire system. The Æsthetico-Neuralgicon of Dr. VON EISENBERG not merely allays the irritation, but restores the nerve to its normal condition. The Doctor's theory is, that each nerve has a specific office, and has its own peculiar susceptibility. Thus, for example, the nerve of vision is insensible to touch, and, on the other hand, the nerve of touch is insensible to light, and so on through the whole system. The great excellence of this æsthetical instrument is, that it can be applied not on guess-work principles, which are no principles at all, but that it can be applied with accuracy and certainty to any nerve or nerves that are weakened or impaired, to the different nerves of motion, or sensation, to the eye, the ear, or the touch, as in paralysis.

The reader, on perusing what we have here presented him, touching the beauty, complexity, confidence, touching the various uses to which the Aesthetico-Neuralgicon can be applied, may be induced to believe that in the warmth of our commendations we have exceeded the sober truth as to its utility; but we know we have not exceeded the limits of common sense in our description. We care not how prejudiced any one may be against it; he cannot, when it is thoroughly explained to him—and that the inventor is prepared to do at any time to those who call upon him—but be convinced it is all that is claimed for it, namely, the most perfect mechanical contrivance for the exhibition of spiritualized and etherealized medical preparations now in existence. He will even confess, if he be justly minded, that in many respects it is destined to bring about an entire revolution in certain departments of science, and that it is what its inventor, with reason, holds an apparatus that will do more to mitigate human suffering than anything that, in all the past to this time, has been afforded to the world.—*New-York Evening Express, Sept. 28, 1864.*

NEW TESTIMONIALS.

Catarrh Cured.

LINCOLN HOSPITAL, WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 1.

I have been for several years past afflicted with chronic dry catarrh, which a year ago became so bad that my hearing threatened to leave me altogether. My throat became greatly affected. There was a constant roaring in my head, which, with the other symptoms, was always greatly aggravated by the slightest "cold." Dr. Von Eisenberg commenced treating me a year ago, and has continued to treat me at long intervals since. I am happy to state that the treatment of Dr. Von Eisenberg has produced a constant improvement, so that my hearing is almost perfectly restored. My nostrils are free from inflammation, and my general health is so much improved that I look for its permanent restoration, and that speedily, as a fixed fact. I do cheerfully recommend all persons suffering from catarrhal affections to apply to Dr. Von Eisenberg for treatment, feeling assured that with proper opportunity he will effect a cure.

JAMES T. FERRIE, Captain U. S. A.

I was completely deaf for several years, and hearing of Dr. Von Eisenberg's great reputation in restoring the hearing, I called on him, and in one operation, to my great astonishment and excessive pleasure, I now hear perfectly well. I came into the Doctor perfectly deaf, and hear, as I never expected to do. This skill is unrivaled.

CHARLES CHAPPELL,
Washington Market.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 5, 1864.

SIGHT RESTORED.

T. Lawrence Grenner, of No. 188 East 36th-st., New-York City:—Have been suffering from blindness of the left eye for a considerable period. The eye was continually in a state of great inflammation, which not only caused me intense suffering, but materially affected my general health. Hearing of Dr. EISENBERG'S great reputation, and as every one said my case was hopeless, I called on the Doctor, who, after having examined me, undertook my case, and within a fortnight I found myself almost completely cured. It is now a month since I placed myself under Dr. VON EISENBERG'S care. I am happy to be able to state that the inflammation is entirely gone; that I see perfectly well with both eyes; added to which I at present am in good health—a blessing I have not enjoyed since I was blind.

OCT 5, 1864.

The ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON is now on exhibition at Dr. VON EISENBERG'S Consulting Rooms, No. 8?8 BROADWAY, near 12th-st.

INSTRUCTION.

FIFTH-AVENUE COLLEGE

FOR
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No. 208 5th-av., opposite Madison-park.
A FIRST-CLASS ESTABLISHMENT.
French the language of the school.

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REV. GEORGE W. BACON, A.M., LL.B., Principal.

The rooms have been much enlarged and refitted, and a gymnasium has been added. The modern languages, drawing, &c., are taught without extra charge. There are three departments—Classical, Commercial and Preparatory.

THE GARDNER INSTITUTE.—ENGLISH and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 16 East 28th-st., will reopen Sept. 20.
DR. and MRS. C. H. GARDNER, Principals.

MRS. AND MISS STEERS'
French and English boarding and day school, No. 56 West 11th-st., will reopen Sept. 22.

MISS BRACE'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH Boarding and Day School for young ladies, Nos. 38 and 40 Elm-st., New-Haven, Conn., will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15, 1864.

DR. BENJAMIN W. DWIGHT'S SCHOOL for boys is at No. 1,144 Broadway, near 26th-st.

R. W. LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
No. 926 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts., now open, receives youth of all ages, and prepares them for college or business. For the past two years no pupil has been permanently transferred to any other city school. Several names of last year's patrons follow as references:

H. M. Alexander,	K. Couillard,	D. S. Schanck,
John Auchincloss,	Henry Day,	Robt. Schell,
John S. Boyd,	Geo. De Forest.	W. L. Skidmore,
Wm. A. Butler,	Edmund Dwight,	C. A. Smith,
B. F. Butler,	Alex. Knox,	C. N. Talbot,
A. W. Canfield,	C. E. Knox,	A. H. Trowbridge,
J. M. Cooper,	Thos. Leboutillier,	H. C. Van Vorst,
J. P. Crosby,	Jas. L. Phipps,	J. C. Work.

MISS KENNEDY'S
French and English school for young ladies and children, No. 12 Union-square, on 4th-av., between 14th and 15th sts. Miss Kennedy is prepared to receive a very limited number of young ladies as boarding pupils. They will be under her own constant supervision, have a pleasant home, unusual facilities for acquiring a thorough practical knowledge of the French language, which is the language of the house, and will receive a complete course of English instruction.

MRS. LEVERETT'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
No. 32 West 18th-st.,
Will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 20. Applications may be made to Mrs. L., personally or by letter, at the above address.

WINTER IN ROME.—A GERMAN PROTESTANT lady, accustomed to tuition, purposes to spend next Winter in Rome to procure educational advantages for her daughter. She would be glad to take charge of a few young ladies who might be desirous to accompany her. Invalids not objected to. Proposed time of departure, beginning of November, to remain in Rome six months. The engagement might be made for a year, if desired, and the Summer spent in Germany, Switzerland, &c., &c. Highest references given and required. For terms and particulars, address P. N., North Shore, Staten Island, N. Y.

A HOME FOR CHILDREN.—A MARRIED lady, of culture and refinement, living in an agreeable New-England town where constant communication by railroad is enjoyed, desires to receive into her family two or three children who, from loss or absence of parents, may require a mother's care. Refers, by permission, to Mrs. T. C. Doremus, No. 54 East 21st-st., New-York. Address Box No. 225, Northampton, Mass.

COLLEGIATE AND ENGINEERING INSTITUTE, No. 18 Cooper Union, New-York.—Students received at any time. Naval, civil and mechanical engineering given. Open day and evening. Prof. Scheinert will resume his classes in ancient and modern languages and fencing in the above institution, Tuesday, Sept. 20. For circulars call or address
Prof. J. G. FOX, A. M., Principal.

REV. J. H. TYNG WOULD APPRISE parents that he has taken a pleasant and convenient room, corner Broadway and 21st-st., where he will be glad to receive a small number of lads, to whose thorough instruction in all the usual branches of classical and English study his whole time and endeavors will be devoted. The modern languages also will receive their full proportion of attention. Inquiry is invited at 923 Broadway.

BEDFORD FEMALE INSTITUTE—BEDford, Westchester Co., N. Y.—A family Boarding-school, under charge of Mr. and Mrs. BOLTON, will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21. Terms, for board and tuition, $60 per quarter. Circulars obtained of J. H. Fonda, No. 38 Wall-st.; James M. Bates, No. 165 Broadway; James M. Rankin, No. 172 Broadway, corner Maiden-lane, or address the Principal.

MAPLEWOOD YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, Pittsfield, Mass., commences its forty-seventh semi-annual session Oct. 6, 1864, with important improvements in its buildings, added to the great beauty of its location and the well-known excellence of its permanent corps of instructors. For circulars, address Rev. C. V. SPEAR, the Principal.

A CLERGYMAN IS DESIROUS OF GIVING instruction to pupils, at their residence or his own, in Latin, French, Greek and English studies. His wife would also receive pupils at her residence, No. 67 East 73d-st., for instruction in English branches only. For further information, apply to H. B. DURANO, Esq., No. 49 White-st.

LAW SCHOOL OF NEW-YORK UNIVERSITY.—This school has been reorganized and will open on MONDAY, Oct. 3, 1864, at the University Building. For circulars, &c., application may be made at the University, or by letter to JOHN NORTON POMEROY, Dean of the Law Faculty.

MRS. J. W. BLIGH'S ENGLISH AND French School for 30 young ladies, No. 48 West 17th-st., will reopen September 26; Mrs. Bligh will be in New-York on the 16th of September, until which date letters addressed as above, or to Box No. 695, Newport, R. I., will have prompt attention.

THE CLASSICAL, FRENCH, ENGLISH and Primary School of Dr. F. BERTHET and B. BRAMAN, No. 920 Broadway, will reopen Sept. 19. There is a Gymnasium. For circulars, inquire of LOCKWOOD, No. 411 Broadway.

A LADY HAVING A SELECT SCHOOL at Orange, New-Jersey, would receive two young ladies into her family. They would receive the best educational advantages, combined with all the comforts of a home. Address Mrs. TOWELL, Orange, N. J.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st., on Washington-square. GEO. W. CLARK, A. M., Rector. Parents and students are invited to visit it during school hours.

DON BERNARD FRENCH INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 147 Madison-av. Principal, Madame Don Bernard née de Rochefermoy. The Scientific and English departments under the care of the most able Professors.

GREYLOCK INSTITUTE—SOUTH WILLIAMSTOWN, BERKSHIRE CO., MASS.—A select family school for boys. The Forty-eighth Semi-annual Session will commence Nov. 2. Twenty-five pupils. For circulars, address the Principal, BENJ. F. MILLS, A.M.

PRIVATE PUPILS WANTED—BY A RECent graduate of Harvard College; classics, mathematics and English branches taught; boys prepared for any college; highest references in Cambridge and in this City. Address "H. H." care of A. Harthill, 90 Wall-st.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION, Astor-place; Woman's Library, University-place and building. Professor TH. DELOUEST, No. 98 East 22d-st., will now resume his lessons of the French language at these two libraries. For particulars, apply at the desks.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The fifty-fourth semi-annual session will commence on Tuesday, Nov. 1. For circulars, apply to the Principal,
D. S. ROWE, M. A.

MILITARY ACADEMY, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—The Fall and Winter term will commence on the first MONDAY in October. For circulars, apply to the Superintendent, Gen. M. L. LOCKWOOD.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S BOARDING and Day School for Young Ladies and Little Girls, at No. 3 West 27th-st., second door from the 5th-av., will reopen Sept. 15.

MUSIC.—INSTRUCTION ON THE PIANO AT $2 per month. No. 209 West 36th-st., near 7th-av., and No. 744 Washington-st., near Bank-st. Pupils attended at their residence, $15 per quarter.

MRS. TUFTS' FRENCH AND ENGLISH boarding and day school, in West 84th-st., near Central Park, will be reopened Sept. 20. Circulars at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway, and Segee, No. 826.

MR. VAN NORMAN'S ENGLISH AND French Boarding and Day School for young Ladies, No. 5 West 38th-st., will reopen on Sept. 22. The Principal will be at home during the Summer.

A HOME FOR SIX BOYS, WITH INSTRUCtion for College or business. Rev. I. TUFTS, Monson, Mass.

MRS. WILLIAMES, ENGLISH AND French Boarding and Day School, No. 26 West 39th street, will reopen, Sept. 21.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL REOPEN their day school for young ladies, No. 132 Madison-av., on TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

J. H. PATTON'S SCHOOL WILL REOPEN on MONDAY, Sept. 19, at No. 1,149 Broadway, between 26th and 27th sts.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF THE UNIVERsity, Washington-sq.—Primary, Classical & Commercial. Location, size and ventilation of rooms unsurpassed.

BOYS' BOARDING SCHOOL, ESSEX, CONN.—M. A. CUMMINGS, Principal. Terms, $250. Circulars at SHELDON & CO.'S, 335 Broadway

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL—White Plains, N. Y.
O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

MISS BALLOW'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for Young Ladies, No. 24 East 22d-st., will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

WILTON BOARDING INSTITUTE.—Terms, $40 to $50 per quarter. ADDISON A. BETTS, Principal. Connecticut.

INSTRUCTION.

CHARLIER FRENCH INSTITUTE

For young gentlemen, will reopen Sept. 20, Nos. 48 and 50 East 24th-st. Boarding and day school. A primary department. Pupils prepared for College, business, West Point and the Navy School. The prospectus of the school contains the names of the pupils and those of their parents for the past nine years.
Prof. ELLE CHARLIER, Director.

MRS. MACAULAY'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY-SCHOOL,
No. 283 Madison-av.,
Will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21.
For circulars of further particulars, please apply as above.

MAPLE HALL
FEMALE SEMINARY,
Jamaica, L. I.
P. A. ANDREU.

MR. GEORGE C. ANTHONS'
CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL AND GYMNASIUM,
No. 212 5th-av., corner 26th-st.
Open Sept. 12.

JOHN B. MOORE'S
MATHEMATICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH (limited) SCHOOL, No. 923 Broadway, northwest corner 21st street, reopened on the 19th ult.

FAIRHAVEN SEMINARY.—J. G. SLOAN, Principal. This school is pleasantly located, one mile from New-Haven, Conn. Established thirteen years. Ten pupils received in the family. Winter term begins Nov. 2. Circulars, at Goodenough's, No. 122 Nassau-st.

A LADY FROM PARIS WISHES A few hours private tuition, or would complete an education; every branch of instruction taught in English and French; both languages she speaks as a native. Address P. S. B., poste restante Post-office, West 12th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S CLASSICAL, French and English School. No. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-street, was reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 5. Circulars at Christern's, No. 763, Crowen's, No. 843, Corwin's, No. 900, and Mitchell & Seixas', No. 952 Broadway.

A LADY, TEACHER OF THE PIANO, of many years' experience, recently connected with a first-class ladies' institution, desires a few pupils on moderate terms. Address Messrs. SCHARFENBERG & LUIS, No. 758 Broadway.

MRS. BROWN'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, No. 71 West 23d-st., will open Sept. 19, 1864.

UNION HALL, JAMAICA, L. I.—MISS STEVENS, PRINCIPAL.—The forty-sixth year of this Seminary will commence on TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

MRS. G. ANTHON CALLENDER'S FRENCH and English Boarding and Day School, will reopen on the 22d day of Sept. 1864.

R. P. JENKS' SCHOOL WILL REOPEN at No. 1,182 Broadway, three doors above 28th-st. on MONDAY, Sept. 12.

TEACHERS.

A COMPETENT LADY TEACHER WISHES a few more pupils, from 4 to 9 P. M., to instruct in the French, German and English languages, either in private lessons or in classes of not more than four, at the pupils' or teacher's residence. Also lessons in music, piano, given. Address MRS. DORCHESTER, Station D, Post-office.

AN AMERICAN LADY, ACCUSTOMED to teaching music, English, French and Latin, desires the position of resident governess; best of references given. Address INSTRUCTION, Box No. 1,504 New-York Post-office.

A LADY EXPERIENCED IN TEACHING the English branches and French, desires a position in a family, or in an established school; or would open a select school in some place favorable for such an opening. References exchanged. Address TEACHER, Ore Hill, Conn.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GENTLEMAN, A graduate of Hamilton College, a situation as private tutor; best of references given. Address R. W. S., care of O. G. Moses, No. 27 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

AS PRIVATE TUTOR.—A GENTLEMAN OF experience will give private instruction in the classics, mathematics and English branches. Highest references. Address M. A., Box No. 135 *Times* Office.

A PARISIAN LADY DESIRES A SITUAtion as governess in a family. Address Miss H. E., Box No. 167 *Times* Office.

AUCTION SALES.

J. H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

By JOHN H. DRAPER & CO.,
Office, No. 36 Pine-st.
SALE OF ORDNANCE STORES,
At store No. 62 New-st., near Beaver-st.,
On MONDAY, Oct. 17, 1864,
At 12 o'clock, noon.

By order of Cuthbert Bullitt, Esq., United States Marshal, Eastern District of Louisiana, will be sold the following described Ordnance Stores, being seizures made within the jurisdiction of the United States District Court of Eastern Louisiana, the sale of which was forbidden there by the military authorities of New-Orleans, viz.:

67 Cases of Muskets,
434 Kegs and 13 Boxes of Powd
332 Bags and 13 Boxes of Shot,
13 Revolvers,
about 500,000 Percussion Caps,
8 Kegs Ball Cartridges,
2,000 Metallic Cartridges,
40 Revolver Cartridges,
24 Boxes of Swords,
5 Swords.

Terms of Sale—Cash in Government funds.

The above goods may be examined three days before the sale at the above store. Samples will be ready for inspection on the 8th inst. at the office of the auctioneers.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

THIS DAY, Oct. 7, at 11 o'clock, will be sold, at No. 141 Broadway, a large stock of superb furniture for parlors, chambers, libraries, dining-rooms, halls, &c. These goods will be warranted, and we invite our friends and the public to examine by catalogue, as the sale is absolute for cash. Goods packed for shipping at reasonable charge.

N. B.—At private sale, an elegant calash carriage, two Rockaway wagons, two top wagons, single and double sleighs, and a general assortment of fine household furniture.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

TO THE TRADE AND OTHERS.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell at auction on SATURDAY, Oct. 8, at 12 o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st., to the trade and others, 20 cases of glass tumblers, assorted sizes. To be sold without reserve, to close consignment.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN.

SATURDAY, Oct. 8,
At 1 o'clock P. M., at No. 277 Cumberland-st., near Lafayette-av., Brooklyn,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, nearly new; mahogany, walnut and painted marble-top parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture, hair mattresses, bedding, oak hatstand, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths and kitchen furniture.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell at auction on SATURDAY, Oct. 8, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st.:

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of velvet, medallion, Brussels and ingrain carpets; carved rosewood suites, in crimson figured brocatel; carved black walnut bookcase; rosewood, mahogany and black walnut furniture, mahogany extension table; green and maroon reps window curtains, oil-paintings, mahogany rockers in hair cloth; mahogany, rosewood and black walnut marble-top side-tables; gilt frame mantle mirrors, Brussels and ingrain stair-carpets, oil-cloth, gilt cornices, &c., &c.; also, china, crockery and glassware.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, velvet carpets, pier mirrors, parlor suites, pianos, paintings, table linens, &c. &c.

THIS DAY, (Friday,) Oct. 7, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 724 Broadway, opposite New-York Hotel, a very large and well-selected assortment of good new and second-hand furniture from three families who are declining housekeeping, and will embrace several parlor suites in rosewood and black walnut, wardrobes, book-cases, dress bureaus, centre, card and extension tables, pier glasses, curtains, one or two pianofortes, rosewood billiard table, rich carpets of various kinds, beds, mattresses, china and glassware, stoves, kitchen furniture, &c. Also, a large quantity of bed-linen, sheets, blankets, spreads, &c., &c. Sale will be peremptory.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AMERICAN TELEGRAPH STOCK AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19, at 12½ o'clock at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, 500 shares American Telegraph Co., $100 each.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, (FRIDAY,) OCT. 7, AT 11 o'clock, in front of store:
FRESH MENTON LEMONS.
460 boxes fresh Menton Lemons.

WM. IRVING, Auctioneer.

GREEN-HOUSE PLANTS AT AUCTION.—HARRY C. COOK will sell THIS DAY, at 11 A. M., at No. 9 John-st., a choice selection of Winter Blooming Plants from Mr. LOUIS MENAND, Albany, N. Y.

ALL HORSES, CARRIAGES, HARNESS, &c., &c., intended for sale on SATURDAY, Oct. 8, must be sent in by 4 P. M. THIS DAY. United States Horse and Carriage Auction Mart, 5th-av., corner 44th-st.

AUCTION NOTICE.—BY ORDER OF REAR-Admiral Hiram Paulding, I will offer for sale on MONDAY, the 24th inst., at 12 o'clock, M., at the Navy Yard, Brooklyn, about 250 pieces live oak ship timber, on account of storage and charges.
D. D. T. MARSHALL,
U. S. Naval Storekeeper.

LECTURES.

MEMORIALS OF PATRIOTISM.—A statement of the objects and labors of the "Institute of Reward for Orphans of Patriots," will be made by the Corresponding Secretary, Dr. HOLTON, in the Presbyterian Church, 50th-st., west of Broadway, near the *line* of the University-place, 5th and 7th av. cars, and the 8th-av.—Rev. Dr. Bell's—FRIDAY evening, at 8 o'clock. Friends of our country and its orphans are invited to attend. Members of the Executive Committee are invited to meet at the same place at 7 P. M., Oct. 7th. VALENTINE MOTT, M.D., Pres.; EDW. WARNER, Rec. Sec.

FINANCIAL.

PROPOSALS FOR LOAN.

FIVE-TWENTY BONDS.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Oct. 1, 1864.

SEALED OFFERS will be received at this Department, under the act of Congress, approved June 30, 1864, until the noon of Friday, the 14th instant, for bonds of the United States, to the amount of forty millions of dollars. The bonds offered will bear an interest of six per centum, payable semi-annually, in coin, on the first days of May and November, and will be redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and payable twenty years from Nov. 1, 1864.

Each offer must be for fifty or some multiple of fifty dollars, and must state the sum including premium offered for each hundred dollars, or for fifty when the offer is for no more than fifty. Two per cent. of the principal (excluding premium) of the whole amount bid for, by each bidder, must be deposited, as a guaranty for the payment of subscriptions if accepted, with the Treasurer of the United States at Washington, or with the Assistant Treasurer at New York, Boston, Philadelphia or St. Louis, or with the designated Depositary at Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago, Detroit or Buffalo, or with any National Deposit Bank which may consent to transact the business without charge, for which deposits duplicate certificates will be issued to the depositors by the officer or bank receiving them—the originals of which must be forwarded, with the offers, to this Department. All deposits should be made in time for the certificates with the offers to reach Washington not later than the morning of Oct. 14, as aforesaid. No offer, not accompanied by its proper certificate of deposit, will be considered.

The Coupon and Registered Bonds, issued under this proposal, will be of the denominations of $50, $100, $500 and $1,000. Registered Bonds of $5,000 and $10,000 will be issued if required.

All offers received will be opened on Friday, Oct. 14. The awards will be made by the Secretary to the highest offerers, and notice of acceptance or declination will be immediately given to the respective offerers. In cases of acceptance, bonds of the description and denomination preferred will be sent to the subscribers, at the cost of the Department, on final payment of installments. The deposit of two per cent. will be reckoned in the last installments paid by successful offerers, and will be immediately returned to those whose offers may not be accepted.

The amount of accepted offers must be deposited with the Treasurer, officer or bank authorized to act under this notice, on advice of the acceptance of offers, as follows: One-half on the 20th October, and the balance, including the premium and original two per cent. deposit, on the 31st October.

The bonds will bear interest from Nov. 1. Interest on deposits, from their date to Nov. 1, will be paid by the Government in coin.

One-half of the first installment, or twenty-five per cent. of accepted offers, may be paid, with accrued interest to Oct. 14, in United States "Certificates of Indebtedness," but such certificates will be received in part payment of the first installment only.

Offers under this notice should be indorsed "Offer for Loan," and addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury. The right to decline all offers not considered advantageous to the Government is reserved by the Secretary.

W. P. FESSENDEN,
Secretary of the Treasury.

PROSPECTUS OF THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH WEST INDIA COTTON COMPANY.

CAPITAL—$500,000.
5,000 Shares..........$100 each.
Charter to be applied for.
JOHN C. RAHMING, President.
THOS. A. R. WEBSTER, Vice-Pres.
F. H. KNAPP, Treasurer.
GEORGE DOUGLAS, Counsel to the Co.

This Company has been formed for the purpose of cultivating Sea Island Cotton on the island of Long Island, one of the Bahamas, situated in lat. 23° 10′, long. 73° 3′, and have 2,000 acres of land, capable of producing the finest kind of Sea Island Cotton. During the past two years a section of the land has been under cultivation, and the cotton produced is pronounced equal to that raised in any part of the world. The Company intend increasing their facilities of production, therefore offer to the public a limited number of shares, at their par value of $100 each. Samples of Cotton, together with statistics and more extended information, may be had on application at the Office of the Company, No. 87 Beaver-st., New-York.

H. J. MESSENGER,
BANKER,
NO. 139 BROADWAY,
Will receive subscriptions to the NEW 7-30 TREASURY NOTES, and 10-40 BONDS, and allow the usual commissions.
We buy and sell at market rates,
U. S. 5-20 BONDS,
U. S. 6s, OF 1861,
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
U. S. QUARTERMASTER'S CHECKS,
U. S. 7-30 NOTES converted into 6s of '81,
U. S. CERTIFICATES COLLECTED.
Also, Gold, Silver, Canada and Uncurrent Money Bought and Sold at best rates.
ACCOUNTS of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

TOLEDO & WABASH RAILWAY CO.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
TOLEDO, Aug. 13, 1864.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Toledo and Wabash Railway Company, for the purpose of electing fifteen Directors, and the transaction of general business, will be held at the Office of the Company in the City of Toledo, Ohio, on Wednesday, the fifth day of October, 1864, at 10 o'clock, A. M. The Transfer books of the Company in the City of New-York will be closed on the 24th day of September and opened on the 7th day of October, 1864.
J. N. DRUMMOND, Sec'y.

SIXTH NATIONAL BANK,
Corner 35th-st., Broadway and 6th-av.,
Will receive subscriptions to the new 7-30 Treasury Notes at the Bank, and at the Bank of the Commonwealth. Ten-Forty Bonds on hand for immediate delivery.
C. DARLING, President.
J. W. B. DOBLER, Cashier.

TO CAPITALISTS.
$100,000 LOAN.
The above amount wanted on ten years' 7 per cent. semi-annual Coupon Bonds of Cortland County, N. Y. Interest and principal payable at my banking office, No. 139 Broadway.
H. J. MESSENGER.

COAL LAND.—THE UNDERSIGNED HAS A lease of 2,200 acres of land, on very favorable terms, lying two miles from Petroleum Station, on the Northwestern Virginia Railroad, on which is a splendid vein of coal, six feet clear. Can be brought into market four cents per bushel cheaper than from any other point to this place, which affords a ready market for a large amount. There is a break of one hundred miles each side of Parkersburgh, on to the Ohio River, in which no coal can be obtained. A large quantity can be disposed of to steamboats, as well as the markets of Cincinnati and Louisville, and points below, avoiding the most dangerous part of river navigation above. Parties wishing a safe investment, with large returns, need only examine this tract and the market to find as represented. Would dispose of one-half of above lease on reasonable terms to any parties who would aid in developing the same.
EUG. LIST.
PARKERSBURGH, West Virginia, Sept. 27, 1864.
Refer to W. K. Mead, 47 Water-st., New-York.

OFFICE OF THE ST. LOUIS, JACKSONVILLE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY,
JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Sept. 16, 1864.

COUPONS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE Bonds of the St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago Railroad Company, due Oct. 1, 1864, will be paid on and after that date, at the office of M. K. JESUP & CO., No. 59 Exchange-place, New-York, free of Government tax.
JAMES BERDAN, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE UNION COAL CO., NO. 9 PINE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 21, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of Five per Cent out of the earnings of the company, payable on and after 5th day of October.
The transfer books will be closed from the 30th inst. to Oct. 5, both days inclusive.
S. L. CROSBY,
Treasurer.

OFFICE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
No. 23 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 2, 1864.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this company will be held on the first MONDAY of October, at the office of the company, No. 13 William-st., New-York, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the transaction of such business as may come before the meeting.
JOHN A. DIX, President.
H. V. POOR, Secretary.

CENTRAL PARK, NORTH AND EAST RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 1 STATE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 1, 1864.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SHAREholders of this company for the election of thirteen directors and three inspectors of election will be held at this office on TUESDAY, Oct. 18, 1864, at 12 o'clock M.
By order JAMES WARING, Secretary.

OFFICE SPRING MOUNTAIN COAL CO.,
No. 111 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 4, 1864.

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF FOUR (4) per cent. was declared this day, payable at the office of the Company, on and after Oct. 15. Transfer books closed till the 17th Oct. By order of the Board.
CHARLES RUNYON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ADIRONDACK COMPANY,
No. 13 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 22, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF DIRECTORS of this company will take place on MONDAY Oct. 23, 1864, at this office.
GEO. T. M. DAVIS, President.
GEO. W. PRATT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF MINNESOTA MINING COMPANY,
No. 12 PINE STREET,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 19, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT BY resolution of the Board of Directors, an ASSESSMENT of five dollars per share has been levied upon the Capital Stock of this company, payable on the tenth day of October next, at their office, with interest thereafter.
The transfer books will be closed on the 7th Oct., after which no transfers of Stock will be made on which assessments are unpaid.
S. A. BANKS, Treasurer.

FOR SALE—STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS Five per cent. Coupon Bonds, due in 1894. Interest and principal payable in gold. Apply to BLAKE BROS. & CO., No. 17 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

FISKE & HATCH,

BANKERS,
and dealers in Government Securities,
No. 38 Wall-st.,
receive orders for the
NEW 7-30 LOAN,
and have the notes always on hand for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

☞ Banks, Bankers and Dealers supplied on favorable terms.

☞ All kinds of Government Securities bought and sold at market rates.

GRINNELL & NEVERS,
STOCK BROKERS, No. 15 Broad-st., New-York.
Government Securities, Railway Stocks, &c., &c., bought and sold at the N. Y. Stock Exchange, exclusively on commission.
WILLIAM F. GRINNELL. BENJAMIN M. NEVERS.

SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED TO THE 7.30 PER CENT. AND 10.40 NATIONAL LOANS,
(¼ per cent. commission allowed,)
BY
LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York,
Bankers and Government Loan Agents.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE BUTCHERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, ON SATURDAY, SEPT. 24, 1864:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$1,699,975 30
Overdrafts		227 54
Due from Banks		51,983 06
Due from the Directors of the Bank	$81,053	
Due from Brokers	40,000	
Real Estate		50,000 00
Specie		115,362 46
Cash Items, viz.: Checks and Drafts on New-York Banks, received on the 23d		116,582 88
Stocks and Indebtedness Certificates		883,290 00
Bonds and Mortgages		1,500 00
Bills of Solvent Banks and Legal-Tender Notes		203,184 00
Loss and Expense Account		4,827 97
Total		$3,126,933 11

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$800,000 00
Circulation Registered	$272,400 00	
Total	$272,400 00	
Less Notes on hand	$56,075 00	216,325 00
Profits		153,163 22
Due to Banks		225,872 29
Due to Individuals and Corporations, other than Banks and Depositors, for Dividends		3,198 75
Due Depositors, on demand		1,728,433 85
Total		$3,126,933 11

State of New-York, County of New-York, ss.: B. LEWIS, Jr., President, and ROBERT P. PERRIN, Cashier, of the Butchers' and Drovers' Bank, a Banking Association, located and doing business at New-York, in said county, being duly and severally sworn, each for himself, saith that the foregoing is in all respects a true statement of the condition of the said Bank, before the transaction of any business on the morning of Saturday, the 24th day of September, 1864, in respect to each and every of the items and particulars above specified, according to the best of his knowledge and belief; and that the business of the said Bank has been and is transacted at the location aforesaid.
B. LEWIS, Jr., President.
R. P. PERRIN, Cashier.
Severally subscribed and sworn by both deponents, the 6th day of October, 1864,
G. G. TAYLOR, Commissioner of Deeds.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE METROPOLITAN BANK, on Saturday the 24th day of September, 1864.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$8,501,716 41
Overdrafts		4,821 86
Due from Banks		471,555 79
Due from the Directors of the Bank	$168,829 62	
Due from Brokers	435,000 00	
Real Estate		248,000 00
Specie		1,060,695 00
Cash Items, viz: Chiefly Checks on City Banks		1,880,030 70
Stocks		584,000 00
Promissory and U. S. 7 3-10 Notes and Indebtedness Certificates		821,000 0
Bonds and Mortgages		114,308 50
Bills of Solvent Banks and U. S Demand Notes		450,000 00
Loss and Expense Account		14,318 86
Total		$14,150,447 14

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$4,000,000 00
Circulation Registered	$577,000	
Total	$577,000	
Less Notes on hand	316,805	260,195 00
Profits		1,168,896 76
Due to Banks		3,969,837 65
Due Depositors, on Demand		4,733,082 73
Unclaimed Dividends		18,435 00
Total		$14,150,447 14

State of New-York, County of New-York, ss. JOHN E. WILLIAMS, President, and GEO. I. SENEY, Cashier of the Metropolitan Bank, an Associated Bank, located and doing business at New-York, in said county, being duly and severally sworn, each for himself saith, that the foregoing is in all respects a true statement of the condition of the said Bank before the transaction of any business on the morning of Saturday, the 24th day of September, 1864, in respect to each and every of the items and particulars above specified, according to the best of his knowledge and belief; and that the business of the said Bank has been and is transacted at the location aforesaid.
JOHN E. WILLIAMS, President.
GEO. I. SENEY, Cashier.
Severally subscribed and sworn by both deponents, the 6th day October, 1864,
P. W. INNEY, Notary Public, New-York.

STATEMENT, SHOWING THE TRUE CONDITION of the BANK OF NEW-YORK, a Banking Association, on the morning of Saturday, the 24th day of September, 1864.

RESOURCES.

Bills Discounted and Loans		$4,211,875 22
Loans to Directors	$261,700	
Loans to Brokers and Bankers	406,000	
Real Estate		300,000 00
Stocks and Interest		693,247 82
Promissory and United States Indebtedness Certificates		1,980,700 00
Expense Account		28,256 96
Overdrafts		1,302 23
Specie		963,953 24
Cash Items, Bills and Checks of City Banks		1,945,407 35
United States Demand Notes		656,954 55
Due from Banks		219,306 26
Total		$11,001,094 63

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock		$3,000,000 00
Profits		450,109 61
Registered Bank Notes	$63,574	
Registered Bank Notes on hand	2,888	
		60,686 00
Due Depositors on demand		6,771,904 37
Due to Banks		718,394 65
Total		$11,001,094 63

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, ss.—CHARLES P. LEVERICH, President, and WILLIAM B. MEEKER, Cashier of said Bank, being duly sworn, severally depose and say, that they are the President and Cashier as aforesaid, and that the foregoing is, in all respects, a true statement of the condition of the said Bank, before the transaction of any business on the morning of the 24th day of September, 1864, (being the day specified in the notice of the Superintendent of the Bank Department, next preceding the date of this report, requiring the same,) according to the best of their knowledge and belief; that the said Bank is an Associate Bank, and is located in the First Ward of the City of New-York, in the County of New York; where it has a banking house for the transaction of its business; and that from the 1st day of January, 1853, up to the day of making this report, the business thereof was transacted at such location.
C. P. LEVERICH, President,
WM. B. MEEKER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn by both deponents, this October 6, 1864, before me,
THOS. L. THORNELL,
[STMP.] Notary Public, New-York City.

QUARTERLY STATEMENT OF THE SIXTH NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK, on the morning of the first Monday of October, 1864,

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$146,665 15
Furniture and Fixture	1,571 33
Expenses	5,217 26
U. S. Stock to secure circulation	200,000 00
" " " deposits	100,000 00
" " " on hand	61,700 00
" 7 3-10 Treasury Notes	42,000 00
Cash on hand—	
Specie and Legal Tender Notes	157,747 59
Other items	36,361 04
Total	$751,262 37

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$200,000 00
Individual Deposits	180,216 26
United States Deposits	128,447 39
Due National Banks	43,227 23
Due State Banks	2 49
Profits	19,369 00
Circulation	180,000 00
Total	$751,262 37

I, JOHN A. B. DOBLER, Cashier of the Sixth National Bank of New-York, do solemnly affirm that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JNO. A. B. DOBLER.
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 6th day of October, 1864. AUGUSTUS SELEMO, Notary Public.

SECOND QUARTERLY STATEMENT OF THE TENTH NATIONAL BANK ON THE MORNING OF THE FIRST MONDAY OF OCT. 1864:

DR.

Notes and Bills discounted		$951,566 24
Furniture and Fixtures	$ 2,837 88	
Current expenses	17,923 06	
Taxes paid	1,527 50	
Rent	3,875 00	
		$26,163 44
Due from Banks		39,993 71
Interest accrued		29,352 62
United States Bonds		1,134,300 00
Premium account		30,012 32
Other U. S. securities		224,000 00
Specie and other lawful money		517,271 72
Total		$2,952,660 05

CR.

Capital Stock paid in	$1,000,000 00
Circulating Notes received from Comptroller	702,000 00
Due Depositors	1,165 916 27
Profit and Loss	84,743 78
Total	$2,952,660 05

State of New-York, County of New-York, ss.: I, J. H. STOUT, Cashier of Tenth National Bank, New-York, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. H. STOUT, Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 6th day of Oct. 1864. W. H. BARKER, Notary Public.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.,

NO. 44 WALL-ST.,
will receive subscriptions to the
NEW 7.30 TREASURY NOTE LOAN,
and allow ¼ per cent. commission to subscribers.

These notes are issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, maturing in THREE YEARS from Aug. 15, 1864—interest payable semi-annually in currency, at the rate of 7 3-10 PER CENT. per annum.

The notes are payable in Currency at maturity, or convertible into 5.20 SIX PER CENT BONDS, with interest, payable in Gold.

Also, BUY and SELL, at market rates, all kinds of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, including
U. S. 5.20 BONDS.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. 12 MOS. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. Two Year 5 per cent. LEGAL TENDER NOTES.
U. S. 6 per cent. COUPON and REGISTERED, of 1881.
MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS collected or purchased.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK,
NO. 363 BROADWAY.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 3, 1864.
DEPOSITORY OF THE UNITED STATES IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
This Bank will receive bids for the new Loan of
FORTY MILLIONS
5-20 Six Per Cent. Bonds,
To be awarded Oct. 14.
One-quarter of the amount to be paid in Certificates of Indebtedness.
This Bank will be represented at Washington by its President, and will receive and place with its bids all offers, and charge ⅛ per cent. if successful.
J. U. ORVIS, President.
JOHN T. HILL, Cashier.

EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK
NO. 650 BROADWAY,
Near Bleecker-st.,
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
Subscriptions received for the new popular
7.3-10 LOAN,
And the entire commission of $2 50 on each $1,000 allowed.
10-40 Bonds on hand for immediate delivery.
CHAS. HUDSON, Cashier.

CARR, TAYLOR & CO.,
STOCK BROKERS,
No. 30 Broad-st.,
New-York.
STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD,
Exclusively on Commission,
at the New-York Stock Exchange.
CHAS. H. CARR, MATT. TAYLOR,
WILLIAM BELDEN.

JOHN B. MURRAY & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 11 Broad-st., near Wall-st.
DEALERS IN UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 56 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

OFFICE OF THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 20, 1864.

THE FIRST SERIES OF $2,000,000 Redemption Bonds, bearing 6 per cent. interest, and payable in 1890, have been exchanged for Construction Bonds. The Directors, by resolution this day, have decided to issue another series of $3,000,000, under the same mortgage, upon the road and appurtenances, which are offered at 110 per cent., in exchange for Construction Bonds at 120 per cent., making a difference of 10 per cent. in favor of the Construction Bonds.

This arrangement is proposed in order to relieve the holders of the Construction Bonds from the inconvenience of a peremptory call for the bonds as provided by the terms of their issue, but, in case the bonds are not surrendered and the exchange effected in amounts sufficient to meet the requirements of the land sales, the Company will be compelled to pay off a further portion of the Bonds.
THOS. E. WALKER,
Treasurer.

COMMISIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor over Park Bank.

DIVIDENDS.

SIXTH MONTHLY DIVIDEND.

The directors of the CENTRAL PETROLEUM COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of one per cent. on their capital of $5,000,000, payable on the 15th inst., at their office, No. 10 Pine-st.
JAMES BISHOP, President.
WED. W. CLARKE, Secretary.
Oct 3, 1864.

CENTRAL PETROLEUM COMPANY.
CAPITAL, $5,000,000.
DIRECTORS:
JAMES BISHOP, of James Bishop & Co., No. 3 Beaver-st.
CHRISTOPHER MEYER, President "Novelty" and "Meyer" Rubber Companies.
WILLIAM H. BREEDEN, of Breeden & Southwick.
GEORGE H. BISSELL, of Geo. H. Bissell & Co., Franklin, Pa.
FREDERICK PRENTICE, of Oil Creek, Pa.
WEDWORTH W. CLARKE, of W. W. Clarke & Co., No. 10 Pine-st.
JOHNSON LETSON, President New-Brunswick Rubber Company.
PETER C. ONDERDONK, Trenton, N. J.
WM. S. MAYO, M. D., New-York.

McKINLEY OIL COMPANY.
NOTICE OF DIVIDEND NO. 2.
NEW YORK, Oct. 5.
The Trustees of the McKinley Oil Company, have declared a Dividend of Three per Cent (out of the net earnings of the Company for the month of September,) payable on demand at the office of the company No. 81 John-street New-York, to shareholders of record at the close of business this day.
WALTER E. LAWTON, Treasurer.

BRIGGS GOLD COMPANY.
NOTICE OF DIVIDEND NO. 6.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 5, 1864.
A dividend of One per cent. for the month of September has been declared payable at the office of the company, No. 81 John-st., New-York, on and after Oct. 17, 1864, to shareholders of record, at the close of business this day.
WALTER E. LAWTON, Treasurer.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 30, 1864.
DIVIDEND.
The usual Semi-Annual Dividend of Four (4) per Cent. out of the profits of the past six months, has this day been declared by the Board of Directors, payable on and after the 10th day of October.
The Transfer Books will be closed till that date.
W. A. KISSAM, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE CO.,
NO. 71 WALL-ST.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 4, 1864.
A Semi-annual Dividend of 7½ Per Cent., free of Government tax, has this day been declared, payable on demand. By order of the Board of Directors.
A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
PLEASANT VALLEY GOLD COMPANY.
A Dividend of Two (2) Per Cent. upon the Capital Stock of this Company has been this day declared by the Trustees, payable on the 24th day of October, at the office of M. K. JESUP & CO., No. 69 Exchange-place, in the City of New-York. A. L. PURVES, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 4, 1864.

OFFICE PRESTON COAL AND IMPROVEMENT COMP'Y,
No. 205½ WALNUT-ST., PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of Two (2) Per Cent. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable to Stockholders on and after Oct. 20. The Transfer Books will be closed from Oct. 3 to Oct. 20.
H. P. RUTTER, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner 3d-av. and 26th-st.
CHARTERED 1854.
BANK OPEN daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 6 to 8 P. M.
SIX PER CENT. interest allowed on all sums from $1 to $1,000.
All moneys deposited on or before Oct. 10, will draw interest from the 1st.
SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK.
CHATHAM SQUARE, NEW-YORK.
OPEN DAILY.
SIX PER CENT INTEREST ALLOWED.
Deposits made now, or on or before October 20th, will draw interest from October 1st.
M. D. VAN PELT, President.
CHAS. D. BAILEY, Treasurer.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS' BANK,
Nos. 427 and 429 CANAL-ST., corner Varick.
ASSETS..........$1,212,650
OPEN DAILY from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 5 to 7. SIX PER CENT. interest allowed. Money deposited on or before Oct. 20, will bear interest from Oct 1.
EDER V. HAUGHWOUT, President.
GARDNER S. CHAPIN, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST.
Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. on all sums entitled thereto. Open daily from 10 to 2 P. M., and on Monday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons from 4 to 7 P. M. N. B.—Money to loan on bond and mortgage.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of 14th-st. and 8th-av. Open from 1 to 5 P. M. Wednesdays and Saturdays from 1 to 7 P. M. SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED. Deposits made on or before October 10, will draw interest at once.
THOMAS CHRISTY, President.
R. H. BULL, Secretary.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK, CORNER 8th-av. and 42d-st. Open daily. Deposits made now and until Oct. 20, draw interest from 1st Oct. Interest 6 per cent SAMUEL NEWBY, Pres.
JAMES F. CHAMBERLAIN, Sec

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

NOTICE TO SUPERVISORS, AND CITIZENS GENERALLY.

750 VOLUNTEERS ARE READY to be credited to any Town or County in New York State, for ONE OR THREE YEARS.
TOWN AND COUNTY QUOTAS PROMPTLY FILLED.
Alien and Veteran Substitutes and Representatives can be promptly furnished in any numbers. County bonds taken in payment or negotiated.
Applications by telegraph or letter will be attended to promptly.
Apply to the General Volunteer and Substitute Recruiting Associations, of New York.
Office No. 428 Broadway, New York.
Lieut.-Col. R. W. WINFIELD SIMPSON,
Capt. R. McNICHOL,
Authorised Agents.

SURGEON-GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON CITY,
D. C., Sept. 21, 1864.

AN ARMY MEDICAL BOARD, TO CONSIST of Surgeon Charles S. Tripler, U. S. A., President; Surgeon, William S. King, U. S. A. and Surgeon Glover Perrin, U. S. A., Recorder, will meet at Cincinnati, Ohio, on the 18th of October next, for the examination of candidates for admission into the Medical Staff of the United States Army, and of such Assistant Surgeons for promotion as may be brought before it.

Applicants must be between 21 and 30 years of age, and physically sound.

Applications must be addressed to the Secretary of War or the Surgeon-General stating the residence of the applicant, and the date and place of his birth; they must also be accompanied by respectable testimonials of moral character.

No allowance is made for the expenses of persons undergoing the examination, as it is an indispensable pre-requisite to appointment.

There are now five vacancies on the Medical Staff.
JOS. K. BARNES,
Surgeon-General, U. S. A.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
New-York, April 16, 1864.

ARTILLERY HORSES WANTED.—1,000 artillery horses wanted, for which one hundred and eighty dollars will be paid for all that pass inspection. These horses must be sound in every particular, broken to harness, not less than 15½ hands high, and will be presented for inspection at the Government stables, 35th-st., between 10th and 11th-avs.
STEWART VAN VLIET, Quartermaster.

FORAGE DEPARTMENT, NO. 86 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK CITY.

WANTED—HAY, STRAW, CORN AND OATS, for which cash will be paid on delivery.
S. L. BROWN, Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. A.

MARINE CORPS.—THOSE DESIRING TO ENlist in this favorite service can do so, and obtain large bounties at the old Government Recruiting Rendevous, No. 45 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

PRISONERS OF WAR.—THE WIVES OR widowed mothers of prisoners of war can receive their back pay, by calling on, or addressing with letters BROWN & SHELDON, No. 2 Park-place.

DRAFTED MEN IN THIS STATE OR NEW-Jersey, supplied with substitutes for $800. Apply with draft or money to THOS. NEWTON, No. 6 Wall-st.

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 61 Franklin-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 61 Franklin-st. Call, send, or write.

CAUTION TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.—DR. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, deems it his duty to caution ladies, as they value their health, or waste of time and means, to avoid the certain danger of surgical treatment. His scientific mode of treatment in all cases of irregularity or suppression, dispenses with it, and is at once healthy and reliable, and cannot fail. However complicated a case may be, he assures a positive cure. He has been in practice upwards of twenty years at his present office, No. 129 Liberty-st., during which period he has been Sole Agent for the "INFALLIBLE PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS," so celebrated as being scientifically prepared, sugar-coated, and pleasant to the taste, that the most delicate lady can take them and at the same time healthy, while they have proved infallible even in the most obstinate cases. Price $3 and $5. Obtainable at his office or sent by mail.

DR. A. M. MAURICEAU is the author of "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health and circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family; a perusal of which will convince any lady of his thorough knowledge of her complaints. Every lady who has it is secure from danger and imposition. Price $1. Sold at No. 1 Vesey-st., No. 18 Ann-st., and at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York, and at No. 13 Court-st., Boston, Mass.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

All sufferers from the above complaints, either of recent or long standing, are advised to use Blair's Gout and Rheumatic Pills. They can be relied upon as the most safe and effectual remedy ever offered to the public, and have been universally used in Europe for many years with the greatest success.

Prepared by PROUT & HARSANT, No. 229 Strand, London, England, and sold by their agents, F. C. WELLS & CO., 115 Franklin-st., and by most druggists. Price $1 50 per box.

Her Majesty's Commissioners have authorized the name and address of "Thomas Prout, No. 229 Strand, London," to be impressed upon the Government stamp affixed to each box of the genuine medicine.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 41 Franklin-st., between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

CAUTION.—CHLORODYNE—IN CHANCERY.—It was clearly proved before Vice-Chancellor Sir W. P. Wood, by affidavits from eminent hospital physicians in London, that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the discoverer of Chlorodyne; that they prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. Browne's.—*See Times, Jan. 12, 1864.* The public, therefore, are cautioned against using any other than Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE, which is affirmed by medical testimonials to be the most efficacious medicine ever discovered for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spasms, Rheumatism, &c. No home should be without it. J. T. DAVENPORT, No. 33 Great Russell-st., London, sole manufacturer. Observe particularly, none genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Stamp. Agent, New-York, Mr. JAMES ASPINWALL, William-st.

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. R. COBBETT can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his conveniently-arranged suite of offices, No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place. From Dr. C. being one of the oldest, and probably the only qualified physician and surgeon in this City who makes diseases of the genitourinary organs a specialty, he is thus enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, seminal weakness nervous and general debility treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—See Dr. C.'s diplomas, in his office, as member of the New-York University Medical College, and College of Surgeons, London. Office hours, 8 A. M. to 8½ P. M.

ADVICE TO MARRIED OR SINGLE LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. No. 1, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., or sent by mail, with full instructions, by addressing Box No. 2,350 N. Y. Post-office.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations. Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 41 Franklin-st. N. Y.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY BE confidently consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

LADY INVALID:—IF YOU WISH RELIEF, send a red stamp for the Ladies' Private Circular. It tells much you ought to know, exposes quackery, and will save your money—perhaps life.
Dr. THIERS, No. 1,217 Broadway, New-York.

HUNDREDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER at first; he has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has cured no less than fifty thousand cases. His remedies are mild and there is no interruption to business or change of diet. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, known as Dr. Hunter's Red Drops, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. One dollar will secure by return mail his medical work, 300 pages, 40 colored pictures. Worth all the others put together.

WANTED—TO BUY OR HIRE A SECOND-hand safe. Address Box No. 976 Post-office, New-York City.

SHIPPING.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The rates of freight by this line of steamers have been reduced to 60 cents per foot, 1½ cents per pound and $3 50 per barrel. Its patrons are assured that the rates will at all times be made as low as those by any other line, and will be uniform to all shippers at the lowest rates during the week of shipment. JAS. A. RAYNOR.

REGULAR WEEKLY LINE.
NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
Line of Side-Wheel Steamers, carrying the United States Mail to
NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
Will sail as follows:
SUWONADA..........Jayne........Saturday, Oct. 8.
GUIDING STAR.......Knapp.......Saturday, Oct. 15.
EVENING STAR......Bell..........Saturday, Oct. 22.
MORNING STAR......Hepburn.....Saturday, Oct. 29.
SUWONADA..........Jayne........Saturday, Nov. 5.
GUIDING STAR.......Knapp.......Saturday, Nov. 12.
EVENING STAR......Bell..........Saturday, Nov. 19.
MORNING STAR......Hepburn.....Saturday, Nov. 26.
DAY STAR............(Building.)
At 3 o'clock, P. M.,
From Pier 46 North River, 3d Pier above Canal-st., N. Y.

The *Morning Star* is 2,648 tons, the *Evening Star* 2,015, the *Guiding Star* 2,416, the *Day Star* 2,778, and the *Suwonada* 1,788, custom-house measurement. Their passenger accommodations are not excelled by those upon any other steamers.

No Freight received or Bills of Lading signed after 12 o'clock on day of sailing. For Freight or Passage apply to JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company (Inman line) carrying the U. S. mails, are intended to sail as follows:
CITY OF BALTIMORE.....SATURDAY..........Oct. 8
ETNA.........................SATURDAY..........Oct. 15
EDINBURGH...............SATURDAY..........Oct. 22
and every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
PAYABLE IN GOLD, OR ITS EQUIVALENT IN CURRENCY.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown—First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS,
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.
EUROPA leaves Boston Wednesday, Sept. 14.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Sept. 21.
ARABIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Sept. 28.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Oct. 5.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Oct. 12.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, Oct. 19.
FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..............................$132 50
Second Cabin Passage............................80 00
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage...............................$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.............................65 00
Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATNOI CO.
(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN—building	3,612	....
ONTARIO—building	3,212	....
HELVETIA—building	3,209	....
ERIN	3,318	Grace.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Prowse.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,972	Brooking.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:
VIRGINIA—Lewis..........................Saturday, Oct. 8.
ERIN—Grace...............................Saturday, Oct. 22.
LOUISIANA—Prowse.....................Saturday, Nov. 5
PENNSYLVANIA—Brooking............Saturday, Nov. 19.
AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.
The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.
Cabin passage, $65 in gold; Steerage, $50 in currency.
The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

OPPOSITION LINE.
CENTRAL AMERICAN TRANSIT COMPANY.
SHORT ROUTE TO CALIFORNIA VIA NICARAGUA.
NO CHARGE FOR MEALS ON THE TRANSIT.
The New and Elegant Steamship
GOLDEN RULE,
D. S. BABCOCK, Commander,
On SATURDAY, Oct. 22, at Noon,
(And every Saturday four weeks thereafter,)
From Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., connecting with the steamship MOSES TAYLOR.
PRICE OF PASSAGE
as low as by any other line offering equal inducements in speed, safety, style of living and accommodations.
For passage apply at the office of the Company, No. 177 West, corner of Warren-st.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, DUBLIN, BELFAST AND LONDONDERRY.
The fine, fast-sailing A 1 Clyde-built steamship
BRITANNIA, Capt. FERRIER,
Is intended to sail on SATURDAY, Oct. 8, from Pier No. [illegible] North River.
This steamship is fitted in the most approved style to insure the comfort and safety of passengers.
Rates of passage, including an abundant supply of well-cooked provisions:

Saloon Cabin	$120	Intermediate	$60
Second Cabin	100	Steerage	45

Payable in U. S. Currency.
Apply to FRANCIS MACDONALD & CO.,
No. 6 Bowling-green.
To be succeeded by the CALEDONIA, Oct. 29.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The new United States Mail Steamship
GEORGE CROMWELL,
Capt. E. E. VAILL,
Will leave Pier No. 9, North River, as above, on SATURDAY, Oct. 8, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely.
The passenger accommodations on this steamer have been enlarged and elegantly furnished.
For passage, with accommodations unsurpassed, or freight, which will be taken at reduced rates, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE
FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA PANAMA.
Under convoy of a United States war steamer, throughout the Atlantic voyage.
The following first-class side-wheel steamers will be dispatched at noon precisely, from Pier No. 3, North River.
Oct. 13..........COSTA RICA..........TINKLEPAUGH.
Oct. 24..........OCEAN QUEEN.......SEABURY.
Nov. 3...........NORTH STAR..........JONES.
For freight or passage, apply to
D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N P.
The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer "CORSICA," Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the company's wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY, Oct. 10, MONDAY, Nov. 7.
Passage money to Nassau..........................$45
Passage money to Havana..........................50
(Payable in Gold or its equivalent.)
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

FOR MATAMORAS DIRECT.
The fast United States Mail Steamship
CREOLE,
JOHN THOMPSON, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 13, North River, for the above port, on Saturday, Oct. 22, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely.
For freight or passage, apply to
LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO.,
No. 115 Broadway.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.
The United States Mail Steamship
ROANOKE,
FRANCIS A. DREW, Commander,
Will leave Pier No. 13 North River, for Havana direct on MONDAY, Oct. 10, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely.
For freight or passage apply to
LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO.,
No. 115 Broadway.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.
SEMI-MONTHLY FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The first-class side-wheel steamship ARIEL, Capt. STEPHEN G. RUSSELL, will leave Pier No. 3 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M. on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19.
For freight or passage, apply to
D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.
N. B.—The CHAMPION, Capt. WILSON, will follow on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 2.

TAPSCOTT'S LONDON AND LIVERPOOL PASSAGE OFFICE, No. 86 South-st., New-York.
DRAFTS on ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND and WALES.
TAPSCOTT'S CELEBRATED LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS SAIL TWICE A WEEK.
A LINE OF LONDON PACKETS SAIL EVERY TEN DAYS.
Parties wishing to take passage, send for their friends, or remit money to the old country, can do so at the lowest rates, by applying to TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 86 South-st.

MACHINERY.

REYNOLDS TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.
Competent men are employed to measure streams, make plans, and put in flumes, wheels and gearing.
TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y

HYDROSTATIC PRESS WANTED.—First-class, second-hand, in good order, without pump, ten-inch ram or more; Hoe & Co.'s make preferred. Address Box No. 4,534 New-York City Post-office, with dimensions, price and where to be seen.

TO LET—STEAM POWER, ONE TO TEN-HORSE, with store, basement and second floor, near Broadway, on Canal-st., opposite Earl's Hotel. Apply to P. J. INSLEE, Engineer's office, No. 162 Walker-st.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

SHIPPING.

MAIL STEAMERS TO FRANCE DIRECT
THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE.
The first five splendid vessels intended to be put upon this favorite route for the Continent, are the following:
WASHINGTON..........3,204 tons.......900-horse power
LAFAYETTE............3,204 tons.......900-horse power
EUGENIE................(Afloat)..........900-horse power
FRANCE..................(Building).......900-horse power
NAPOLEON III.........(Building)...1,100-horse power
Until the completion of the entire list, the service will be performed by the
WASHINGTON, A. DUCHESNE;
LAFAYETTE, A. BOCANDE;
as follows:
FROM NEW-YORK TO HAVRE.
WASHINGTON......WEDNESDAY..............Oct. 12.
LAFAYETTE.........WEDNESDAY..............Nov. 9.
WASHINGTON......WEDNESDAY..............Dec. 7.
First Cabin, (including table wine)......................$135
Second Cabin, (including table wine).........$70 or $80
Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.
Medical attendance free of charge.
For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

STEAMBOATS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.
STONINGTON STEAMBOAT LINE, VIA GROTON AND PROVIDENCE.
THE OLDEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND MOST DIRECT,
AVOIDING "POINT JUDITH."
The magnificent steamer
COMMONWEALTH,
ON TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
The elegant steamer
PLYMOUTH ROCK,
ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
AT 5 O'CLOCK, P. M.

These boats start from Pier No. 18 North River, (foot of Cortlandt-st.,) and are acknowledged by all experienced travelers to be among the largest, strongest, most comfortable and best that have ever run in American waters. At all seasons and in all weather, these boats invariably make the passage on time. Sumptuous suppers and luxuriously furnished state-rooms are marked features of these "floating palaces."

Berths and state-rooms may be secured at Harden's Express Office, No. 74 Broadway, and at No. 115 West-st., New-York, and at No. 76 Washington-st., Boston.
M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

DAY LINE FOR ALBANY.—CHANGE OF PIER.—PLEASURE TRAVEL TO CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE, LEBANON SPRINGS, SARATOGA, MONTREAL and all points NORTH and WEST VIA HUDSON RIVER.—The new steamboat C. VIBBARD, Capt. D. H. HITCHCOCK, and the DANIEL DREW, Capt. J. F. TALLMAN, form a Day Line for Albany from Desbrosses-st. at 8 A. M., and 30th-st. at 8:10, landing at Cozzens Hotel dock. West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Catskill and Hudson. Tickets sold on board and baggage checked West and North.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, SPRINGFIELD AND WHITE MOUNTAINS.—Steamboat and railroad connection at New-Haven. Steamers leave Peck-slip, at 3:15 and 11 P. M., Sundays excepted.

RAILROADS.

NEW RAILROAD LINE SOUTH:
BROOKLYN TO PHILADELPHIA—THROUGH IN FIVE HOURS.
Fare, $2. Excursion Ticket, $3, (good for three days.)
On and after MONDAY, Aug. 1, 1864, by the commodious steamer JESSE HOYT, foot of Atlantic-st., Brooklyn, every day (Sundays excepted,) at 11 o'clock A. M., thence to Port Monmouth and by the Raritan and Delaware Bay Railroad to foot of Vine-st., Philadelphia. Returning leave Vine-st. wharf, Philadelphia, every morning at 8 A. M. (Sundays excepted.)
☞ Travelers from the City of New-York are notified not to apply for passage by this line, the State of New-Jersey having granted to the Camden and Amboy monopoly the exclusive privilege of carrying passengers and freight between the Cities of New-York and Philadelphia.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,
NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.
Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.
This road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.
H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. H. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD
Trains for Albany Troy, and Saratoga Springs, also connecting with the North and West, leave 26th-st. depot at 10:30 A. M. and 4 P. M.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, James-slip and 34th-st., East River, for Greenport, Sag Harbor and Hamptons, at 8 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Riverhead, Yaphank and Lakeland at 8 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Islip, Babylon and Farmingdale at 8 A. M., 3:30 and 5:30 P. M. For Syosset at 10:30 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. (Stages connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Hempstead, Jamaica and Winfield at 8, 10:30 A. M. and 3:30, 4:30 and 5:30 P. M.
Sunday excursion train leaves 34th-st., East River, at 8:30 A. M., for Riverhead, stopping at all stations, except Hempstead and Syosset.
Excursion tickets for this train at reduced rates.
A. REASONER, Superintendent.

N. Y. AND FLUSHING R. R. CO.—Trains leave Flushing 5:40, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M., and 1, 3, 5, 6, 7:15 P. M. Trains leave Hunter's Point 6:10, 7:30, 8:30, 9.30, 11:30 A. M., and 2:20, 4:20, 5:30, 6:30 and 8 P. M. Ferry boats leave James Slip and 34th-st., East River, every half hour connecting with trains. Extra trains leave Flushing at 11 P. M. and Hunter's Point at 12 o'clock TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS. SUNDAY trains leave Flushing at 8 and 10 A. M., and 1, 4, 6 P. M.; returning, leave Hunter's Point at 9 and 11 A. M., and 2, 5, 7 P. M. Stage connections—Whitestone 7:30, 8:30, 11:30 A. M., and 2:20, 4:20 and 5:30 P. M. Manhassett and Little Neck 9:30 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. College Point 6:30, 11:30 A. M. and 2:20 and 5:30 P. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS leave as follows, viz.:
7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
7 A. M.—Express for Cleveland direct, via A. & G. W. Ry.
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo.
4 P. M.—Way for Otisville, Newburgh, Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express—Saturdays and Sundays excepted—for Dunkirk, Buffalo, &c.
6 P. M.—Lightning Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Rochester, Canandaigua, &c. On Saturdays this train will run to Buffalo only.
8 P. M.—Emigrant, for Dunkirk.
CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave:

	FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express,	7 and 10 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M. and 4:27 and 6:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,)	10:40 P. M.	11:02 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 6:22 P. M. from 30th-st.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—TRAINS for Albany and Troy and the North and West leave Chambers-st., at 7 A. M.; Express, 8 A. M.; Way Mail, 10:30 A. M., and 4, 6 and 10:40 P. M. Express on Sundays at 6:22 P. M. from 30th-st.
J. M. TOUCEY, Assistant Superintendent.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 2:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., 6:25 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M., run through to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PAPER MILL TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, for cash, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 26, at noon, at the office of Marshal Wilcox, Esq., Lee, Mass.; the paper mill formerly known as the property of Nichols & Eldridge, and more recently as belonging to Tanner & Perkins. The mill contains a 62-inch Fourdrinier machine, 4 engines, steam boiler, &c., &c., and has good water-power. For further information, apply to
M. L. SEYMOUR, Trustee, No. 106 Leonard-st.

$2,000 TO $5,000—A WELL ESTABLISHED firm, with an increasing trade would like to procure the above amount to extend their business. Ample security on personal property will be given, or a partner either silent or other would be admitted. Address BUSINESS, Box No. 250 *Times* Office.

A SPLENDID RESTAURANT AND SUPPER ROOMS, located on a corner in Broadway; this is a rare chance for an energetic man to make a fortune. For particulars apply to WHARTON BROTHERS, No. 132 Broadway.

SPECIAL PARTNER WANTED, WITH $6,000 to $8,000, in a long-established safe manufacturing business, on account of retirement of the present partner. Address E, Box No. 1236 New-York Post-office.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

NEW-YORK, Oct. 6, 1864.
THE FIRM OF WHITTELSEY & SHERWOOD is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Whittelsey retires from business.
ELISHA WHITTELSEY.
FREDERICK SHERWOOD.
The undersigned will continue the Flour, Grain and Commission business at the same place, No. 21 South-st., on his own account.
FREDERICK SHERWOOD.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the subscribers under the name of WHITNEY & MUREN is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.
Either party will sign in liquidation.
New-York, Oct. 6, 1864.
H. S. WHITNEY.
GEO. M. MUREN.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COPARTNERSHIP as commission merchants, under the firm of EAGLETON, ANGELL & CO.
J. JOSEPH EAGLETON.
WALTER E. LAWTON.
EDWIN G. ANGELL.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 30, 1864.

SEWING MACHINES.

SEWING MACHINES.
All the best Sewing-machines, (NEW,) for SALE and to RENT. Also, Machines bought, exchanged and repaired. P. H. DIAMOND, No. 539 Broadway, N. Y.

THE TURF.

HOBOKEN COURSE
FRIDAY, Oct. 7.
THE FOLLOWING RACES WILL COME OFF, RAIN OR SHINE.

FIRST RACE.—Premium of $200, for all ages, three-quarter mile dash. Entries: Lady Dan, g. c. by Imp. Eclipse; Dr. Underwood, Garibaldi, Gentle Anne, Lurline, and Oriflame.

SECOND RACE.—Premium of $200, for all ages, mile heats. Entries: Charlotte F., Punch, Velox, Lexicon and Ben Bruce.

THIRD RACE.—Premium of $1,000 for all ages, four mile heats. Entries: Lexicon, Patti and Fleetwing.

Also, two private races after the Association races. The sport will commence at 1½ P. M., precisely.

PROPOSALS.

ARMY STORES.

OFFICE U. S. COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, No. 32 VINE-ST., CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 27, 1864.

Sealed proposals, in duplicate, will be received by the undersigned until 3 o'clock P. M., SATURDAY, Oct. 15, 1864, for supplying, for the use of the United States Army, subsistence stores, as follows:
5,000,000 pounds of
PORK—Mess, Thin Mess, or Prime Mess.
BACON—Sides, Shoulders or Hams.

Pork to be sound, free from rust or stain, full weight, (200 lbs.,) full salted, in full-hooped oak or ash barrels.

Bacon to be sound, thoroughly cured and smoked dry; loose, or packed in strong tierces or boxes containing about 300 pounds net each.

Cooperage must of the best kind, and all boxes must be strapped with green hickory straps.

Bidders will state fully and precisely the kinds of meat and quantity of each kind offered, and the time within which they propose to make the delivery, and for Bacon, whether loose or in packages. If the latter, state the kind.

The stores to be delivered to the Commissaries of Subsistence at Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Chicago, Baltimore, New-York, or Boston, as each bidder may select, but they must state in their proposals at which of these points they will make their deliveries; and if at more than one point, the quantity at each.

Separate proposals must be made, in duplicate, for each of the articles offered, or for deliveries of the same article at different points, and bidders may propose for the whole or any part of the amount specified.

The prices (per barrel for pork, per pound for bacon, named in the proposals, will be for the article delivered free of expense to the United States for drayage, cooperage or packages, at such places in the cities named as may be designated by the receiving Commissary.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods without expense to the United States until required for shipment, if so desired by the receiving Commissary.

Certificates of inspection by professional packers or inspectors other than the party furnishing the stores, must be furnished when required; but the meats will also be examined and passed upon by such inspector as may be designated by the Commissary to whom the delivery is made.

Returns of weights, signed by a professional Public Weigher, must be furnished when required.

All old marks, except such as pertain to the contents, must be obliterated, and each package must have distinctly and plainly marked on it the name and address of the seller, the name of the contents, and date of contract, and Bacon packages must also have on them the gross, tare (actual) and net weights.

Payments will be made in such funds as may be furnished by the United States.

A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, as also a written guarantee of two responsible names.

FORM OF PROPOSAL.

Place of business and date ——.

The undersigned, in response to your advertisement, dated Sept. 27, 1864, hereby offers for sale to the United States, the following stores —— (here state the kind and quantity offered, place and time of delivery, &c.,) —— at ($——) —— dollars —— cents per ——, and should this proposal be accepted, in whole or in part, will deliver the same in strict compliance with advertisement, a copy of which is hereunto attached. (Signature of bidder,) ——.

We, the undersigned, hereby guaranty that, should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions. Also a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one-fourth of the value of the stores proposed to be furnished, shall be executed if required.
(Signatures,) ——.

Proposals must be inclosed in an envelope, sealed and addressed to the undersigned, and must be distinguished from other letters by the words, "Proposals for Stores," on the upper left hand corner of the envelope.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, if such a course should be deemed to the interest of the United States. B. DU BARRY, Maj. and C. S., U. S. A.

[No. 7.]
OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, CINCINNATI, OHIO, Sept. 29, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned until TUESDAY, Oct. 18, 1864, at two o'clock P. M., for the immediate delivery, to this department, of—
Ostrich Feathers for Hats, army standard,
Hat Feather Sockets, army standard,
Eagles for Hats, army standard.
Cressed Cannon for Hats, army standard.
Cressed Sabers for Hats, army standard.
Cressed Bugles for Hats, army standard.
Company Figures, assorted, army standard.
Chevrons, Artillery Sergeants, army standard.
Chevrons Artillery Corporals, army standard.
National Colors, Infantry, army standard.
Regimental Colors, Infantry, army standard.
Guidons, army standard.
Drums Snares, sets, army standard.
Samples of which may be seen at the office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

To be delivered free of charge, at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to army standard, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

A guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on Tuesday, Oct. 18, 1864, at two o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Wednesday, Oct. 19, 1864.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of proposals, contracts and bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope "Proposal for ——," and address
Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster Cincinnati Depot.

[No. 3.]
OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, CINCINNATI, OHIO, Sept. 22, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until TUESDAY, Oct. 11, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the immediate delivery, to the Department, of—
TROWSERS, Mounted—Army Standard;
SACK COATS, Lined—Army Standard;
HALLIARDS, Garrison and Storm—Army Standard.
Sample of which may be seen at the Office of the Clothing and Equipage in this city.

To be delivered free of charge at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to Army Standard, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

A guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on Tuesday, Oct. 11, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Wednesday, Oct. 12, 1864.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to Proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of Proposals, Contracts and Bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope "Proposal for ——," and address
Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster Cincinnati Depot.

OFFICE ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE, TWELFTH AND GIRARD STREETS, PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 12, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock, M., on MONDAY, the 16th inst., for supplying the Schuylkill Arsenal with the following articles:
Trousers, sky blue, for mounted men, army standard.
Trousers, sky-blue, for foot men, army standard.
Drawers, canton flannels, army standard.
Woolen stockings, army standard.
Bootees, large size, 10s to 14s, army standard.
Water-proof ponchos for shelter tents for horsemen, gutta percha, or india rubber, army standard.
Water-proof blankets, for infantry, army standard.
Uniform felt hats, Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, army standard.
Coat buttons, army standard.
Shirt buttons, army standard.
Green worsted lace, 1½ inch, army standard.
Blocking twine, army standard.
Axe slings, army standard.
Hatchet slings, army standard.
National colors, infantry, army standard.
Regimental colors, infantry, army standard.
Regimental index books, army standard.
Regimental order books, army standard.
Hat-cords and tassels, artillery, army standard.
White Williamantic cotton, No. 24, sample required.
Black wadding, sample required.
Red bunting, sample required.
White bunting, sample required.
Scarlet facings, cloth, sample required.
Sky-blue facings, cloth, sample required.
Also, for prisoners of war, woolen blankets of low grades, sample required.

Samples of such articles as are required to be of army standard can be seen at this office.

Each bid must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures must be appended to the guarantee, and certified to, as being good and sufficient security for the amount involved, by some public functionary of the United States.

Bids from defaulting contractors, and those that do not *fully comply with the requirements* of this advertisement, will not be considered.

Blank forms for proposals, embracing the terms of the guarantee required on each bid, can be had on application at this office, and none others which do not embrace this guarantee will be considered, nor will any proposal be considered which does not *strictly conform* to the requirements therein stated.

The bids will state the number or quantity of each kind of article proposed to be delivered.

Bids must be indorsed "Proposals for Army Supplies," stating the particular articles bid for.
Colonel ALEX. J. PERRY,
Quartermaster's Department, U. S. Army.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S. FRIDAY.
Doors open at 7¼—Overture at 7¾.
Second time this season,
MONEY,
with its great cast.
SATURDAY—FOLLIES OF A NIGHT and (second time) MY WIFE'S MAID,
a genuine success.
MONDAY—LOOK BEFORE YOU LEAP.
TUESDAY—SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER.
WEDNESDAY—FOLLIES OF A NIGHT, and MY WIFE'S MAID.
A five-act play is in preparation and will shortly be produced.

WINTER GARDEN.
EIGHTH WEEK
OF
MR. J. S. CLARKE.
A continuation of houses.
CROWDED FROM PARQUETTE TO DOME,
evidence his great success in the revival of the most amusing of all Shakespeare's creations,
THE COMEDY OF ERRORS,
produced with a uniform excellence of
COSTUMES,
SCENERY,
AND
APPOINTMENTS
never before surpassed on the New-York stage; after which the roaring farce of
SOMEBODY'S COAT.
To avoid inconvenience seats should be secured in advance.
Doors open at 7¼; commence 7¾.

HELMSMULLER'S GERMANIA ORCHESTRA AND TWENTY-SECOND REGIMENT MILITARY BAND.—F. B. HELMSMULLER begs to inform his numerous patrons and the public in general that he has returned from Europe, and is now again prepared to furnish, during the ensuing season, the best and most fashionable music for parties, receptions, weddings, dinners, balls, serenades, parades, concerts, &c., &c., with any number and class of instruments which may be desired. Mr. Helmsmuller's extensive reportoire of music has, during his late sojourn in Europe, been vastly increased by all the novelties, both dansante and concertant, of the best writers on the Continent, and will continue to increase it yet further by his own compositions and arrangements. Orders received only at No. 181 Mulberry-st.

MUSEUM, OPEN AND FREE, DAY AND EVENING.—Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, Phrenologists, No. 389 Broadway, keep their rooms open and make examinations at all hours.

PROPOSALS.

[No. 4.]
OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 24, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned until THURSDAY, Oct. 14, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the immediate delivery to this Department of
STOCKINGS—Army Standard.
MESS PANS—Army Standard.
SHOVELS—Army Standard.
DRUMS, complete—Army Standard.
BUGLES, with extra mouth-piece—Army Standard.
WALL TENTS, complete—Army Standard. (Bidders may state whether they propose to furnish 8 oz. or 10 oz. Duck, and whether of Cotton or Linen materials.)
HOSPITAL TENTS—Army Standard.
WORSTED SASHES—Army Standard.
Sample of which may be seen at the Office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

To be delivered, free of charge, at the United States Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids the quanity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to Army Standard, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

A guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on THURSDAY, Oct. 13, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on FRIDAY, Oct. 14, 1864.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to Proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of Proposals, Contracts and Bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope "Proposals for ——," and address
Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster Cincinnati Depot.

[No. 5.]
CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, CINCINNATI, Sept. 24, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until MONDAY, Oct. 17, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the immediate delivery, to this department of
IRREGULAR TROWSERS, of any color except light blue or gray.

Samples to be furnished by the parties offering, who will state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.

To be delivered free of charge at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods, distinctly marked on each article and package.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to sample, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

Bids will be opened on Monday, Oct. 17, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Tuesday, Oct. 18, 1864.

Telegrams relating to proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of Proposals may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope "Proposals for ——," and address
Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster Cincinnati Depot.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, FORAGE DEPARTMENT, NO. 66 CEDAR-ST., NEW-YORK, March 11, 1864.

PROPOSITIONS WILL BE RECEIVED daily, for the
FREIGHTING OF FORAGE
for the U. S. Quartermaster's Department, from New-York City, Philadelphia, Boston, Portland, and other ports on Coast of Maine,
TO
Washington, Alexandria, Va.; Newbern, N. C.; Port Royal, S. C., and New-Orleans, La.
PROPOSITIONS
must state name, standing and capacity of vessel, quantity of hay and grain, respectively, they will require, and when ready for cargo, and addressed to
S. L. BROWN.
Captain and Asst. Quartermaster.

LEGAL NOTICES.

MASTER'S SALE.

Pursuant to the command of an alias decretal order of sale from the Court of Common Pleas of Summit County, at the suit of Francis Dunlevy and Willis Robbins, administrators of Elias Fassett, deceased, against the Cleveland, Zanesville and Cincinnati Railroad Company, et al, to me directed, I shall offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court-house in Akron, on WEDNESDAY, the 2d day of November, 1864, between the hours of 1 o'clock P. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., the entire real estate of said Railroad Company, to which they have any title legal or equitable, their said railroad, formerly known as the Akron Branch of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad, and located in the counties of Summit, Wayne and Holmes, in the State of Ohio; running from Hudson, Summit County, its junction with said Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad, a distance of about sixty-one miles, to Millersburgh, Holmes County, crossing the Atlantic & Great Western Railroad at Akron, and the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad at Orville; the right of way, therefor, and the land occupied thereby. The superstructure and all the tracks thereon, bridges, viaducts, culverts, fences, depot grounds, depots, machine shops, engine-houses and all other buildings thereon, water stations and tank houses, and all appurtenances of their said road, and also all the franchises, rights and privileges of said Company, of, in, to or concerning the same—except the premises heretofore conveyed by said Railroad Company to the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company, pursuant to the decree of said Court.
Appraised at $225,000.

Also at the same time and place, I will offer for sale at public auction, all the personal property of said Cleveland, Zanesville & Cincinnati Railroad Company, including the equipment of said railroad now in the hands of the Receiver of said Company, or which may be in his hands at the time of such sale, consisting in part of four locomotives, six passenger cars, four baggage cars, 56 gravel cars, 57 house freight cars, 40 flat freight cars, 12 hand cars, timber, ties, lumber, cord wood, materials in the machine shops, tools, old iron, &c.

Terms—Cash at time of sale.
DAVID L. KING, Special Master Com.
W. S. C. OTIS, of Cleveland,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Sept. 29, 1864.

RECEIVER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—The undersigned, Receiver of the Artisans' Bank, by order of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, offers for sale on the 20th (twentieth) day of October, 1864, at the Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Auctioneers, warrants Nos. 4,631, 4,636 and 4,639 of one thousand acres each, in all three thousand, in Potter County, State of Pennsylvania. Also, one and one-quarter acre lot in Lock Haven, on the banks of the Susquehanna, in Clinton County, State of Pennsylvania. For further particulars, inquire at the Receiver's office, No. 50 Wall-st.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 27, 1864.
HENRY C. TANNER.
Receiver of the Artisans' Bank.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE late F. THIBAULT, deceased, manufacturer of strung pearl work, will call and pay. Also, claimants will present their bills for settlement to F. A. THIBAULT, Administrator.
N. B.—The business continued as usual at the old place, No. 69 Moffat Building, No. 335 Broadway. Pearls bought and sold by F. A. THIBAULT.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

CAVALRY HORSES WANTED.
CAVALRY BUREAU, OFFICE OF ASST. QUARTERMASTER, No. 18 State-st., NEW-YORK, July 27, 1864.

I will purchase in OPEN MARKET all the cavalry horses that may be presented and pass inspection at the Government stables, corner of 10th-av. and 35th-st., in this City, until further notice.

Payment will be made in checks, payable in certificates of indebtedness, when seven (7) or more horses are received. Price, one hundred and sixty-five ($165) each.
GEO. T. BROWNING,
Capt. and Asst. Quartermaster.

FOR SALE.—A VERY HANDSOME COUPE horse, 15½ hands high, color, dark brown, heavy black main and tail, good in double or single harness, warranted sound and very gentle. Apply at Bradley's stable, No. 3 East 31st-st., to THOS. PINKERTON.

AMUSEMENTS

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
AN ARRAY OF ATTRACTION UNPARALLELED.
GEN. TOM THUMB AND WIFE,
COMMODORE NUTT,
AND THE
ELFIN MINNIE WARREN.
GRAND BALLET D'ACTION COMIQUE,
M. DECHALUMEAUX.
THREE ENTERTAINMENTS DAILY,
At 11, A. M., AND 3, AND 7½ P. M.
AVOID THE CROWDS—AVOID THE CROWDS,
by attending the Morning Levee, AT WHICH TIME THERE WILL BE NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR SEATS.
They will appear in
THEIR IDENTICAL WEDDING COSTUME
AFTERNOON, AT 3,
RUTH OAKLEY.
CAST TO THE ENTIRE STRENGTH OF THE STAR DRAMATIC COMPANY.
THE TOM THUMB COMBINATION,
TONY DENIER, THE GREAT PANTOMIMIST,
IN PAS DE CHENOIS.
EVENING AT 7½.
THE PEOPLE'S LAWYER.
To conclude with the great pantomime
M. DECHALUMEAUX!
CHARACTERS BY TOM THUMB COMBINATION.
GIANT, LEARNED SEAL, &c., &c.
Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

BROADWAY THEATRE,
Corner Broadway and Broome street.
The extraordinary success of our greatest Comedian
JOHN E. OWENS,
continues to be the theme of popular remark and approval.
NOTHING LIKE IT
has been witnessed in New-York. Every night the doors of the theatre are besieged before the hour of opening by vast throngs of our best society, and the box-office bulletin conveys to eager crowds, before the close of the first act, the eloquent announcement of
STANDING ROOM ONLY.
FIFTH WEEK of Tom Taylor's comedy,
VICTIMS.
JOSHUA BUTTERBY.............Mr. JOHN E. OWENS
SIXTH WEEK of Owen's great specialty,
THE PEOPLE'S LAWYER.
SOLON SHINGLE.................Mr. JOHN E. OWENS
NO ADVANCE IN PRICES!

GYNECOCRACY.
A TURKISH WEDDING
AT IRVING HALL.
AN ORIENTAL HOME,
AT IRVING HALL.
A NIGHT IN THE EAST.
AT OSCANYAN'S
GRAND SOIREES ORIENTALES.
Descriptive of life in the East, Tableaux Vivants.
Turkish Singing and Dancing, etc.
IRVING HALL,
FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 7, at 8 o'clock.
Tickets 50 cents.
Reserved seats, 75 cents. To be obtained at Nos. 701, 756 and 770 Broadway, and at the Hall.

ADMISSION 25 CTS. CHILDREN 15 CTS.
EXHIBITION OF THE VICTORIA REGIA,
Now in full bloom, throughout the whole day. Those who want to see them in their full beauty should come at once. Open daily from 7 A. M. till sunset. 59th-st., cor. 8th-av.
H. MARTIN, Manager.

POLITICAL.

THE STAR-SPANGLED BANNER,
THE AMERICAN EAGLE,
AND OUR GLORIOUS REPUBLIC
still flourish. Long may they wave.
HITCHCOCK, at No. 14 Chambers-st., has them all in charge, and is selling CAMPAIGN MEDALS, BADGES, BREASTPINS, SONG BOOKS, and other documents, to secure their perpetuity to generations yet unborn. Examine his programme, and you will not despair of the Union. Particulars by mail to those living out of the City.
B. W. HITCHCOCK,
No. 14 Chambers-st.

THE RUSH
STILL CONTINUES
For Campaign Medals, Pins, Badges, Song Books and other goods specially suited to the times, at CAMPAIGN HEADQUARTERS, No. 14 Chambers-st.
Several new styles, just added, make up the finest and most varied assortment of these goods ever offered in this market. Send for wholesale catalogue.
B. W. HITCHCOCK,
No. 14 Chambers-st.

GRAND UNION MASS MEETING.
THE LOYAL YOUNG MEN OF NEW-YORK,
and all their friends, are invited to assemble TO-NIGHT (Friday) at
CLINTON HALL, (Astor-place,)
to reindorse the nominations of
LINCOLN AND JOHNSON,
FENTON AND ALVORD.
The Mass Meeting is called by a body of young men, who have entered upon their first political campaign, summoned to the field by the tremendous importance of the present crisis, and actuated by the highest devotion to their country and the Union. They have associated themselves together under the style of the
MANHATTAN UNION CLUB.
Addresses by Hon. Joseph Hoxie, R. A. Chittenden, H. Sheldon, and other distinguished speakers.
Music by a first-rate Glee Club.
Meeting will commence at 8 o'clock.
COME, YOUNG MEN, AND JOIN US!
G. W. VAN SICLEN, President.
J. W. CROMWELL, Secretary.
E. W. COGGESHALL, Chairman Executive Committee.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD UNION ASSOCIATION.
A regular meeting of this Association will be held at their headquarters, XXIst Ward Union Reading-rooms, No. 435 4th-av., FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 7, 1864, at 7½ o'clock.
Addresses will be delivered by
Col. W. T. FARNHAM,
Col. E. F. SHEPARD,
and other prominent speakers.
All Union citizens are invited to attend.
THOS. MURPHY, President.
ROBERT P. DUNCAN, Secretary.

BANNERS, FLAGS & TRANSPARENCIES
At the old headquarters No. 97 Duane-st., cor. Broadway. HOJER & GRAHAM, Sign and Banner Painters. Established 1842.

EIGHTEENTH WARD LINCOLN AND JOHNSON CAMPAIGN CLUB.—A meeting of this Association will be held at the Union Headquarters, corner of Broadway and 23d-st., THIS (Friday) EVENING, Oct. 7, at 7½ o'clock. Eminent speakers will address the meeting. Citizens generally are cordially invited to attend.
WILLIAM ATKINSON, President.
J. LOTHROP, Vice-President.
THOMAS STEVENSON, Secretary.

A SPLENDID LINCOLN BANNER, 30X40 feet, with portraits, &c., will be swung from our place, on public view, this day, prior to delivery. All are invited to examine this fine specimen of banner painting.
HOJER & GRAHAM,
No. 97 Duane-st., corner of Broadway,
Sign, Banner, and Ornamental Painters. Established 1842.
Specimens on view daily throughout the campaign.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

SEND FOR
THE
TREMAINE BROTHERS'
LINCOLN & JOHNSON
SONG BOOK,
If you would have the best. Every piece written expressly for this Campaign, and adapted to popular and familiar airs.
Price 15 cents. $10 per hundred. C. M. TREMAINE, No. 176 Washington-st., N. Y.; American News Co., No. 121 Nassau-st., and HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway.

OAKEY HALL'S HISTORICAL GOSSIP about the Court of Sessions, as read before the Historical Society, Tuesday night last, will appear in the SATURDAY LEADER of Oct. 8.

DANCING.

C. H. RIVERS'
DANCING ACADEMY,
No. 33 Schermerhorn-st., Brooklyn.
Classes for beginners are now forming. Send for a circular.

WM. DE GARMO'S SELECT CLASSES in dancing will open at Mrs. Plumb's Academy, No. 59 West 14th-st., on SATURDAY, Oct. 8. Circulars can be obtained at the Academy; also at Wm. A. Pond & Co.'s, No. 547 Broadway, and at J. Hyatt's, Nos. 8 and 15 Cooper Institute.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCT. 5, 1864, in walking from 28th-st. and 7th-av., to Broadway and 26th-st., a heavy GOLD CHAIN BRACELET, with small pearls on clasp. The finder will receive a suitable reward by leaving it at No. 16 East 37th-st., New-York.

DENTISTRY.

N. B. GRIFFIN & BROS., No. 256 GRAND-st., New-York, and No. 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are extracting Teeth positively without pain, by the use of nitrous oxide gas. No charge for extracting when artificial teeth are to be inserted. They are also inserting full sets of Teeth on Gold, $25; Platina, $25; Silver, $10; Rubber, $10. Partial sets, on gold, $2; silver $1. Extracting 25 cents.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION REMOVED, for a more easily remembered locality. Dr. COLTON, with the Nitrous Oxide Gas, has removed from Bond-st. to the Cooper Institute, Room No. 19, entrance from 8th-st.

A GREAT COMBINATION IN DENTISTRY. Teeth extracted positively without pain, and a set of gum teeth, made by steam (warranted to fit) for $20 00. Dr. WAIT, No. 98 4th-av.

SKATING.

NEW-YORK SKATING CLUB.—THE REGULAR monthly meeting of the New-York Skating Club will be held on FRIDAY, 7th inst., at 7½ o'clock P. M., at Room No. 5 second floor, Clinton Hall.
JAMES HARRISON, President.
JOSEPH THOMSON, Sec'y.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA.
Director..MAX MARETZEK
Sig. MASSIMILIANI
in his great character of Edgardo,
THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, Oct. 7, at 8 o'clock.
FOURTH SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT.
Only night of Donizetti's popular opera, in three acts,
LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR.
Reappearance of
MISS LAURA HARRIS,
Sig. MASSIMILIANI,
Sig. BELLINI,
HERR WEINLICH AND OTHERS.
CONDUCTOR.........................MAX MARETZEK
Seats can be secured daily at the box-office of the Academy, at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; at W. A. Pond & Co.'s, No. 547 Broadway, and at Root & Anthony's corner Nassau and Pine sts.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON.
Fourteenth-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
Mr. JAMES M. NIXON, ...DIRECTOR.
Doors open at 7; performances begin at 8 o'clock.
THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING,
GRAND PERFORMANCE AT 8.
UNPARALLELED SUCCESS OF THE NEW AND BRILLIANT COMPANY OF STAR ARTISTS.
EQUESTRIAN, GYMNASTIC AND ACROBATIC,
the admitted wonders of the world in their several departments, forming a perfect
GALAXY OF TALENT, AND
BRILLIANT BLAZE OF BEAUTY.
MLLE. MARIETTA ZANFRETTA,
the greatest of living artists on the corde-elastique,
YOUNG NICOLO,
the only Rival of the Hanlons in the daring art of Zampilaerostation, Mlle. IDA. The beautiful Miss VIRGINIA SHERWOOD, Mlle. ANGELIQUE, Miss DE VERE, Miss SOYER, Messrs. J. V. CAMERON, F. SEIGRIST, HERR MOLIQUE, the TALLERN BROTHERS, M. CARON, W. ODELL, Mons. OLMA, C. SHERWOOD, Master SHERWOOD, Le Petite GORGA, GEO. SMITH, who appear at each performance, in
NEW AND STARTLING ACTS,
with the distinguished Jesters,
Mr. N. AUSTIN and Mr. JAMES COOKE.
Admission: Reserved Seats, 75 cents; Boxes, 50cents; Amphitheatre, 25 cents. Box office open daily from 8 A. M. till 4 P. M.
GRAND MATINEE ON SATURDAY, AT 2½.
NO CURTAILMENT OF PROGRAMME AT THE MATINEES.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. BEGINS AT 7½.
Lessee and Manager............................WM. WHEATLEY.
THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, Oct. 7, 1864,
EDWIN FORREST
(first time this season) in his grand delineation of
MACBETH,
in Shakespeare's sublime tragedy of the same name. The cast will include the entire company. The manager, in consequence of other arrangements, is obliged to announce the
FAREWELL NIGHTS
OF THE
DUKE'S MOTTO.
It will be performed TO-MORROW (Saturday,) being POSITIVELY ITS LAST NIGHT BUT TWO.
W. WHEATLEY...........as...........LAGARDERE
Monday—EDWIN FORREST as JACK CADE.

HELLER'S SALLE DIABOLIQUE.
No. 585 Broadway, (opposite Niblo's,)
HELLER'S
SINGULAR SUCCESS,
Evinced by
HOUSES CROWDED NIGHTLY.
CROWDED HOUSES are astonished at the Illusions.
CROWDED HOUSES are amazed at the Second-sight.
CROWDED HOUSES are delighted with the Piano-forte Solos.
CTOWDED HOUSES smile at Heller's Pleasantry.
CROWDED HOUSES roar at the Anthropoglossal.
HELLER'S QUINTETTE BAND
is a new addition.
The AUTOMATIC MINSTRELS will be continued one week longer by request. The Mephistophelian Novelty will be produced in another week.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY, at 2 P. M.
Doors open every evening at 7¼; commence at 8.
HELLER IS A GREAT SENSATION.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
COMMENCES AT 7¾.
GREAT SUCCESS
of the new adaptation of Dickens' celebrated Novel of
MARTIN CHUZZLEWIT,
dramatized expressly for the Olympic, and produced with
NEW SCENERY, NEW MUSIC,
AND A POWERFUL CAST.

CARPENTER'S GREAT NATIONAL PICTURE.
PRESIDENT LINCOLN'S EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION BEFORE THE CABINET,
on Exhibition at Crayon Art Gallery, corner Broadway and 8th-st.
Open until 9 P. M. Admission 25 cents.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.
MR. GOTTSCHALK's constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

STEINWAY & SON
GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.
The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others, is, that the firm is composed of five practical pianoforte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms, Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

GREAT BARGAINS.
A fine assortment of
FIRST-CLASS PIANOS
AT REDUCED PRICES.
No. 758 Broadway, up stairs.

THE CALENBERG & VAUPEL
PIANO-FORTES.
Warerooms, Nos. 99 and 101 Bleecker-st., New-York.
Please send for a circular.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE
Is admitted the best Piano-forte made, because the maker, beside being a practical mechanic of long experience, is also a thorough musician, thus combining advantages possessed by no other manufacturer in the United States. Such is the testimony of S. B. Mills, Robert Heller, Geo. F. Bristow, Wm. Mason, C. Jerome Hopkins, Charles Fradel, Max Maretzek, Carl Anschutz, John Zundle, Maurice Strakosch, Giovani Sconcia, and every good musician in the United States. All musical ears at once admit their great superiority. Warerooms No. 155 West Broadway, near Canal-st.

RAVEN & BACON,
Piano-Forte Manufacturers, Wareroom, No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway. A full assortment of our well known PIANOS constantly on hand, warranted in every respect. Purchasers will do well to examine our stock and prices before making their selections.

ACCORDEONS, CONCERTINAS, FLUTES violins, guitars, banjos, German silver and brass band instruments and trimmings of every description; violin strings, Italian 35c., silk 25c.; guitar and banjo strings 25c., mailed. Send stamp for price-list. Musical instruments repaired. FREDERICK BLUME, 208 Bowery.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS.—Sole depot for Peloubet's superior Harmoniums, wholesale and retail. Prices $100 to $600. Instruments to let. J. M. PELTON, No. 841 Broadway, New-York.

FIFTY NEW PIANOS, MELODEONS, Alexandre and cabinet organs, at wholesale or retail, at prices as low as any first-class instruments can be purchased. Second-hand pianos at great bargains—prices from $60 to $200. All the above instruments to let, and rent applied if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. There being some five different makers of pianos in this large stock, purchasers can be suited as well here as elsewhere, and perhaps a little better. 10,000 sheets of music, a little soiled, at 1½ cents per page. Cash paid for second-hand pianos.
HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway, N. Y.

MASON & HAMLIN RESPECTFULLY announce that they have now completed the occupation of their greatly enlarged factory, and effected other arrangements for the large increase of their manufacturing facilities. They therefore confidently expect to be able henceforward to supply orders for their CABINET ORGANS promptly, without that inconvenient delay to which purchasers have been subjected, from the fact that for more than a year past they have been continually several hundred instruments behind orders. An assortment of styles from $110 to $600 each may be found at their New-York warerooms, No. 7 Mercer-st.

A TENOR SINGER POSSESSING A VERY fine voice, full, powerful, of good compass, and of excellent quality, desires a situation as primo in a church choir; is not particular as to denomination, and would not object to concerting; has been engaged six years in the position he now fills in a neighboring city. References from gentlemen of undoubted musical authority. Communications addressed TENOR SINGER, No. 14 John-st., New-York, will receive attention.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—TO THE MEMBERS OF the Musical Mutual Protective Union. On the SECOND THURSDAY in October, (13th,) at 3 o'clock P. M., at Nos. 156 to 160 Hester-st., the election of President and Officers will take place, according to the charter.
D. SCHAAD, Secretary.

PIANO-FORTES OF EVERY VARIETY of style and pattern, warranted of the best material and workmanship, and unsurpassed in strength and deficacy of tone, or elasticity of touch. Apply at manufactory of JAMES VAN RIPER, No. 178 Wooster-st., near Bleecker.

A SPLENDID PIANO FOR $225.—G. & H. BARMORE manufacturers, No. 348 Bleecker-st.; 17 first prize medals; warranted for five years; without exception the best piano made; testimonials from most distinguished artists.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A FIRST class soprano and tenor and alto, for an Episcopal church in Brooklyn. Address SOPRANO AND TENOR Box No. 4,495 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, A SITUATION as Organist in a small Episcopal Church; would like to instruct a class of Children in church music. Address "Organist," Station D.

CABINET PIANOS AT
SCHARFENBERG & LUIS, [illegible] Broadway

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

MUSICAL BOXES, PLAYING FROM 1 to 24 tunes, with all the newest improvements, Voix Celestes, Mandolines, Expressives, etc. The only complete stock to be found in this country. M. J. PAILLARD, Importer, No. 21 Maiden-lane, (up stairs,) N. Y.

MEXICO AND THE WEST INDIES.

FROM HAVANA.

Fears for the Safety of the Roanoke.

The United States Mail steamship *Havana*, M. Greene, Master, from Havana in four days sixteen hours, with passengers, mails and cargo to Thomas Asencio & Co., arrived yesterday morning.

The steamship *Roanoke*, Capt. Drew, from Havana, for this port, has been due since the 4th inst., having left Havana on the 29th of September. We learn from a reliable person on board the steamship *Havana*, that at the time the *Roanoke* sailed, her Captain was notified that among his passengers—thirty-five in number—were some of notorious secesh character, but he said he was prepared for any emergency. Her delay may be caused from some disarrangement of machinery, or other like cause, but fears are entertained for her safety. The *Havana* reports fine weather during the passage of four and a half days.

5 *P. M., Oct. 6.*—Nothing from the *Roanoke*.

9 *P. M., Oct. 6.*—Nothing yet heard of the *Roanoke* from Havana.

We are again indebted to Mr. Huertas, the purser of the steamship *Havana*, for commercial, marine and other favors. The *Havana* has a full freight, a number of passengers, and made the run from Havana in four days and a half.

OUR HAVANA CORRESPONDENCE.

Confirmation of the Peace in St. Domingo—Doings in Mexico—Sickness of Maximilian, &c.

Havana, Saturday, Oct. 1, 1864.

A steamer which left Monte Cristi, in St. Domingo, on the 24th of September, brings intelligence which fully confirms all that I said in my last letter as to the probable conclusion of the war. Letters from many reliable persons assert with confidence that the conferences held at Guarico had been highly satisfactory to the Spanish authorities, since it was affirmed confidently that the Government of the insurgents had submitted unconditionally.

It seems that some doubts were expressed as to whether the leaders had sufficient influence over their followers as to induce them to yield also, upon which the chief men of the party gave the strongest assurances that all would submit, being thoroughly sick of the war, completely disappointed and having no resources, adding that if here and there an obstinate person resisted, his opposition would find few followers.

All letters agree that the want of resources in Santiago and other centres of the revolution, was extreme, and that all who approached the Spanish lines begged for food. To those who accompanied Col. Velasco the officers gave half an ounce of gold, in lieu of which they asked for bread, for gold could purchase them no food. Their paper money issued by their Government at Santiago had fallen in complete contempt, and was not even received in Hayti.

The Spanish prisoners in Santiago were expected to arrive in Monte Cristi on the 28th Sept. When Col. Velasco arrived in the camp he was the bearer of a communication, in which their unconditional freedom was offered, and that those prisoners who were at other places should be brought to the above place. The number is supposed to amount to three hundred.

The steamer *Barcelona* has brought papers from the City of Mexico up to the 17th, and from Vera Cruz up to the 23d of Sept.

The anniversary of the independence was celebrated in the capital on the 16th with remarkable display. Gen. Marquez had arrived on the 20th at Morelia and was expected to begin a campaign against the guerrillas who were causing immense trouble to the Imperialists.

A letter from Pachuca, in the Mexico paper, the *Estafette*, speaking of Zacualtypan, says that the Republicans under Kampfner, had entered that city, when the Imperialists under Col. Larrañaga, judged it best to retire. The civil Prefect was the first to bolt and seek refuge in Metztitlan, a small place but easy to escape from. He took with him the militiamen of that city, and their companions of Guayacocotla wisely went home, but the Imperialists force by these desertions became reduced to 250 men. On the following day Larrañaga made an atempt to outflank the guerrilla leader Kampfner, but not only did not succeed, but was completely beaten. The Republican conqueror, far from abusing his victory, did not retaliate the cruelties practiced by the Imperialists, he protected all, without any distinction of party. With regard to the defeat of the Imperialists, it is said they were completely in error as to the strength of their enemy, and were completely surrounded.

The *Revista*, of Vera Cruz, of the 17th, tells us that a message had been received from Medellin, announcing that a railroad bridge had broken down just as a train was passing over it and the engine was precipitated into the water, providentially no greater casualty had occurred.

The Republicans under Figuera had occupied Teotetlan, which the French troops had evacuated. The towns in the valley of Oajaca which were said to be occupied by the French have not been so. The main body of the French troops in that quarter, continued in Yahuitlan and Nechistlan, being detained by the rains. The Seventh Regiment of the line had marched to join the forces advancing by the Upper "Mistica."

Maximilian had continued his tour through Celaya and on to Trapuato where he was sick of an inflammatory sore throat, but was much better and was expected to be soon back in the capital, where, after the festivities to celebrate the independence, the Cabinet was to be reorganized completely, and the principal laws of the Empire promulgated.

With regard to Saltillo and Monterey, both places were evacuated on the 15th and 17th of August after a few slight skirmishes. On the 14th there were in Saltillo the First Division (three brigades,) and a brigade of the Second Division—in all two thousand men under Negrete. Alcalde was defending Angostura. On the same day, and owing to the approach of Quiroga, two other brigades of the Second Division left Monterey for Saltillo in order to reinforce Negrete in the rear, and some hours after Juarez left, accompanied by a battalion as an escort, when at this time Quiroga appeared in order to attack the place, which, for a time, was defended. Juarez then traveled on to Santa Catarina, while the brigades which preceded him, advanced to Rinconada.

When Juarez left Santa Catarina on the following day, Quiroga again made his appearance, firing upon the very carriage of Juarez as the horses were just put to it, but he did not succeed in catching him, for his escort protected their President. On arriving at Rinconada he heard of the occupation of Monterey by Quiroga, and a little after of the evacuation of Saltillo by Negrete, which news, of course, changed the course of his journey, for he had intended to repair to Saltillo. This town was occupied by the French division. At Angostura, Alcalde had left two mortars spiked.

Juarez was able to collect at Rinconada about one thousand soldiers and thirty pieces of artillery, with which he began his march upon Monclova, as some say, or else upon Piedras Negras, as others assert. The former direction is the more probable, as it is supposed he will direct his course to Chihuahua.

More details of the fight between the forces under Ortiz, who commands under Ortega, and the French troops are given. Ortiz is said to have had 2,500 men, but, being surprised, his troops offered little resistance.

Porfirio Diaz is fortifying himself in the fortress and heights of Soledad, whilst he has thrown out detachments of cavalry to the distance of two or three leagues from the city. It was reported in Guadalajara that Rojas had shot the guerrilla chief, Simon Gutierrez.

As soon as Quiroga occupied Monterey, he sent to inform the French General, De Castagny, of it; and, we suppose, placing himself under his orders. He also shot ten of the Republican officers, who were made prisoners during the retreat.

Letters from San Luis state that the chief of the guerrillas, Esparsa, had been apprehended and shot, with four of his people.

The transport *Ardeche* had arrived at Vera Cruz, conveying 700 soldiers, 500 of whom are for the Foreign Legion, and 200 for the anti-guerrillas of Col. Dupin. Gen. Tulcaga had arrived at Vera Cruz by the English steamer. Amongst the directors of the new company for making the railroad is the well-known capitalist, Barron. The line is to be finished within four years.

It is confidently stated that the productive salt works on the Island of Carmen, in the Gulf of California, have been sold by the Republican Government to some foreigners, who have already taken possession of them. The Vera Cruz paper, *Eco del Comercio*, denies the legality of the sale, as being against the edict of the late Regency. Letters received in Tepic say that the Republican authorities of Sinaloa had resolved to embark for Guaymas the war stores (which it would not be easy to remove by land) if Mazatlan should be evacuated. One of the California steamers was proposed for that purpose.

The division of Gen. Mejia, in its march upon Ciudad-Victoria, had, near Tula, several skirmishes with the Republican cavalry. It is boasted by his supporters that Mejia made the march through the "Sierra" in eight days, whilst other troops have always consumed over forty days in the journey.

The paper *El Pajaro Verde* has the following paragraph about Gen. Doblado. As that officer came direct from Matamoras to this port, and hence to New-York, the mention of New-Orleans seems to stamp the story as untrue:

"On the 7th inst. Señor Carbajal received a letter from Gen. Doblado, authorizing him to solicit permission for the General to enter the empire, he to choose the port where he would land, and to be allowed a French escort to the City of Mexico; there to enjoy every guarantee in his person and interest, and to have an audience of the Emperor; after which he was to be at liberty either to reside here, or to return abroad, escorted as before.

On the same day, this application was sent to the Emperor by telegraph, and he resolved to give the most ample guarantee to Don Manuel Doblado. In consequence, on the 10th inst. the safe conduct was sent, and it will be delivered in New-Orleans."

The troops of Gen. Brincourt are in Nochixtlan and Yanluitlan—very advantageous spots, on account of their topography and abundance of resources. His advance guard is thrown out to Hinzos.

Uraga arrived at Trapuato on the 1st inst. The Emperor received him at 12, and invited him to dinner. On the following morning he attended mass which was said in Maximilian's residence. The Emperor was, on the 13th, at San Miguel de Allende, and intended to leave on the 15th for Dolores Hidalgo.

The French forces at Acapulco have suffered a heavy loss of stores by the wreck of the ship *Cordeliere*, which sailed from San Blas for the above port loaded with cattle.

Among recent arrivals of ships of war in the port of Havana have been the British steamer *Phæton*, from Jamaica, and also the United States steamship *Shenandoah*, Capt. Ridgely, a beautiful specimen of the modern war vessel. At the prow is a Parrott gun which throws balls weighing 150 pounds to a distance of two miles; in the centre are two Dahlgren guns equally powerful; at the stern another Parrott 30-pounder with a range of five miles, and, moreover, six mortars of large calibre. LARA.

FROM NEW-ORLEANS.

Arrival of the Steamers North America and Merrimac.

ARRIVAL OF THE NORTH AMERICA.

The United States mail steamship *North America*, Capt. Marshman, six days and 12 hours from New-Orleans, La., with passengers, mails and merchandise to Ludlam, Heineken & Co., arrived yesterday morning.

Thursday, Sept. 29, 13 miles from city, passed steamship *Ariel*, going up the Mississippi. 11 A. M., same day, 85 miles from city, passed steamer *Creole*, also going up.

Tuesday, Oct. 4, 10½ A. M., 35 miles south of Cape Hatteras, was boarded by the United States gunboat *Mount Vernon*, cruising.

Wednesday, Oct. 5, 10:40 A. M., off Cape Delaware signaled a United States monitor in tow of two tugs, bound south.

ARRIVAL OF THE MERRIMACK.

The transport *Merrimack*, Capt. Sampson, from New-Orleans Sept. 30, arrived yesterday, having made the passage in 5 days and 17 hours. She has 259 sick and wounded soldiers in care of Surgeon H. L. Sheldon.

The following died and were buried at sea: James L. Lamphier, Co. B, Seventh Vermont, Oct. 1; Thos. A. Hearn, Co. D, New-York Cavalry, Oct. 2; Robert Lester, Co. F, Eighteenth New-York, Oct. 4; Jeremiah M. Scott, Eighteenth New-York, Oct. 6.

OUR NEW-ORLEANS CORRESPONDENCE.

Plantation Labor—The Crops—General Order for the Protection of Laborers.

New-Orleans, Thursday, Sept. 29, 1864.

Although the cotton crop is nearly a total failure, the laborers are being employed throughout the department. Gen. Hurlbut enters upon the work in his department with great alacrity, and gives assurance that the fifty thousand laborers whose wages are coming due, shall have every penny that is due them; and that if the planter becomes totally insolvent, the orders heretofore issued by Gen. Banks, and such others as may be found necessary, will be carried out, so that these poor ignorant and helpless people shall be compensated for their work.

Excepting a few crops, which were planted early, there will be but little cotton realized in this department this season. Northern men who came here with castles of gold in prospect, find that they have lost the gold, and realized castles of debt.

The following order has been issued, and gives great satisfaction to all who feel interested in the interests of industry and compensated labor:

Headquarters, Department of the Gulf,
New Orleans, Sept. 22, 1864.

General Orders, No. 138.

SEED CANE.

1. Owners, lessees and managers of plantations in this department, are hereby ordered to reserve upon their several estates, as seed cane, one-fourth of the sugar cane, the product of this year. In the event of a transfer of plantations, this reservation will be accounted for to its owner according to its market value at the time of transfer.

WAGES OF LABOR.

2. All persons are notified that the product of the plantations within the Department of the Gulf will be held, wherever it is found, subject to the lien for wages on the part of the laborers who have been engaged in the cultivation of the crop, in accordance with the provisions of General Orders heretofore published.

Purchasers are notified, that no transfer of products will be regarded as a transfer of title, except it be based upon the full satisfaction of the just claims of laborers for wages, paid in the *currency of the United States*.

Provost-Marshals are hereby directed to notify owners, lessees and managers, that property will not be moved to market except in compliance with the above conditions.

The Provost-Marshal-General and the Superintendent Bureau of Free Labor are directed, in concurrence, to provide for the full execution of this and previous orders relating to this subject.

By command of Major-General BANKS.

George B. Drake, Assistant Adjutant-Gen.

GENERAL NEWS.

FROM MORGANZA.

RECENT SCOUTING EXPEDITIONS, ETC.

Correspondence of the New-Orleans Times.

Morganza, La., Sept. 24, 1864.

During the last week the monotonous quiet heretofore prevailing has been to some extent broken by the operations of two or three expeditions into the country.

The expeditions numerically were small, and hence, of course, the results were not enormous. But they weigh so much in the scale, and may prove of interest.

On the 19th inst. Lieut.-Col. Gurney, Second New-York Veteran Cavalry, with 300 men, left camp for a limited campaign in the lower part of this parish.

Passing through an almost impenetrable swamp, he came upon the camp of a rebel Capt. Ratcliff, who had a small force under his command. After a short skirmish he took possession of the camp, capturing one piece of artillery, three prisoners, several horses, a large amount of stores, and a rebel mail containing some very important correspondence, which will no doubt be serviceable.

After destroying all that he could not bring away, Col. Gurney returned to camp, having accomplished all that was intended without the loss of a man.

This is only a repetition of successful scouts made through the country between the Mississippi and Atchafalaya rivers, by Lieut.-Col. Gurney, during the last month or two.

He is a young officer of undoubted ability, and combines the qualities both of a true and accomplished soldier and a perfect gentleman, and is well deserving the confidence placed in him by his superior officers.

The next, and what was supposed the most important movement, was an expedition, consisting of the Second Brigade, Third Division, two additional regiments, and a battery of artillery, under command of Col. W. F. Spicely, of the Twenty-fourth Indiana Veteran Volunteers.

One Terrell, a rebel Colonel, commanding a force on the west bank of the Atchafalaya, having posted a battery on the river so as to command the ferry at that point, and so arranged his force that, as he supposed, his position was impregnable, issued his opinions as to what a terrible punishment was in store for any Yankee force attempting to cross.

The "powers that be" at this post, no doubt, concluded to prove by actual demonstration whether said Colonel was as valorous in act as in word, by sending the force under Col. Spicely, which started at 8 o'clock on the evening of the 19th inst., carrying with them several large yawls for ferrying the men over the river. At 11 o'clock the next day the Colonel had crossed with a portion of his command, but, with the exception of a small rear guard left behind to watch his operations, no enemy was found—having taken their battery and evacuated the place on hearing of his approach.

After remaining until his rations were exhausted, the Colonel returned, bringing with him, as the fruits of the movement, two prisoners, fifteen horses, a large number of cattle, and a considerable amount of forage.

We can now, with certainty, claim to be complete master of the territory east of the Atchafalaya. After the army arrived and went into camp here, in May last, for two months our pickets were harrassed almost every night by small squads, watching, no doubt to capture every hapless fellow who chanced to step beyond the lines. But Gen. Lawler has been so persistent in his war against them, and kept the list of prisoners so much in his favor, that they have now almost entirely abandoned this section of country, and left the "Yankees" to enjoy the fruits of their conquest. Yours, &c., KAPPA.

BLOCKADE-RUNNERS.

From the True Delta.

At the beginning of the present month, the United States steamer *Aristook* gave chase to a rebel steamer, near the mouth of the Brazos river, and chased her all day. The steamer, to escape, first threw over her load of cotton, and finally threw overboard her cabin furniture, which, together with almost everything movable was discovered floating in the sea. The master of the blockade-runner seemed to be determined to escape, at any sacrifice of cargo, and it is supposed that the vessel had very important rebel emissaries on board, or possibly a large amount of gold. The steamer is supposed to be the *Susanah* or *Luannah*; she had side wheels and was very fast. The *Aristook*, after the chase, picked up thirty-eight bales of cotton.

The United States steamer *Mobile*, on the 9th of September, discovered cotton bales floating on the open sea, and secured sixty bales, and on the same day the United States steamer *Sciota* secured eighty-three bales. Said cotton has all been reported to the United States Prize Commissioners of this city, and is now ordered for sale. The total amount secured was one hundred and thirty-eight bales. It is hoped that when the vessel that threw over this valuable cargo and its furniture, to escape capture, reaches Havana, the mystery of her movements will be explained.

REBEL COTTON ORDER.

Headquarters, Cavalry Detachment,
Clinton, La., Sept. 22, 1864.

By direction of District Commander I make public the following instructions from Lieut.-Gen. Taylor, through Brig.-Gen. Hodge:

In the event of the enemy advancing upon your lines, you are expected to fight, and vigorously contest his advance. Should you be compelled to retreat or fall back, you will burn all cotton that may be within your reach and liable to fall into his possession. J. S. SCOTT, Colonel Commd'g.

Chamber of Commerce.

A regular meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday afternoon, President A. A. Low in the chair. The principal business of the meeting was the reading of the following report of the Committee on the *Kearsarge*:

"At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, held on the 7th of July last, the undersigned were appointed a committee to report to the Chamber, at a special or general meeting, in what manner it should express its appreciation of the gallantry of Capt. John A. Winslow, his officers and crew of the ship-of-war *Kearsarge*, and of the service rendered to the shipping and commercial interests of the country in the destruction of the *Alabama*.

In discharge of this duty your committee have prepared, and now submit to the Chamber, the draft of a letter which, if adopted, as a suitable expression of the sentiments of this Chamber, it is proposed, when signed by the President and Secretary, to send to Capt. Winslow.

Furthermore, your committee have undertaken, as preliminary to such action as the Chamber may see fit to adopt, to raise the sum of $25,000 for the purchase of medals and other testimonials which may be deemed proper by the Chamber to present to the commander, officers and crew of the *Kearsarge*, as a further proof of the high appreciation in which their gallantry and service are held, and to that end by such tokens an event of great interest to the naval history of the country may be kept in lasting and honored remembrance.

GEO. W. BLUNT,
M. H. GRINNELL,
E. NYE,
O. H. MARSHALL,
A. A. LOW.

The letter to Capt. Winslow which was read and adopted, recites the facts connected with the destruction of the *Alabama* by the *Kearsarge*, and concludes as follows:

This Chamber does not stop to consider at length the character of the act by which the commander of the rebel cruiser was rescued from his captors, but history will leave a place for the party of pleasure that accompanied the *Alabama* on her trial trip, and for that other party of pleasure that was present when she sank beneath the waves: extending to both a like claim to unenviable distinction. Both may be sustained by the same public sentiment that elevated the commander of the *Alabama* to the rank of a naval hero, and did so elevate him when his exploits were limited to the burning of American merchantmen, and both may be condemned in every tribunal where justice holds an equal scale.

The conflict between the *Kearsarge* and *Alabama* affords other grounds of satisfaction. It makes a new epoch in naval warfare, and adds a brilliant page to the naval history of the nation. This chamber would recognize the skill, coolness and intrepidity with which the *Kearsarge* was manœuvred in the combat with her formidable foe, and takes pleasure in making this record in its book of minutes. A committee of this chamber has in charge the preparation of a suitable testimonial for yourself; the officers and crew of the *Kearsarge*, which, at some early day, they hope to have the honor of transmitting.

The following correspondence was then read and ordered to be placed on file:

Department of State,
Washington, Sept. 17, 1864.

To the President of the New-York Chamber of Commerce:

Sir: I herewith enclose for your information a copy of a communication, of the 9th instant, from J. Hume Bumley, Esq., the *Charge d'Affaires* of Great Britain, from which it appears, from reasons therein stated, that her Majesty's Government decline to communicate to the Judge of the Admiralty Court at Halifax the resolution adopted by the Chamber of Commerce, containing an acknowledgment of that magistrate's impartial proceedings in the case of the *Chesapeake*. I am, sir, your obedient servant,

WILLIAM H. SEWARD.

Washington, Sept. 9, 1864.

Sir: Lord Lyons, on the 12th July, had the honor of informing you that Her Majesty's principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs had caused the resolution of the New-York Chamber of Commerce, in the case of the *Chesapeake*, to be communicated to the magistrate who had charge of that vessel at Halifax, and to Sir Samuel Cunard.

I beg now to inclose a copy of a letter from the Colonial officer, which gives Mr. Secretary Cardwell's reasons for not forwarding to the Judge of the Admiralty Court at Halifax, a copy of the fourth resolution of that chamber, which contains an acknowledgement of his upright proceedings in the case of the above-mentioned vessel.

I have the honor to be, with the highest consideration, sir,

Your most obedient and humble servant,

J. HUME BUMLEY.

Hon. Wm. H. Seward, &c., &c.

Downing-street, July 16.

Sir: I am directed by Mr. Secretary Cardwell to acknowledge your letter of the 28th ulto., accompanied by certain resolutions passed by the New-York Chamber of Commerce with regard to the case of the *Chesapeake*.

I am desired to acquaint you that Mr. Cardwell has not deemed it expedient to forward to the Judge of the Admiralty Court at Halifax a copy of the fourth resolution, which contains an acknowledge of his upright proceedings in the matter.

There can be no doubt that decision of the Judge was founded on the perfectly pure and impartial motives which befit his trust, and characterize the administration of justice in the British Courts; and Mr. Cardwell has thought that it would be unsuitable to convey to him anything in the nature of a compliment from that one of the two parties before him in whose favor he felt it his duty to pronounce his judgment. I am, &c., T. FRED. W. ELLIOT.

E. Hammond, Esq., &c., &c.

The following resolutions, offered by Hon. S. B. Ruggles, were unanimously adopted and referred to a special committee:

Resolved, That the Chamber of Commerce of New-York regard the increase of the population of the United States, with judicious and proper employment, as the surest and most efficient mode of preserving and increasing our national strength, and that they hold it to be the imperative duty of the Government and of all our public authorities, in view of the withdrawal by the pending war of labor from civil employments, and also of the necessity for increased activity in our agricultural, manufacturing and mining industry, to develop our dormant resources, and thus provide the means of lightening the public burdens—to encourage by all reasonable modes our immigration from foreign countries of skilled and other workmen able to supply the present increased demand.

Resolved, That the Chamber regards with particular satisfaction the recent act of Congress "to encourage immigration," passed on the 4th of July last, and view with approbation any proper efforts of their fellow-citizens to carry the objects of the act into speedy and full effect.

Mr. Ruggles spoke at some length in support of the resolutions referring to the fact that 640,000 emigrants had reached this country, during the pending war, of whom 68 per cent were between fifteen and forty years of age. He further stated that the 2,700,000 emigrants in the decade ending in 1860 had added more than two thousand millions of dollars to the pecuniary taxable value of the United States. At the instance of the special committee, as originally appointed, Mr. Ruggles was added to their number, and they were directed by the chamber to report fully on the subject at an early day.

The following communication was read and referred to a special committee:

October 1.

To the Members of the Chamber of Commerce:

Gentlemen: The undersigned, from long experience, are painfully conversant with the sufferings and hardships to which the wounded and discharged soldiers of our army are subjected, now that they are no longer fitted for the active resumption of their former occupations.

In view of this and the near approach of Winter, we have matured the following as a partial relief, and respectfully ask your approval thereof, previous to submitting it to the mercantile public at large:

We propose to, and will, organize a "Wounded Soldiers' Insurance Night Watch and Shipping Patrol Guard," for the protection of all kinds of public and private property. This force will be composed of men whose integrity is beyond question, and whose physical ability will be fully equal to the duty assigned them.

We will establish a central office, where books will daily be open from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., for the reception of applications for guards; the kind of property, and the duration of time that such guard will be required.

The force will be governed strictly as a military organization—the men going on duty at sundown and off at sunrise. They will be required to assemble at night to receive their arms and orders—in the morning to deliver them up and make their reports. A distinctive badge for the hat and shield will be furnished each man, and, if the organization meets with the support that we believe the patriotic merchants of New-York will extend to it, can before long furnish the force with a special uniform. Trusting to obtain the approval of your honorable board of the project we have in view, we have the honor to remain, very respectfully, your obedient servants,

T. W. BAIRD, late Major Eighty-second New-York Volunteers.

W. H. ALLEN, late Colonel First and One Hundred and Forty-fifth Regiments, N. Y. V.

H. J. McMAHON, late Captain Fifteenth Ind. Battery, N. Y. V. Art.

JAMES RODGERS.

The Chamber then adjourned.

Evening Exchange.

$115,000	Am. Gold	195¾	1100	Mich. So. & N. I.	64¾
30,000	do.	195⅝	100	do. s3	65¾
10,000	do.	195½	500	do.	64¾
30,000	do. s3	195¾	300	Ill. Cen. R.	117⅜
100	N. Y. Cen. s3	114⅛	100	do. b3	117½
500	Erie Railway	93	200	Cleve. & Pitts.	101
1200	do.	93⅛	200	do. s3	101
2300	do. s3	93⅛	100	Chic. & R. I.	92¾
1300	do. s3	93	100	Chi. & N. W. b3	40
500	do. b3	93¼	100	do. b30	40¾
200	do. b5	93⅛	200	do.	40
100	do.	93⅛	100	Chi. & N. W. Pr. b3	74
100	Hudson R. R. s10	116	100	do. s3	74
100	do. s10	116½	400	P., F. W. & C.	95
1000	Reading R.	122⅛	300	do. s3	95¼
100	do. s3	122¾	650	Cum. Coal Co.	55
600	do.	123	100	do.	55⅛
200	do. s3	123	100	do. s3	55¾
100	M. & P. Du C. R.	43	400	Mar. Mining Co.	34
100	Quick. M. Co. b60	81			

[Advertisement.]

Dannville, Penn., June 2, 1862.

Dr. Wm. H. Gregg—*Dear Sir*: In February, 1861, I was afflicted with sugar diabetes, and for five months I passed more than two gallons of water in twenty-four hours. I was obliged to get up as often as ten or twelve times during the night, and in five months I lost about fifty pounds in weight. During the month of July, 1861, I procured two bottles of Constitution Water, and after taking two bottles I was entirely cured, soon after regaining my usual good health. Yours, truly,

J. V. L. DEWITT.

Sold wholesale by Morgan & Allen, No. 46 Cliff-st., and all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

Carpets from the Great Auction Sales.—A tremendous reduction in prices of English Royal Velvet, Brussels, Three-ply, Ingrain and Stair Carpets, oilcloths, rugs, mats, mattings, table and piano covers, etc., etc., at the Original HIRAM ANDERSON'S. Look for No. 99 Bowery.

[Advertisement.]

Herring's Patent Champion Fire proof Safes, and Herring's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with Herring & Floyd's Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

WINDOW SHADES.

Gold, Holland, &c. New style Shade Fixtures at reduced prices. G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 359 Broadway.

Passengers Arrived.

In U. S. steam transport Merrimack, from New-Orleans—Mrs. Sheldon, Mrs. C. J. Owen, Mrs. Spitzbarth, Major Fiske, J. P. Fresil, Lieut. O. H. P. Howard, C. O. Thorpe, Lieut. Camp, Clayton Woodford, Dr. J. L. Brooks, Dr. American, Dr. Zimmermann, Capt. B. W. Frost, Capt. J. J. Baker, Lieut. Reouff, Lieut. J. M. Eddy, Lieut. W. Keely, Lieut. Skell. The following died and were buried at sea: James L. Lamphier, Co. B, 7th Vermont, Oct. 1; Thos. A. Hearn, Co. D, N. Y. C., Oct. 2; Robert Lester, Co. F, 18th N. Y., Oct. 4; Jeremiah M. Scott, 18th N. Y., Oct. 6.

In steamship Havana, from Havana—John J. Thayer, Antonio Deville, George A. Nicolassen, Diego del Pino, Joseph Senarews, B. Senarews, Miguel Toelles, Henry Greene, Joseph P. Downs, Juan Sanchez, Louis Dromel, Miguel L. Barquis, Albert Michelsburg, Juan Anaburn, Martin Yrribarnegaray, Jose Yrribarnegaray, Thomas O'Hara, Frank Schwitlich, Wm. Hugh.

In steamship North America, from New-Orleans—F. H. Grove, Rev. H. Bellicora, Mrs. Lerouge, Mrs. E. C. Kent, N. Paquet, Geo. Turenne, R. Blakely, Charles Black, Wm. Lewtz, W. M. Murchy, Geo. H. Hollister, F. Sawyer, Jno. Hewson, and 4 in the steerage.

In U. S. steam transport Constitution, from New-Orleans—Capt. J. F. Foster, Lieut. O. F. Nutting, Dr. J. F. Houser, Mr. and Mrs. H. Knox, Lieut. J. Sielski.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 6 02 | Sun sets..... 5 34 | Moon sets..10 24

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 11 26 | Gov. Island..12 15 | Hell Gate.. 1 37

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....THURSDAY, Oct. 6.

Cleared.

Steamship Columbia, Barton, Havana, Spofford, Tileston & Co.

Steamer Massey, Smith, Philadelphia.

Arrived.

U. S. steam transport Merrimack, Sampson, New-Orleans Sept. 30, making the passage in 5 ds., 15 hours, with 259 sick and wounded soldiers, in the care of H. Lawrence Sheldon, Surgeon U. S. A. Sept. 30, passed steamship Cahawba, at the Belize; also a steamer, supposed the Oriental.

U. S. steam transport Constitution, Greenman, New-Orleans Sept. 27, 4 P. M., S. W. Pass 28th, 7 A. M., with 225 Confederate prisoners to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster. The prisoners are in charge of Capt. J. F. Foster and 76 men of the 1st Wisconsin Battery. Sept. 29, lat. 26 20, lon. 86 30, saw steamer Cahawba, strg. W. 6th inst., off Chincoteague, spoke steamer Cassandra, hence for New-Orleans.

U. S. steamer Fah Kee, F. R. Webb commanding, Beaufort, N. C., 3 ds. Was towed to this port by U. S. steamer Newbern; came to this port for repairs.

U. S. supply steamer Newbern, T. A. Harris commanding, from North Atlantic Blockading Squadron, and Beaufort, N. C., 60 hours, with U. S. steamer Fah Kee in tow, she having lost her propeller.

Steamship Havana, Greene, Havana 4 ds. and 16 hours, with mdse. and passengers to Thos. Ascencio & Co.

Steamship North America, Marshman, New-Orleans 6 ds., 12 hours, with mdse. and passengers to Ludlam, Heneiken & Co.

Bark Burnside, (of Greenock,) Dalgarne, Marseilles 58 ds., with mdse. to A. B. & W. H. Westervelt—vessel to Murdock & Smyth. Has had heavy S. W. and W. S. W. gales most of the passage.

Bark Hesperus, (of St. Andrew's, N. B.,) Waycott, Cow Bay, C. B., 11 ds., with coal to John Boynton & Son.

Bark Wm. Rathbone, Pratt, Liverpool Aug. 23, with mdse. and 26 passengers to Lawrence, Giles & Co.

Bark M. W. Brett, Staples, Cienfuegos 18 ds., with sugar to Brett, Son & Co.

Bark Ariadne, (of Pictou, N. S.,) Frazer, Pictou 14 ds., with coal to Brett, Son & Co.

Brig John Bernard, (of Turks Island,) Jamieson, Leghorn 75 ds., with marble, rags, etc., to Metcalf & Duncan. Had heavy weather.

Brig Executive, (of Bangor,) Gorham, Grand Turk 11 ds., with salt to N. O. Pillsbury. Lat. 26 30, lon. 73 30, exchanged signals with a U. S. mail steamer, and U. S. gunboat in co., strg. S. Lat. 33, lon. 74 30, saw a low black steamer, with two smoke-stacks, strg. E.

Brig Daniel Trowbridge, (of New-Haven,) Neal, Demerara Sept. 17, with old metal to Daniel Trowbridge. The brig Enterprise sailed 3 ds. previous.

Brig Annandale, (Br.,) Burnie, Windsor 12 ds., with plaster to P. I. Nevius & Son.

Brig Sarah Peters, Lord, Cow Bay 16 ds., with coal to C. & E. J. Peters.

Schr. Phebe Morrow, St. Martin's 13 ds., with salt to Dollner, Potter & Co. Oct. 3, at 2 P. M., lat. 37 03, lon. 75 23, saw the wreck of schr. Aquilla, of Philadelphia, with both masts cut away, and hold filled with pine wood.

Schr. Sultan, (Br.,) Siteman, Halifax 8 ds., with fish to Thos. Whiteman.

Schr. Argyle, (Br.,) Scoville, St. Martin's 24 ds., with salt to Dollner & Potter.

Schr. S. R. Jameison, Jameison, Vinal Haven, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Harriet Lewis, Taylor, Providence, for Port Ewen.

Schr. Ralph Post, Penny, Schooner Pond, N. S., 16 ds., with coal to master.

Schr. H. S. Boynton, Herrick, Gloucester, with fish.

Schr. Willis Putnam, Stanly, Calais, with laths.

Schr. C. L. Hulze, Mahan, Providence.

Schr. W. Birdsall, Dibble, Mystic.

Schr. O. Smith, Ferris, New-Haven.

Schr. Sarah Matilde, Armstrong, Bridgeport.

Schr. J. M. Brainerd, Carrol, Portland, Conn., stone.

Schr. Harriet Ryan, Snow, New-Bedford.

Schr. Sea Ranger, Wiggins, Somerset.

WIND—At sunset, S., with fog below.

Below.

Bark Elise & Mathilde, (Brem.,) 42 ds. from Bremen, with passengers.

Brig R. B. Minturn, (Br.,) 13 ds. from Cow Bay.

Sailed.

Oct. 6—Steamers Baltic, Persia, Champion, Port-au-Prince.

Ships Willie, Republik, Webster.

Barks Montezuma, Virginia, Garcia.

Brigs Venus, Albatross, Undine, S. B. Thompson, Startled Fawn, Tyro, John Shay.

Schooners Wm. Carleton, R. F. Stockton, Marshall, Sea Nymph, White Foam, S. B. Strong, Wm. A. Ellis, Three Brothers, Wave, James Jones, Kendrick, Sally Gay, Enoch Pratt, R. W. Brown, Julia E. Willets, Nautilus, L. M. Cowperthwaite, Eliza F. Potter.

Miscellaneous.

The sloop Hector, of Saybrook, from Fire Island, with oysters, for this port, went ashore on Sandy Hook on the night of the 1st, and was got off this morning; damage about $500. Was towed to Staten Island and beached.

Domestic Ports.

BOSTON, Oct. 6—Arr. ship Rutland, Calcutta; barks Mary Richards, Leghorn; Spartan, Port de Paix; stmr. C. W. Thomas, New-York.

Foreign Ports.

At Grand Turk, Sept. 24, schrs. Amelia, of Newburyport, for Boston next day; N. D. Chase, arr. 23d, dischg. at Salt Key; brig Enterprise, for New-York; Margaret, of Bermuda—the Captain sick.

At Demerara, Sept. 17, brigs Jeanette, from Halifax, arr. same day; T. P. Tinker, Carlisle, for Turks Island in 3 ds., to load for New-York or Boston.

At St. Martin's, Sept. 24, brig Matilda and Br. schr. Emma Anderson.

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CELEBRATED
CHILLED AND WROUGHT-IRON SAFES

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GREAT VICTORY!
In consequence of the success of the Union Army and the
FALL IN GOLD!
I now offer the whole of my Stock of
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FURNISHING GOODS,
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200 dozen Merino Under Shirts, each	$2 25
150 dozen Merino Under Shirts, each	2 75
100 dozen Merino Shirts, each	2 75
400 dozen Merino Shirts, each	3 00
100 dozen Merino Drawers, pair	3 00
50 dozen Merino Drawers, pair	3 25
50 dozen Merino Shirts, each	3 25
40 dozen Merino Shirts, each	2 00
10 dozen Merino Drawers	2 00
SHIRTS.	
Negligee Shirts, all Wool, cut 36 inches long	$2 75 to $5 00
Printed Muslin Shirts	4 00
White Shirts, Wamsutta Mills	4 25
White Shirts, New-York Mills	4 50
SILK SCARFS.	
100 dozen, all Silk	$1 00 each
80 dozen, all Silk	1 25 each
100 dozen, all Silk	1 50 each
200 dozen, Pure Roman, worth $4	1 75 each
300 dozen, Silk and Wool	1 00 each
75 dozen, Silk and Wool	1 25 each
50 dozen, Silk and Wool	1 50 each
60 dozen, Silk and Wool	1 75 each
1000 dozen Neck-Ties	from 25c. to 1 50 each
STEEL COLLARS.	
Gents' Steel Collars	$0 50 each
Gents' Cuffs, Plain	0 75 pair
Gents' Cuffs, with Sleeve Button	1 00 pair
Ladies' Steel Collars	0 50 each
Ladies' Steel Cuffs, Plain	0 75 pair
Ladies' Steel Cuffs, with Sleeve Button	1 25 pair

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PATENT BOSOM
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Perfect Fitting
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READY MADE
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IT IS ENTIRELY NOISELESS.
A patented device prevents it being turned backward.
THE NEEDLE CANNOT BE SET WRONG.
It received the Gold Medal of the American Institute in 1863.

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CURES DYSPEPSIA WITHOUT FAIL.
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Cures FEVER and AGUE—let those afflicted with this malady try it.

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Cures instantaneously—and you do not have to wait a week to see its effect.

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Is the greatest appetizer ever known—it not only creates the appetite, but enables you to easily digest your food.

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Is an invaluable friend to all who are weak, debilitated, and in a low state of normal action.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Is warranted to do all we have claimed for it, and we will furnish you certificates of our best citizens and clergymen to back up our statement.

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Is indispensable to the portmanteau of every traveler, as it at once prevents dizziness or sea-sickness, either in steamers or cars, and is a never-failing preventive of danger from change of water and climate. Do not do without it.

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Does not exhilarate and excite the patient sufferer like alcoholic bitters and beverages, all advertised to cure dyspepsia, but it is a medicine most wonderfully adapted to all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

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Will relieve distress from food or purify a foul stomach, in less time than it takes to write this line.

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Has no equal in the world as a remedial agent. There is not a preparation now known that is as certain, speedy and infallible in its action—relieving and curing at once. We say this, positively.

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Is prepared by the originator of the justly celebrated Coe's Cough Balsam. Mr. Coe has never prepared a medicinal article for public and general use but what has stood the strongest test, and has always borne the palm of victory over every disease it has been certified to cure.

Will you who are suffering from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nausea, Heartburn, Sick-Headache, Cramp and Pains in the Stomach and Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery and General Debility and weakness of the whole system, try but a single bottle, we will never urge you again, if we fail in this case. Our own knowledge of its merits, the united testimony of all who have ever tried it, the encomiums of hundreds of our own neighbors, your duty to yourself, and the beneficial result, as certain as the sunshine, all earnestly, persistently, urge you to just try one bottle. If what we say is not correct, if our statements concerning its wonderful virtues are not found to be true. If you do not see that the operation of the medicine is instantaneous and perfectly wonderful, we will renounce our profession as caterers to the public health, and retire from the field, admitting that we are incompetent to compound a medicinal preparation which would be entitled to your confidence.

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LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS,
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THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY
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LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS cure all complaints incident to the sex, and remove all obstructions of nature, from whatever cause, producing health, vigor and strength.

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS are better than all pills, powders and nostrums; being a fluid preparation their action is direct and positive, and it needs nothing but good common sense to see and understand the reason why they cure all those ills to which the female system is subjected, with dispatch and a degree of certainty which nothing but a scientifically compounded fluid preparation could reach. They are, in the most obstinate cases,

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To the most delicate constitutions.

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS will certainly produce the regular return of nature, if taken a day or two before the expected period, and it is a maxim in the profession, that prevention is better than cure.

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS have been used by over twenty-five thousand ladies, within the past six months, and the testimony of all is, "It surely cures."

CAUTION!! CAUTION!!

Bear in mind that I guarantee my DROPS TO CURE Suppression of the Menses, from whatever cause, though care should be taken to ascertain if pregnancy be the cause, as these DROPS would be sure to produce miscarriage, if taken whilst in that situation, and all are cautioned against using them, as I wish it distinctly understood that I do not hold myself responsible when used under such circumstances.

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They are peculiarly adapted, as they bring the monthly period with such perfect regularity.

I could furnish any quantity of testimonials of its efficacy from my own patients, but the practice of parading bought and fictitious ones before the public is so prevalent, that I do not deem it advisable.

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